Financial Statements together with Auditors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2016



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Directors of **Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte.** Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, which requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2016, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 119850W

R.P.Soni

Partner

Membership No. 104796

Place: Mumbai Date: 11 May 2016

Balance Sheet

(Currency: Indian rupees)	Note	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.1	1,608,621,100	613,149,862
Reserves and surplus	2.2	439,138,472	434,009
		2,047,759,572	613,583,871
Non-current liabilities	2.2	2 071 020	3,121,548
Deferred tax liabilities	2.3	2,871,938	90,997
Long term provisions	2.4	389,369 3,261,307	3,212,545
G N 1 196		3,201,307	3,212,343
Current liabilities	2.5	1,068,470,136	1,031,506,045
Short-term borrowings	2.5	30,676,236	18,454,454
Trade payables Other current liabilities	2.6	920,613,810	347,179,993
Short-term provisions	2.7	69,556,958	4,367,856
Short-term provisions		2,089,317,140	1,401,508,348
		, , ,	
TOTAL		4,140,338,019	2,018,304,764
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets	2.0	25 022 200	2 241 676
Tangible assets	2.8 2.8	25,932,298 1,320,325	3,241,676 1,191,582
Intangible assets	2.8	6,109,660	1,511,134
Long-term loans and advances	2.9	33,362,283	5,944,392
Current assets		23,202,203	5,511,552
Current investments	2.10	395,960,773	246,966,443
Stock-in-trade	2.11	136,101,377	96,207,328
Cash and cash equivalents	2.12	348,664,432	222,144,085
Short-term loans and advances	2.13	6,105,869	4,666,288
Other current assets	2.14	3,220,143,285	1,442,376,227
		4,106,975,736	2,012,360,372
TOTAL		4,140,338,019	2,018,304,764

As per our report of even date attached.

Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements

For NGS & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Son

Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai 11 May 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Navin Amamani Director

11 May 2016

1 & 2

Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency: Indian rupees)		For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	Note	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Revenue from operations			1.12.10.1.10.1
Income from treasury operations	2.15	721,852,501	142,494,481
Interest income	2.16	6,968,426	107,244,110
Total revenue		728,820,927	249,738,591
Expenses			
Employee benefit expenses	2.17	47,363,281	53,775,534
Finance costs	2.18	84,651,731	48,156,796
Depreciation and amortization expenses	2.8	3,739,844	3,262,519
Other expenses	2.19	136,900,672	46,775,084
Total expenses		272,655,528	151,969,934
Profit before tax		456,165,399	97,768,657
Tax expense		o o	4.500.001
Current tax		72,947,047	4,502,281
Deferred tax (benefit) / charge		(434,941)	3,251,486
Profit for the year		383,653,293	90,014,890
Earnings per ordinary share:	2.22	20.84	10.33
Basic and diluted (par value SGD 1)	<i>2.22</i>	20.04	10.33
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1 & 2		

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni Partner

Membership No.: 104796

Mumbai 11 May 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Navin Amarnani Director

Director

Sahil Jochi

11 May 2016

Cash Flow Statement

(Curr	ency: Indian Rupees)	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before taxation	456,165,399	97,768,657
	Adjustments for	3 530 844	3,262,519
	Depreciation and ammortization	3,739,844 335,704	3,202,319
	Provision for compensated absences	(3,283,238)	(10,116,103)
	Profit on sale and mark to market of current investments	(3,630,142)	(6,578,501)
	Interest received on current investments	(2,773,431)	(0,570,501)
	Interest received on loans given Interest paid	55,213,036	30,867,640
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	505,767,172	115,346,389
	Add / (Less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
	Increase in other current assets	(1,778,067,691)	(1,284,932,997)
	Increase in inventories	(39,894,048)	(96,207,328)
	Increase in loans and advances	(6,038,107)	(3,158,306)
	Increase in current liabilities and provisions	604,549,246	304,526,335
	Cash used in operations	(713,683,428)	(964,425,907)
	Income taxes paid	(7,810,835)	
	Net cash used in operating activities - A	(721,494,263)	(964,425,907)
В	Cash flow from investing activities		2 021 ((7)
	Purchase of fixed assets	(25,991,417)	(2,021,667)
	Purchase of current investments	(395,960,773)	(846,344,692)
	Sale of current investments	250,249,659	646,117,190
	Interest received on debt instruments	3,930,774	4,899,537
	Interest received on loans given	2,773,431	
	Net cash used in investing activities - B	(164,998,326)	(197,349,632)
C	Cash flow from financing activities	005 451 220	510.266.224
	Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	995,471,238	510,266,224 911,873,889
	Proceeds from short term borrowings (net) (refer note 1)	36,964,092 (74,106,683)	(10,335,860)
	Interest paid on short term borrowings	(74,100,003)	(10,333,800)
	Net cash generated from financing activities - C	958,328,647	1,411,804,253
Ð	Foreign exchange translation reserve - D	54,684,289	(72,083,149)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C+D)	126,520,347	177,945,565
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	222,144,085	44,198,520
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the origining of the year Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (refer note 2.12)	348,664,432	222,144,085

Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 119850W

R. P. Soni

Partner Membership No.: 104796 Mumbai 11 May 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sahil Joshi Director

11 May 2016

Notes to the financial statements

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated, and comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') and the Schedule III to the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

The entity being a foreign company, the assets and liabilities for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements, are translated into Indian Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing as at the balance sheet date. Further, revenue and expense are translated into Indian Rupees at the average exchange rate prevailing during the year and the resulting net translation adjustment has been disclosed as "Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve" in "Reserves and Surplus". The same is in compliance with Accounting Standard 11 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities on date of the financial statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

1.3 Current/non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date or it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or expected to be used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Current/non-current classification (continued)

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle or it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date or the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.4 Revenue recognition

Income from treasury operations comprises of profit/loss on sale of securities, profit/loss on commodity, equity and currency derivative instruments and profit/loss on interest rate swaps.

Realised profit/ loss on closed positions of derivative instruments is recognised on final settlement on squaring-up of the contracts. Outstanding derivative contracts in the nature of forwards / futures / options / swaps are measured at fair value as at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices in an actively traded market, for the instrument, wherever available, as the best evidence of fair value. In the absence of quoted market prices in an actively traded market, a valuation technique is used to determine the fair value. In most cases the valuation techniques use observable market data as input parameters in order to ensure reliability of the fair value measure.

- Interest income is recognised on accrual basis.
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.
- Profit/loss earned on sale of investment is recognised on trade date basis. Profit/loss on sale
 of investments is determined based on the weighted average cost of the investments sold.

1.5 Fixed asset and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of fixed assets comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Fixed asset and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is computed utilising the straight-line method to write off the cost of these assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Class of asset	Life of asset
Office equipments	3 years
Lease hold improvements	Period of lease
Computer	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 years

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software is amortised over a period of 3 years or its estimated useful life whichever is shorter.

1.6 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

1.7 Stock-in-trade

- a) The securities acquired with the intention of short-term holding and trading positions are considered as stock-in-trade and disclosed as current assets.
- b) The securities held as stock-in-trade under current assets are valued at lower of weighted average cost or market value.

1.8 Investments

Investments are classified into long term investments and current investments. Investments which are intended to be held for one year or more are classified as long term investments and investments which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost less other than any temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each investment.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.9 Taxation

Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the applicable Income-Tax laws), deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Income tax

Provision for Income tax is recognised based on estimated tax liability computed after adjusting for allowances, disallowances and exemptions in accordance with the tax laws applicable.

Deferred taxation

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses under taxation laws, a deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonable / probable (as the case may be) to be realised.

1.10 Employee benefits

The accounting policy followed by the company in respect of its employee benefit schemes in accordance with Singapore FRS, which is also in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005), is set out below:

Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge to the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on account of such nonvesting accumulated leave entitlement as per IAS 19 and AS 15 – Accounting for employee benefits, based on a valuation by an independent actuary.

The obligation is measured at present values of estimated future cash flows. The discounted rates used for determining the present value are based on the market yields on government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

1.11 Operating leases

Lease payments for assets taken on operating lease are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

1.12 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – "Earnings Per Share" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the ordinary shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue ordinary shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the ordinary shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of ordinary shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential ordinary shares.

1.13 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.1	Share capital	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
(a)	Issued, subscribed and paid up: 33,011,907 (Previous year: 12,567,321) ordinary shares of SGD 1 each, fully paid-up	1,608,621,100	613,149,862
		1,608,621,100	613,149,862

(The entire share capital is held by Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited , the holding company, which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.)

(c) Movement in Share capital	31 Mai	rch 2016	31 Marcl	n 2015
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Outstanding at beginning of the year	12,567,321	613,149,862	2,006,000	102,883,638
Issued during the year	20,444,586	995,471,238	10,561,321	510,266,224
As at the end of the year	33,011,907	1,608,621,100	12,567,321	613,149,862

(d) Terms/rights attached to ordinary shares

The Company has only one class of ordinary shares having a par value of SGD 1. Each holder of ordinary shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The Company declares and pays dividend in SGD.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of ordinary shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

2.2 Reserves and surplus

Foreign exchange translation reserve	12,028,203	(43,022,967)
Surplus in statement of profit and loss		
Opening balance	43,456,976	(46,557,914)
Add: Profit for the year	383,653,293	90,014,890
Closing balance	427,110,269	43,456,976
	439,138,472	434,009



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3,121,548
-
3,121,548
90,997
90,997



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.5

Short-term borrowings	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
<u>Unsecured</u>		
Loan from Edelweiss Capital Singapore Pte Ltd, the holding company (Variable interest rate loan ranging from 3.95% p.a to 5.67% p.a (previous year: ranging from 2.82% p.a to 8.34% p.a) repayable on demand)	171,342,028	951,054,779
Loan from fellow subsidiaries (interest free and repayable on demand)	803,841,868	80,451,266
Loan from a fellow subsidiary (interest at 7.50% p.a and repayable on demand)	93,286,240	-
	1,068,470,136	1,031,506,045



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

		As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.6	Other current liabilities		
	Statutory dues payable	347,956	25,866
	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	1,638,133	20,531,780
	Option premium received	592,034,097	298,276,781
	Accrued salaries and benefits	26,002,497	28,345,566
	Provision for short sale	144,745,021	-
	Payable to brokers	155,846,106	-
		920,613,810	347,179,993
2.7	Short-term provisions		
	Provision for taxation	69,458,570	4,322,357
	Compensated leave absences	98,388	45,499
		69,556,958	4,367,856



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.8 Fixed assets

	No.	Gros	Gross block			Dep	Depreciation		Net block	lock
	As at	4	Deductions/	As at	As at	For the year	Deductions/	As at	As at	As at
Description of assets	1 April 2013	SHOHIMA	Sillaminantav	31 Mai Cii 2010	5107 IIIdw 10	r or the year	ciliamento.	31 Water 2010	31 Mid Cii 2010	31 Maicii 4013
Tangible assets										
Office equipment	1.054,162	4,034,218	118,273	5,206,653	441.885	532,853	34.151	1,008,889	4,197,764	612,277
Leasehold improvements	2,579,765	11.968,346	(1,759,236)	12,788,876	2,045.372	1,029,211	(1.937,645)	1,136,938	11,651,938	534,393
Computer	3,482,788	6,019,978	293,418	9,796,184	1,387,781	1,440,994	104,162	2,932,937	6,863,247	2,095,007
Furniture and fixtures	1	3,306,780	44,041	3,350,821	1	129,744	1,728	131,472	3,219,349	•
Total: A	7,116,715	25,329,322	(1,303,504)	31,142,534	3,875,038	3,132,802	(1,797,604)	5,210,236	25,932,298	3,241,677
Intangible assets	1 378 909	500 699	91 745	2 134 240	762 781	000 209	10 577	813 024	1 320 325	1 101 582
Total : B	1 378 909	200 699	5FC 10	2 134 249	725.731	020 209	19 577	76618	300 100	585 101 1
1 Ordi - D	Cocke Cit	200-00								100,171,1
Total: (A+B)	8,495,624	25,991,417	(1,210,259)	33,276,783	4,062,365	3,739,822	(1,778,027)	6,024,160	27,252,623	4.433,259
Previous year	6,835,243	2,021,667	361,286	8,495,624	970.046	3,262,519	170,199	4,062,366	4,433.258	5,865,197
•										



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Curr	ency: Indian rupees)		
		As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.9	Long-term loans and advances	or march 2010	31 Maion 2013
	<u>Unsecured, considered good</u>		
	Security deposits	5,394,099	12,740
	Prepaid expenses	715,561	1,498,394

6,109,660

1,511,134



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

			As at 31 March 201	6		As at 31 March 2015	
2.10	Current investments - at lower of cost and fair value	Quantity	Face value (*)	Amount	Quantity	Face value (*)	Amount
(i)	Investments in debentures or bonds (quoted)						
	0.75% US TREASURY NB PCT 15.04.2018 BONDS	60,000	100	395,960,773	-	-	-
	2.00% US TREASURY NB PCT 31.05.2021 BONDS	-	-	•	40,000	100	246,966,443
			-	395,960,773		_	246,966,443
	(*) Face value in USD		=			_	
	Aggregate of quoted investment						
	- At book value			395,960,773			246.966,443
	- At market value			396,354,819			255,674,224



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

		As at	l .		As at	
		31 March	2016		31 March 2015	
2.11 Inventories / Stock in trade	Face Value	Quantity	Amount	Face Value	Quantity	Amount
(i) Equity shares (quoted)						
Infosys Limited - ADR (*)	-	-	-	5	33,000	72,328,535
ICICI Bank Limited - ADR (*)	4	14,350	6,503,345	4	36,875	23.878,793
Sony Corporation-Sponsored - ADR (**)	-	47,000	77,208,307	-	-	-
Toyota Motor Corporation-Spon - ADR (**)		2,500	17,631,285	-	-	-
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd - ADR (***)	0.05	20,000	34,758,440	-	-	•
			136,101,377			96,207,328
Aggregate of quoted equity shares			136,101,377			96,207,328
- At book value						
- At market value			139,391,027			96,238,053

(*) face value per ADR in Indian Rupees (**) No par value (***) face value per ADR in USD



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Curre	ency: Indian rupees)		
		As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.12	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand Balances with banks	-	16,658
	- in current accounts	348,664,432	222,127,427
		348,664,432	222,144,085
2.13	Short-term loans and advances		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Other loans and advances	4 021 700	2 440 700
	Prepaid expenses Loans and advances to employees	4,921,798 491,938	3,448,780
	Vendor advances	559,549	300,258
	Security deposits	132,584	917,250
		6,105,869	4,666,288
2.14	Other current assets		
	Margin placed with broker	3,143,698,548	1,434,447,966
	Accrued interest on debt instruments	1,378,331	1,678,964
	Option premium paid	75,066,406	6,249,297
		3,220,143,285	1,442,376,227



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

		For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
2.15	Income from treasury Loss from trading of securities (net)	(14,965,779)	(37,722,603)
	Profit from arbitrage and trading in currency derivatives (net)	486,869,742	328,605,567
	Profit / (loss) from trading in equity derivative instruments (net)	296,541,486	(162,196,055)
	(Loss) / profit on trading in commodity derivative instruments (net)	(713,835)	3,691,470
	Profit on sale of current investment (net)	3,283,238	10,116,103
	Loss from trading in interest rate swaps (net)	(49,162,351)	-
		721,852,501	142,494,481
2.16	Other income		
	Net foreign exchange gain	•	100,665,609
	Interest income on debt instrument	3,630,142	6,578,501
	Interest income on loans given	2,773,431	-
	Other interest income	564,853	-
		6,968,426	107,244,110



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

(Curr	ency: Indian rupees)		
		For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
2.17	Employee benefit expenses		
	Salaries and wages	45,800,066	52,762,977
	Contribution to other funds	1,053,373	265,412
	Staff welfare expenses	509,842	747,145
		47,363,281	53,775,534
2.18	Finance costs		
	The second secon	54,084,347	30,867,640
	Interest expense on loans from holding company	16,138,853	17,289,156
	Finance and bank charges Interest expense - others	13,299,842	17,207,130
	Interest expense - others Interest on loan from other related parties	1,128,689	-
		84,651,731	48,156,796
2.19	Other expenses		
	A. ditamily appropriate (refer below)	849,622	538,679
	Auditors' remuneration (refer below)	047,022	473,925
	Business promotion Commission expense	72,735,777	23,681,832
	Communication	853,612	801,885
	Computer expense	8,126,008	2,866,688
	Electricity	136,131	146,727
	Legal and professional fees	13,449,263	7,006,974
	Membership and subscription	65,461	-
	Market data service	11,578,473	6,043,599
	Net foreign exchange loss	17,776,029	-
	Office expenses	1,691,949	563,624
	Postage and courier	92,111	52,676
	Printing and Stationary	10,851	2,545
	Rates and taxes	2,873,630	-
	Rent (refer note 2.26)	5,385,798	3,835,417
	Travelling and Conveyance	1,275,957	760,513
		136,900,672	46,775,084
	Auditors' remuneration:		
	As auditor	752,527	521,317
	For reimbursement of expenses	97,095	17,362
		849,622	538,679



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.20 Segment reporting

The Company operates in only one business segment during the year viz. trading and investments, Therefore, the Company has only one reportable business segment, the results of which are disclosed in the financial statements. Further, there are no geographical segments. Hence, no disclosures are required under Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting.

2.21 Disclosure as required by Accounting Standard 18 – "Related Party Disclosure" as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

(A) Names of related parties by whom control is exercised

Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited Holding company

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Ultimate holding company

(B) Names of fellow subsidiaries with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Aster Commodities DMCC
Edel Commodities Limited
EC International Limited
Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited
EC Global Limited
Edelweiss Commodities Pte. Limited
Edelweiss Investment Advisors Pte. Limited

(C) Names of key managerial personnel

Navin Jashan Amarnani Sahil Joshi



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.21 Disclosure as required by Accounting Standard 18 - "Related Party Disclosure" as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (continued)

(D) Transactions with related parties:

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	2015-16	2014-15
(I)	Capital account transactions during the year			
	Issue of Ordinary shares to	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited	995,471,238	510,266,224
(II)	Current account transactions during the year			
	Short term loans taken from (refer note below)	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited Aster Commodities DMCC EC Global Limited Edelweiss Commodities Pte. Limited	1,309,221,336 177,589,328 92,058,971 531,871,168	1,440,074,935 684,625,932
	Short term loans repaid to (refer note below)	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited Aster Commodities DMCC	2,131,927,817 438,701	449,547,627 720,206,030
	Short term loans given to (refer note below)	EC Global Limited Aster Commodities DMCC	392,766,401 112,128,261	-
	Short term loans repaid by (refer note below)	EC Global Limited Aster Commodities DMCC	392,766,401 112,128,261	-
	Interest paid on loans taken from	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited EC Global Limited	54,084,347 1,128,689	30,867,639
	Interest received on loans given to	EC Global Limited Aster Commodities DMCC	2,334,730 438,701	-
	Reimbursements paid to	EC International Limited	-	16,939,109
	Reimbursements received from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelweiss Commodities Pte Limited	-	2.748,761 557,619
	Professional charges paid to	Edel Commodities Limited	2,143,261	2,229,009
	Guarantee commission paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	14,921,196	16,347,771
	Remuneration paid to	Navin Jashan Amarnani Sahil Joshi	28,157,386 6,694,807	26,776,725
	Cost reimbursement received from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelweiss Commodities Pte Limited Edelweiss Investment Advisors Pte Limited	632,520 468,533 304,547	<u>.</u> -
(III)	Balances with related parties			
	Short term borrowings from	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited Aster Commodities DMCC EC Global Limited Edelweiss Commodities Pte Limited	171,342,028 264,887,056 93,286,240 538,954,813	951,054,779 80,451,266 - -
	Trade payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edel Commodities Limited	15,119,921 2,171,805	15,667,090 2,136,200
	Other current liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings from	Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited	1,638,133	20,531,780
	Accrued salaries and benefits payable	Navin Jashan Amarnani Sahil Joshi	15,987,980 2,951,627	15,014.505 -
(IV)	Others Corporate Guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,155,819,250	2,812,762,769

Loan given to / taken from related parties are disclosed based on the maximum incremental amount given/taken during the reporting period.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.22 Earnings per share

In accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on Earnings Per Share notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

		For the year	For the year
		ended 31	ended 31
		March 2016	March 2015
a)	Net profit attributable to Ordinary share holders (as per Statement		
	of profit and loss)	383,653,293	90,014,890
b)	Calculation of weighted average number of ordinary shares of SGD		
	1/- each:		
	 Number of shares at the beginning of the year 	12,567,321	2,006,000
	 Shares issued during the year (number of shares issued) 	20,444,586	10,561,321
	Total number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of the year	33,011,907	12,567,321
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the		
	year (based on the date of issue of shares)	18,410,827	8,715,930
	Nominal value per share in SGD	1	1
c)	Basic and diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (a/b)	20.84	10.33

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.23 The following contracts are outstanding as on the balance sheet date:

Open position as at 31 March 2016

a) Options

Particulars of contract	Premium pai
Option on futures	47,698,33
Equity and index options	26,685,78
Currency options	682,29
Total	75,066,40

Particulars of contract	Premium received
Option on futures	107,187,333
Equity and index option	9,145,798
Currency option	475,700,966
Total	592,034,097

b) Forwards

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved
Long positions		
Currency forwards		
USDCNH	10,000,000	10,000,000
USDHKD	222,094,144	222,094,144
USDINR	363,807,476	363,807,476
USDJPY	294,065	294,065
USDKRW	636,860,000	636,860,000
USDTWD	48,050,000	48,050,000
Total	1,281,105,685	1,281,105,685
Short positions Currency forwards		
GBPUSD	50,000	50,000
USDCNH	10,000,000	10,000,000
USDINR	159,800,000	159,800,000
USDKRW	603,300,000	603,300,000
USDSGD	12,646,224	12,646,224
USDTWD	23,350,000	23,350,000
Total	809,146,224	809,146,224



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Open position as at 31 March 2016 (continued)

c) Equity swaps

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved
Long positions	306,953,417	306,953,417
Short positions	794,218	794,218

d) Futures

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved
Long positions		
ES 17JUN16	1	50 ES
VIX 20APR16	12	12000 VIX
ES 17JUN16	63	3150 ES
Short positions		
APR 16 HKE H-SHARES	3,561	159750 HKE H-SHARES
MAY 16 HKE H-SHARES	100	5000 HKE H-SHARES
JUN 16 OSE NIKKEI 225	2	2000 OSE Nikkei 225
APR 16 SGX MSCI INDEX	1,123	112300 SGX MSCI INDEX
APR 16 SGX TIMSCI	1,281	128100 SGX TiMSC
IU 27APR16	1	2000000 INR USD
K200 09JUN16	7	3500000 K200
VIX 18MAY16	15	15000 VIX
USD	75	750000 USE
Si-6.16	2,000	2000 RUB Futures

e) Interest rate swaps

Benchmark	Notional principal (Rs.)	Terms
MIBOR	1,000,000,000	Pay fixed
Total	1,000,000,000	



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Open positions as at 31 March 2015

a) Options

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Premium paid
Index entions	605	763,953
Index options Equity and index options	1,335	5,368,146
Option on future	300	117,198
Total	2,240	6,249,297

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Premium received	
Index options	283	7,543,116	
Currency options	9,827,500,000	283,279,031	
Equity and index option	1,359	7,454,634	
Total	9,827,501,642	298,276,781	

b) Forwards

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved	
Long positions			
Currency forwards		25 000 000	
USDTWD	35,000,000	35,000,000	
USDKRW	115,299	115,299	
USDINR	139,000,000	139,000,000	
KRWUSD	336,137	336,137	
TWDUSD	87,500,000	87,500,000	
Total	261,951,436	261,951,436	
Short positions			
Currency forwards			
USDKRW	0.84	0.84	
USDTWD	60,500,000	60,500,000	
CBOT TY JUN 15	29	29	
TWDUSD	19,000,000	19,000,000	
USDINR	30,000,000	30,000,000	
KRWUSD	30,500,000	30,500,000	
SGDUSD	12,494,479	12,494,479	
Total	152,494,509	152,494,509	



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Open positions as at 31 March 2015 (continued)

c) Equity swaps

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved
Long positions	174,447,498	174,447,498
Short positions	106,600	106,600

d) Futures

Particulars of contract	Number of contracts	Number of units involved	
Long positions			
MAR 15 SGX SIMSCIUSDTWD	4	800 SGX SiMSCI	
EUR 15JUN15	4	500000 Euro	
ES 19JUN15	9	450 S&P Index	
Short positions			
APR 15 HS INDEX	1,252	62600 HS Index	
APR 15 SGX SIMSCI	345	69000 SGX SiMSCI	
MAR 15 SGX TIMSCI	1	100 SGX TiMSCI	
APR 15 SGX TIMSCI	1,112	111200 SGX TiMSCI	
RY 15JUN15	24	3000000 Yen	
DX 15JUN15	23	23000 Dollar Index	
JPY 15JUN15	75	937500000 Yen	
ZN 19JUN15	25	25000 USD	
Si-6.15	150	150 Rubbles	



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.24 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

The Company has Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. Nil) capital commitments and contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date.

2.25 Operating leases

The Company has taken a premise on operating lease. Gross rental expenses (net of reimbursement) for the year ended 31 March 2016 aggregated to **Rs. 5,385,798** (Previous year Rs. 3,835,417) which has been included under the head other expenses – Rent in the statement of profit and loss. (refer note 2.19)

Details of future minimum lease payments for the non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	2016	2015
Minimum lease payments for non cancellable lease - not later than one year - later than one year and not later than five years	19,061,608 35,910,708	1,305,144
Total	54,972,316	1,305,144



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2.26 Cost Sharing

The Company being group company incurs common rent expenditure which is for the benefit of itself and certain fellow subsidiaries companies. This cost so expended by the company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries is recovered by the company from its fellow subsidiaries on the basis of area occupied. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the rent expenditure head in Note 2.19 is net of reimbursements received based on management's best estimate

As per our report of even date attached.

For NGS & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 119850W

R P Soni

Partner

Membership No: 10479

Mumbai

11 May 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Navin Amarnani

Director C

11 May 2016