

Edel Finance Company Limited

Corporate Identity Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909

ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23

BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited,

Your Directors hereby present the 34th Board's Report on the business, operations and state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023:

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

I. Consolidated Financial Performance:

		(₹ in million)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Total Income	10,081.49	13,247.64
Total Expenditure	11,468.01	14,279.92
Loss before share in profit of associates and tax	(1,386.52)	(1,032.28)
Share in Profit/(Loss) of associates	(106.31)	(361.72)
Loss before tax	(1,492.83)	(1,394.00)
Tax Expenses	503.95	(78.51)
Loss after tax for the year	(1,996.78)	(1,315.49)
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(0.60)	(18.76)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(1,997.38)	(1,334.25)
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Non-Controlling interests	18.32	80.30
Other Comprehensive Income /(Loss) attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(0.72)	(18.77)
Non-Controlling interests	0.12	0.01
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) attributable to:-		
Owners of the parent	(2,015.82)	(1,414.56)
Non-Controlling interests	18.44	80.31
Earnings per Equity Share (₹) (Face Value of ₹ 100 each):-		
Basic	(27.84)	(19.34)
Diluted	(27.84)	(19.34)

II. Standalone Financial Performance:

(₹ in million)

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Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Total Income	3,105.92	1,886.60
Total Expenditure	2,243.12	1,829.07
Profit before Tax	862.80	57.53
Provision for Tax (including deferred tax benefit/(expense))	208.78	164.29
Profit after Tax	654.02	221.82
Other comprehensive Income /(Loss)	0.14	(0.72)
Total comprehensive Income	654.16	221.10
Earnings per share (₹) (Face Value of Rs. 100 each):-		
Basic	9.04	3.07
Diluted	9.04	3.07

INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

Information on the operational and financial performance, is given in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, forming part of this Report, and is in accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations').

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the total consolidated income was ₹ 10,081.49 million as compared to₹ 13,247.64 million during the previous year. The loss for the year was ₹ 1,996.78 million as against loss of ₹ 1,315.49 million in the previous year.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, total consolidated income was ₹ 3,105.92 million as compared to ₹ 1,886.60 million during the previous year. Income from interest stood at ₹ 662.61 million as compared to ₹ 252.37 million in the previous year. The profit for the year was ₹ 654.02 million as against profit of ₹ 221.82 million in the previous year.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder ('the Act') and the applicable Accounting Standards and forms part of this Report.

The Auditors' Report on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 is unmodified and is annexed to the financial statements.

FINANCE

During the year under review, the Company issued the Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement basis.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

The salient features of the financial statements of each of the subsidiaries and associate as required under the Act is provided in the financial statements in Form AOC-1. The financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates are available on the website of the Company at the link: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company.

LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND GUARANTEES

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided are reported in the financial statements, forming part of this Annual Report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All the Related Party Transactions entered by the Company are on arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. The Company has not entered into transactions with the Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, which may have potential conflict of interest with the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated the Related Party Transactions Policy, which is available on the website of the Company at www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with the related parties as prescribed in Section 188 of the Act and forming part of this Report is provided in in Form AOC-2 annexed as Annexure I. All the Related Party Transactions as required under the applicable Accounting Standards are reported in the financial statements.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

(i) Independent Directors

In accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in the said Section and in the Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

(ii) Executive Directors

Pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('the NRC'), the Board has, subject to the approval of the Members, appointed Ms. Ananya Suneja (DIN: 07297081) as an Additional Director w.e.f. May 24, 2023 and also designated Ms. Suneja as an Executive Director of the Company for a period of 3 years with effect from May 24, 2023.

(iii) Non-executive Directors

Mr. S. Ranganathan (DIN: 00125493), a Non-executive Director resigned from the Board with effect from the close of business hours of January 9, 2023. The Board places on record its sincere appreciation of the services rendered by Mr. Ranganathan during his tenure as Director of the Company.

Ms. Priyadeep Chopra (DIN: 00079353) was appointed as Non-executive Director of the Company w.e.f. May 24, 2023.

(iii)Retirement by rotation

Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN: 00274831) retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, has offered herself for re-appointment.

(iv) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Tarun Khurana resigned as Manager of the Company with effect from May 24, 2023.

The KMPs of the Company are also the KMPs of the Holding Company and draw remuneration from the Holding Company.

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Board met 5 times. The details of the Board meetings and the attendance of the Directors at the meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy pursuant to Section 178 of the Act and the Listing Regulations. The Policy is provided as Annexure II to this Report.

EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD

A Board Evaluation Policy (the Policy) for evaluating the performance of the Board, its Committees, the Executive Directors, the Non-executive Directors and the Independent Directors has been adopted by the Company.

The Policy *inter alia* provides the criteria for performance evaluation such as Board effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, review of the terms of reference of the Committees and the contribution of the Committees to the Board in discharging its functions, etc.

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India in this regard was discussed.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. The Company's internal control system is designed to ensure operational efficiency, protection and conservation of resources, accuracy and promptness in financial reporting and compliance with the laws and regulations. The internal control system is also supported by an internal audit process.

M/s. JHS & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Internal Auditors of your Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

Risk management is an integral part of the Company's business strategy that seeks to minimise adverse impact on business objectives and capitalise on opportunities. The Group Risk Management Committee oversees the risk management framework of the Company through regular and proactive intervention by identifying risks and formulating mitigation plans. Further details are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Section forming part of this Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of the Independent Directors of the Company:

Dr. Vinod Juneja - Independent Director (Chairman) Mr. Atul Ambavat - Independent Director Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar - Independent Director.

Further details of the Audit Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/ VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns/grievances. The Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>.

The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against the victimisation of the persons who use the vigil mechanism. The vigil mechanism is overseen by the Audit Committee.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Board has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Act. As of date, the CSR Committee comprises of:

Ms. Vidya Shah – Non-executive Director Mr. Atul Ambavat – Independent Director Dr. Vinod Juneja – Independent Director.

A report on the Corporate Social Responsibility in accordance with the provisions of the Section 135 of the Act is provided in Annexure III to this Report. The CSR Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link: <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors to conduct the Secretarial Audit for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. The Report of the Secretarial Auditors is provided as Annexure IV to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remarks or disclaimer.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace. No cases were reported during the year under review. There were no complaints pending as on March 31, 2023. The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/ OUTGO

A. Conservation of energy

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy The operations of the Company are not energy intensive. However, adequate measures have been taken for conservation of energy wherever possible.
- ii. The steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy Though the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, the Company explores alternative sources of energy, as and when the necessity arises.
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments Nil

B. Technology absorption

- i. The efforts made towards technology absorption The Company extensively uses the information technology in its operations and has absorbed the technology required in this regard.
- The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution – The Company has leveraged the technology in the difficult times of pandemic.
- iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):
 - (a) the details of technology imported: Not Applicable
 - (b) the year of import: Not Applicable
 - (c) whether the technology has been fully absorbed: Not Applicable
 - (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof: Not Applicable
- iv. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development Not Applicable.

C. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

During the year under review, there was no foreign exchange inflow (previous year: Nil) and no foreign exchange outgo (previous year: Rs. 2,304.08 million).

OTHER DISCLOSURES

- i) There are no significant material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this Report.
- ii) There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- iii) There was no revision in the financial statements of the Company.
- iv) There was no application made or proceeding pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank/Financial Institution in respect of loan taken by the Company.
- v) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- vi) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee and the Board.
- vii) Disclosure pertaining to maintenance of cost records as specified under the Act is not applicable to the Company.

- viii) The Company has not issued equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
 - ix) The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
 - x) The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Sections 92 and 134 of the Act, the Annual Return as at March 31, 2023 in Form MGT-7, is available on the website of the Company at the link: www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, the Report on Corporate Governance together with the certificate issued by M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is provided in Annexure V and forms part of this Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Act, the Directors confirm that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- ii) such accounting policies have been selected and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and the profits of the Company for the financial year ended on that date;
- iii) proper and sufficient care had been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- v) internal financial controls have been laid down and the same are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi) proper systems had been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board acknowledges the valuable guidance and continued support extended by the Reserve Bank of India, the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, other government authorities, Banks and other stakeholders. Your Directors would also like to take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board **Edel Finance Company Limited**

Vidya Shah Non-executive Director DIN: 00274831 Ananya Suneja Executive Director DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, May 24, 2023

EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED (EFCL) FY 2022-23 Management Discussion & Analysis

Macro-Economic Review and Outlook

India's growing prominence as a formidable player in the global economy is becoming evident as the search for new leadership unfolds in the global arena.

India's visionary foreign policy and dedication to aiding nations in crises have earned it the trust and admiration of the international community. Leveraging its thriving tech industry, favorable demographics, and proactive foreign investment strategies, India is thriving on the global stage.

Assuming the G20 Presidency in 2023, India seized a unique opportunity to strengthen its global economic standing and emerge as a soft power. With its growing influence, India's G20 Presidency showcases its independent foreign policy fueled by economic prowess. This platform is expected to foster relationships, form new partnerships, and contribute to the international community by addressing global challenges and promoting sustainable economic development.

Despite the 2022 global economic events impacting every country, India's economy showed resilience amid the financial challenges. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) recognized India as a pivotal player in global economic recovery, with an impressive GDP growth forecast for 2023. India and China are expected to contribute around half of the global growth, highlighting India's potential to drive and shape the global recovery process.

Stable growth in the Indian economy is attributed to factors like sustained government capital expenditure, corporate sector deleveraging, lower non-performing assets in banks, and moderation in commodity prices. High-frequency indicators have shown robust performance in recent quarters, and digitization efforts, such as the Unified Payments Interface (UPI), have boosted financial inclusion.

The Union Budget 2023-24 outlined the action agenda for India's growth and development, focusing on infrastructure, education, skill development, urban development, green economy, job creation, and global competitiveness. The increased spending on infrastructure aims to lay the foundation for achieving a \$5-trillion economy by 2026 and eventually a \$7-trillion economy by 2030.

However, India faces risks such as elevated inflation, challenges in balance of payments, and uncertainties arising from de-globalization and fading post-pandemic pent-up demand. Despite these challenges, India's strong fundamentals and reform-oriented approach provide a foundation for economic growth. The government's emphasis on digital platforms and measures to boost manufacturing output further support the economy's growth prospects.

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

NBFC Industry

The outlook for Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) remains promising. The MSME sector is a major contributor to the socio-economic development of the country, contributing approximately 30% to India's GDP and is crucial in terms of employment generation, exports, and lending opportunities. Various government initiatives ensure technology upgradation, move towards non-cash transactions, ease of compliance and easy and affordable access to credit to MSMEs. Securitization volumes of NBFCs and HFCs is estimated at ~61,000 crore in Q4FY23, indicating an increase in funding requirements to meet the growing credit demand, as per a credit rating agency report.

Growth will be driven by strong demand for credit, particularly in the retail and small and medium enterprises (SME) segments. The asset quality of NBFCs is expected to remain stable, supported by a gradual economic recovery and improving business sentiment. Additionally, the regulatory environment for NBFCs is expected to be stable, with the government taking measures to address the liquidity concerns faced by the sector in the past.

NBFCs with strong risk management practices and digital capabilities are likely to outperform their peers. These companies will be better equipped to manage their portfolio risks and cater to the evolving needs of their customers.

Overall, the outlook for NBFCs in India is positive, with AUM growth expected to remain strong in FY23-24. Companies that prioritize risk management, digitalization, and customercentricity are likely to succeed in the competitive landscape. With a stable regulatory environment and improving economic conditions, NBFCs are well-positioned to contribute to the growth of India's financial sector.

EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED OVERVIEW

Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited. It is a non-banking financial institution (Core Investment Company) registered with the Reserve Bank of India. EFCL is primarily engaged in the business of credit and investment.

EFCL has obtained a certificate of registration dated June 28, 2004 bearing registration no. B-13.01771 issued by The Reserve Bank of India under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, to commence/carry on the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions given in the certificate of registration under the name Dropadi Finance Limited when it was a subsidiary of Anagram group.

Subsequent to acquisition of Anagram Capital Limited by Edelweiss group in FY11, the name of Dropadi Finance Limited was changed to Edel Finance Company Limited on February 26, 2011. Pursuant to RBI circular dated November 10, 2018, EFCL had become systemically important Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) falling under Multiple NBFCs from December 2014.

The Company was granted the registration as Core Investment Company (NBFC-CIC-ND-SI) on October 9, 2018 subject to the conditions given in the certificate of registration by the Reserve Bank of India.

EFCL PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FY23

A summary of our FY23 financial highlights together with financials for FY22 as per Ind AS is as under:

- Total Revenue: Rs. 3,105.92 million (Rs. 1,886.60 million for FY22)
- Total Expenses: Rs. 2,243.12 million (Rs. 1,829.07 million in FY22)
- **Profit after Tax**: Rs. 654.02 million (Profit of Rs. 221.82 million for FY22)
- Networth: Rs. 15,235.11 million (Rs. 12,580.93 million at the end of FY22)

PROFIT AFTER TAX

Our Profit for FY23 was Rs. 654.02 million compared to a net profit of Rs.221.82 million for FY22.

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

EFCL performs the functions of a Core Investment Company (CIC) and broadly offers investment and lending activities for the Edelweiss group companies. It has ceased to extend credit after its conversion to CIC.

Balance Sheet Gearing

EFCL has a total net worth of Rs. 15,235.11 million as at the end of FY23 compared to Rs. 12,580.95 million as at the end of FY22. Amount of debt on the Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2023 was Rs.26,746.32 million (Rs. 17,623.82 million as on March 31, 2022). The gross Balance Sheet size at the end of FY23 was Rs.42,038.93 million compared to Rs. 30,258.84 million at the end of FY22.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

As per the Non-Banking Financial Companies Prudential Norms stipulated by Reserve Bank, all NBFCs–ND–SI are required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk-weighted Assets Ratio ("CRAR") of 30%. EFCL's CRAR as on March 31, 2023 was 31.79% as compared to total CRAR of 41.05 % as on March 31, 2022.

ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN FINANCIAL RATIOS

As per the recent amendments to the SEBI Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements (LODR) Regulations, 2015, we give below additional information in respect of financial parameters that are applicable to our company:

Details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately

previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefor, including:

(a) Debt Equity Ratio 1.76 times at the end of FY23 compared to 1.40 times at the end of FY22.

(b) Operating Profit Margin defined as Net Interest Income as a percentage of Interest Income declined to (599.95)% in FY23 compared to (49.83)% in FY22.

(c) Net Profit Margin was 21.06% at the end of FY23 compared to 11.76% at the end of FY22.

Return on Average Equity for FY23 is 1.83% compared to (10.58)% for FY22.

Other parameters, namely Debtors Turnover, Inventory Turnover, Interest Coverage Ratio and Current Ratio, are not applicable to our Company.

OUTLOOK & STRATEGY

OPPORTUNITIES

Some key trends and factors that are likely to act as catalyst for growth and present significant opportunities for our organization are as below:

Increasing disposable income: India is seeing a rise in disposable income levels, which provides a significant opportunity for the financial services sector to offer new and innovative investment products and services. With more disposable income, consumers are looking for investment options beyond traditional savings accounts and fixed deposits, and the financial services sector can capitalize on this trend by offering investment products like mutual funds, stocks, bonds, and other financial instruments.

Government initiatives: The Indian government has launched several initiatives aimed at increasing financial inclusion and penetration of financial services in the country. For example, the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana was launched to ensure that every household has access to a bank account, and the Atal Pension Yojana was launched to provide pension benefits to the unorganized sector. These initiatives have created a large market for financial services, and players in the sector can capitalize on this opportunity by developing products and services that cater to the needs of these customers.

Rising digital adoption: With the rapid adoption of digital technologies in India, the financial services sector has a significant opportunity to provide innovative and customized services to customers. Mobile banking and payment services, online investment platforms, and robo-advisory services are examples of digital financial services that have gained popularity in recent years. The financial services sector can leverage digital technologies to provide convenient and cost-effective financial services to customers, especially those in rural and remote areas.

Demographic dividend: India has a young population, and as this population ages, there will

be an increasing demand for retirement and pension products. The financial services sector can capitalize on this opportunity by developing innovative and customized retirement and pension products that cater to the needs of this demographic. With the rise of nuclear families and increasing healthcare costs, retirement and pension products that provide healthcare benefits can also gain popularity.

THREATS

Some external factors that may hinder or pose challenges are as below:

Cybersecurity risks: As digital adoption increases in the financial services sector, there is also an increasing risk of cyberattacks and data breaches. These cybersecurity risks can result in financial losses, damage to reputation, and loss of customer trust. The financial services sector needs to invest in robust cybersecurity measures to protect against these risks.

Regulatory changes: Changes in regulations or policies can have a significant impact on the financial services sector, making it difficult for players to adapt quickly. For example, changes in tax policies, capital adequacy requirements, or customer protection regulations can impact the profitability and viability of financial services products and services.

Global competition: As the Indian financial services market continues to evolve, there is a growing concern regarding the entrance of international players, posing a significant competitive threat to domestic entities. These global players may have more resources, technology, and expertise, and hence may be better equipped to provide innovative financial services to customers. Domestic players need to continuously innovate and upgrade their products and services to stay competitive in this dynamic market.

Macroeconomic challenges: India is subject to various external and internal factors that can lead to economic challenges, which can impact the financial services sector. External factors such as changes in global trade policies, fluctuation in commodity prices, and changes in global interest rates can affect the Indian economy, and hence the financial services sector. Internal factors such as inflation, government policies, and domestic market conditions can also impact the sector.

ENTERPRISE GROUPS

GOVERNANCE

At the core of everything we do is a strong commitment to governance, which encompasses not only compliance but also ethics and values. For us, governance means trust, legitimacy, accountability, competence, and respect for the law. We believe that these values are essential to building a culture of transparency, authenticity, and fairness that is critical to the success of our organization.

Our Board plays a crucial role in ensuring that these high governance standards are upheld at every level of our organization. Through its unwavering focus on ethics, integrity, transparency, and fairness, our board has established a robust framework for conduct, behaviour, and process oversight. To foster a culture of good governance throughout our organization, we have established clear rules for individual and entity-level behaviour and conduct, covering issues such as conflict of interest, insider trading, and handling sensitive information. We are also leveraging technology to refine our practices and facilitate smooth functioning while working from home, ensuring that we continue to maintain the highest standards of compliance.

At the end of the day, our commitment to governance reflects our unwavering dedication to our stakeholders - our customers, employees, shareholders, and the communities in which we operate. By upholding these values, we are able to build trust, maintain legitimacy, and hold ourselves accountable to the highest standards of excellence in everything we do.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management is a fundamental aspect of Edelweiss, deeply ingrained in our operations. Our commitment to effective risk management practices has proven invaluable in navigating through challenging and uncertain times. At the core of our risk management approach is the implementation of a robust Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework, which enables us to strategically benchmark our risk practices and ensure comprehensive risk mitigation across our business entities. To further formalize this process, we have developed an in-house "Eleven-risk framework" that guides us in the continuous assessment, avoidance, management, and mitigation of risks across all our business verticals.



Fig: Eleven-risk framework

Over the course of the year, we have undertaken several initiatives targeting the eleven key risk areas identified within our framework.

In terms of regulatory risk, we have leveraged analytics to identify early warning signs, enabling us to proactively implement mitigation measures. This has proven crucial in adapting to evolving regulatory landscapes and ensuring compliance with the latest requirements.

We continue to focus on operational and process risks. Each of our business units review their critical and non-critical processes and underlying standard operating procedures (SOPs). This allows us to enhance efficiency, streamline operations, and minimize potential disruptions. By identifying process vulnerabilities and implementing appropriate controls, we ensure overall operational resilience. Addressing credit risk has been a key focus for us, leading to the establishment of a comprehensive framework for asset quality review. Through this framework, we diligently monitor our credit exposure, assess asset quality, and manage

potential credit losses. Addressing credit risk has been a key focus for us and we have in place a comprehensive framework for asset quality review. Through this framework, we diligently monitor our credit exposure, assess asset quality, and manage potential credit losses.

Recognizing the significance of reputational risk, we have incorporated it into our business strategies. We have adopted an effective crisis management approach to safeguard our reputation, swiftly addressing any adverse incidents or challenges that may arise. By maintaining transparent communication and timely responses to all stakeholders, we aim to build and preserve trust in our brand and services.

In an increasingly digital landscape, technology risk has become a critical concern for businesses. At Edelweiss, we have made significant progress in fortifying our IT security measures to address emerging risks associated with evolving technologies and cyber threats. By continually enhancing our technology infrastructure and implementing robust security measures, we aim to mitigate the potential risks arising from the rapidly changing technology ecosystem.

To ensure a comprehensive risk governance structure, Edelweiss has established a dedicated Risk Committee at the Board level. This committee plays a crucial role in overseeing and guiding our risk management efforts. Additionally, our key subsidiaries also maintain their own risk committees, enabling focused risk management within each business entity. We have further strengthened risk management practices through the establishment of Investment Committees and Credit Committees. These entities provide a multidimensional perspective to risk assessment, avoidance, management, and mitigation, ensuring that risks are addressed comprehensively across the organization.

At Edelweiss, we recognize that effective risk management is essential for maintaining the trust of our stakeholders, driving sustainable growth, and safeguarding the interests of our clients and investors. By continually evolving our risk management practices and frameworks, we remain committed to upholding the highest standards of risk management excellence in the dynamic and evolving financial landscape.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Internal Financial Controls

The internal controls at Edelweiss are well established and robust which are commensurate with the nature of its businesses, size & scale and complexity of its operations to ensure orderly and efficient conduct of business. These controls have been designed to ensure assurance with regards to maintaining proper accounting controls, substantiation of financial statements and adherence to Ind AS requirements, safeguarding of resources, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, ensuring operating effectiveness, reliability of financial reporting, compliance with applicable regulations and relevant matters under the requirements of the Companies Act 2013.

The internal control framework of Edelweiss continues to follow the assurance practices like the COSO framework, assurance on process efficiency and reliability of internal controls being aligned to risks identified in Risk Control Self-Assessment (RCSA), etc. to strengthen the overall system.

Independent Audit and Assurance

The internal auditors of Edelweiss follow standards on internal audit, along with guidelines issued by the regulators and ensure compliance with section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended and notified from time to time. The Internal Audit function operates under the supervision of the Audit Committee of the Board.

The internal audits are carried out by an external professionals who provide independent view and assurance by assessing the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls, compliance to internal and external guidelines, and risk management practices across the Group.

EDELWEISS BRAND

Edelweiss is a brand that believes in the possibilities of ideas and the power of values to protect them. The Company's name is shared with a rare white alpine flower that best represents this tenet. Just as the flower's deep 'felt like' covering protects it from the elements, Edelweiss has a steadfast dedication to the principles of Being Unlimited, which has helped it not only weather the storms but also emerge stronger. Its efforts to simplify its business structure and refine its individual brands demonstrate a deep commitment to providing the best possible service to its customers. Furthermore, the brand's numerous public service initiatives demonstrate a profound sense of responsibility and care towards the communities it operates in, earning it the respect and admiration of its stakeholders.

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

Edelweiss has always stood out from its competitors by placing an unwavering focus on customer-centricity. The Company is dedicated to providing its customers with easy access to services and developing innovative solutions that are specifically tailored to their unique needs. This commitment to the customer experience is evident in the way Edelweiss blends cutting-edge technology with personalized service to build strong, long-lasting relationships with its customers.

Through its use of technology, Edelweiss is able to enhance process efficiencies and overall customer satisfaction, ensuring that its customers receive the highest level of service and support. This focus on the customer has been a driving force behind the company's remarkable growth and success, even during challenging times. Edelweiss has built a strong and loyal customer base that trusts the company to provide innovative solutions and exceptional service, no matter what challenges may arise.

Cautionary Statement Statements made in this Annual Report may contain certain words or phrases that are forward-looking statements, which are tentative, based on current expectations of the management of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited or any of its subsidiaries and associates ("Edelweiss"). Actual results may vary from such statements contained in this report due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India and outside India, volatility in interest rates and in the securities market, new regulations and Government policies that may impact the businesses of Edelweiss as well as the ability to implement its strategy. The information contained herein is as of the date referenced and Edelweiss does not undertake any obligation to update these statements. Edelweiss has obtained all market or industry data and other information from sources believed to be reliable or through its internal estimates unless

otherwise stated, although its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed. Some part of the report relating to business-wise financial performance, balance sheet, asset books of Edelweiss and industry data herein is reclassified/regrouped based on Management estimates and may not directly correspond to published data. The numbers have also been rounded off or approximated in the interest of easier understanding. Prior period or other figures have been regrouped/reclassified/re-casted wherever necessary. FY18, FY19, FY20 FY21 and FY22 Numbers are as per IndAS whereas the rest are as per IGAAP. All information in this presentation has been prepared solely by the company and has not been independently verified by anyone else.

Edel Finance Company Limited

Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

I. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: None

								(< in million)
Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188
				Not Applicabl	e			

(₹ in million)

Annexure - I

II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements /transactions	Duration of the contracts/arrangem ents/transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any
1.	Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited (Fellow Subsidiary)	Sale of securities	-	578.18	January 31, 2022	-
2.	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Holding Company)	Purchase of securities	-	4,031.50	January 31, 2022	-

For Edel Finance Company Limited

Vidya Shah	Ananya Suneja
Non-executive Director	Executive Director
DIN: 00274831	DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, May 24, 2023

Remuneration Policy

Objective

The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') requires a Company to frame policy for determining the remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy (the Policy) of the Company is to provide a framework for the remuneration of the Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors, Managing Director/Executive Directors, KMPs, and other Senior level employees of the Company.

The objective of this Policy is to ensure that:

- i. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain talent required to run the company successfully;
- ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- iii. remuneration to the Directors, KMPs and senior management comprises a balance of fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

Remuneration of the Independent Directors & Non- executive Directors

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are eligible for sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.
- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are also eligible for commission, subject to limits prescribed under the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- The Independent Directors are not eligible for stock options.
- The Non-executive Directors (other than promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

Remuneration of the Managing Director & Executive Directors

- The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') to the Board. Based on the recommendations of the NRC, the Board determines and approves the remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors, subject to necessary approvals, if any.
- The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/Executive Directors is within the limits prescribed under the Act and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The remuneration structure includes fixed salary, perquisites, bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- The Executive Directors (other than the promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

Remuneration of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees

- The key components of remuneration package of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees shall comprise of fixed salary, perquisites, annual bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- They shall be eligible for stock options.

Policy Review

- The Policy may be amended as may be necessary.
- The NRC shall implement the Policy, and may issue such guidelines, procedures etc. as it may deem fit.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edel Finance Company Limited

Vidya Shah Non-executive Director DIN: 00274831 Ananya Suneja Non-executive Director DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, May 24, 2023

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities for the financial year 2022-23

[Pursuant to clause (o) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act,2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014]

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

To leverage the capacity and capital to equip and enable the social sector to achieve the greatest impact on the lives of the poor in India.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S1. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	meetings of CSR	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Ms. Vidya Shah	Non-executive Director	1	1
2	Mr. Atul Ambavat	Independent Director	1	1
3	Mr. S. Ranganathan (Ceased w.e.f. January 9, 2023)	Non-executive Director	1	1

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company:

Investor Relations - Edel Finance Company Ltd (edelweissfin.com)

4. Provide the executive summary along with the weblink of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable:

Not applicable

- 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Nil
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Nil
 - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years Not Applicable
 - (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any Nil
 - (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (b+c-d) Nil

6. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent								
	Unspent CSR	t transferred to Account as per n 135(6)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)						
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer				
Nil	-	-	-	-	-				

- (b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year Nil
- (c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year Nil
- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads Nil
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable Not applicable
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e) Nil
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any Nil

S1. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	-
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	-
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	-
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	-

7. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

S1. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6)	in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs)	n the fund spe porting Schedule V acial Year 135(n Rs.)		ng Schedule VII as per section Year 135(6), if any.		under er section ty.	remaining to
		(in Rs.)		Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer	years. (in Rs.)		
1	FY 2019-20			Nil					
2	FY 2020-21								
3	FY 2021-22								
	Total			Nil					

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

	1	0	J (-).		-			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
S1 .	Project	Name of	Financial Year	Project	Total	Amount	Cumulative	Status of the
No.	ID	the	in which the	duration	amount	spent on	amount	project -
		Project	project was		allocated	the project	spent at the	Completed
			commenced		for the	in the	end of	/Ongoing
					project (in	reporting	reporting	
					Rs.)	Financial	Financial	
						Year	Year.	
						(in Rs)	(in Rs.)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total					Nil			

- 8. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details) Not Applicable
 - a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s) Not Applicable
 - b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset Not Applicable
 - c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. Not Applicable
 - d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset) Not Applicable
- 9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5) Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board **Edel Finance Company Limited**

Vidya ShahAtul AmbavatNon-executive DirectorIndependent DirectorDIN: 00274831DIN: 00195875

Mumbai, May 24, 2023



Annexure – IV

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, **Edel Finance Company Limited** Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Edel Finance Company Limited** (CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909) having its Registered Office at Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 (hereinafter called the "Company") for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 (the "Audit Period"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, registers, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the Audit Period complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings¹;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act"):

¹Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011²;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009³;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014⁴;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009⁵;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998⁶; and
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in respect of the Non-Convertible Debentures of the Company issued by the Company on a private placement basis and listed on BSE Limited (the "Stock Exchange").
- (vi) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the Circular(s), Direction(s), Notification(s) and Regulation(s) issued by the Reserve Bank of India as applicable to a Core Investment Company, being laws that are specifically applicable to the Company based on their sector/industry.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standard on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India related to meetings and minutes.

During the Audit Period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above and in respect of the laws specifically applicable (to the extent applicable) to the Company based on its

⁴ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

² Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

³ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

⁵ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period

⁶ Not applicable to the Company during the audit period



sector/industry, in so far as registration, submission of various returns/information to be filed with the respective authorities.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings; agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standards 1 and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All Resolutions (including Circulars) of the Board of Directors and its Committees are approved on the basis of majority and are duly recorded in the respective Minutes. There were no dissenting views by any member of the Board of Directors during the Audit Period. The Company has maintained all the recordings of the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings held through audio visual means and has carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company which commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and standards.

We further report that during the Audit Period:

- The Company has obtained the approval of members by way of Special Resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2022 to appoint Mr. Sunil Nawal Phatarphekar (DIN: 00005164) as an Independent Director on the Board of Directors of the Company;
- (ii) The Company has obtained the approval of members under Sections 42 & 71 of the Act by way of Special Resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on February 13, 2023, to issue, offer and allot Non-convertible Debentures aggregating to Rs. 2,000 crores on a private placement basis, in one or more tranches;
- (iii) The Company has allotted 2,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each for cash at par aggregating to Rs. 200 Crores to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company on a Rights Issue Basis; and
- (iv) The Company has allotted 2,000 Non-Convertible Debentures of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000 each aggregating to Rs. 200 Crores on a Private Placement basis.



This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

For M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries "A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500

> Kirti Kothari Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2023

UDIN: F012007E000368825



515, 5th Floor, Building No.3, Navjivan Commercial Premises, Lamington Road, Mumbai Central, Mumbai - 400 008. Tel.:"+91 22 6666 8441 Email: info@sahanikothari.com Web: www.sahanikothari.com

'Annexure A'

To, The Members, **Edel Finance Company Limited** Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provided a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and book of accounts of the Company.
- 4. No Audit has been conducted on the compliance with finance and taxation laws as the same are subject to audit by the Statutory Auditor of the Company and their observations, if any, shall hold good for the purpose of this Audit Report.
- 5. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 6. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulation, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on the test basis.
- 7. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES** *Company Secretaries*

"A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500

> Kirti Kothari Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2023

UDIN: F012007E000368825

Annexure V

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance

At Edelweiss, we strongly uphold good governance practices to promote fairness, transparency, accountability and integrity. In line with this philosophy, Guiding Principles have been articulated and these forms integral part of the Company's corporate governance practices. Processes have been designed to run the businesses responsibly and harmonize diversified interests of various stakeholders thereby enhancing stakeholder value.

Board of Directors

Composition, Meeting and Attendance

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of 4 Directors of which 1 is Non-executive Non-Independent Director and 3 are Independent Directors.

The annual calendar of the Board Meetings is agreed upon at the beginning of the year. The agenda for the Board Meetings is circulated in advance and is backed by comprehensive background information to enable the Board to take informed decisions. During the financial year 2022-23, the Board met 5 times i.e. on: May 27, 2022, August 3, 2022, November 8, 2022, January 30, 2023 and March 23, 2023.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the financial year 2022-23 and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), the number of directorships and committee positions held by them in other public limited companies and the name of the other listed entities where he/she is a Director and category of directorships as on March 31, 2023, are as under:

Name and DIN of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	last AGM held on September	directorships in other Public	Name of other Listed entities where person is Director - Category of Directorship	Committe Position*	Chairman
Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN 00274831)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent	5	Yes	4	Independent Director - Vardhman Special Steels Limited	1	-
Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311)	Independent	5	No	8	Independent Director – 1) Shyam Telecom Limited 2) Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited	9	1

Name and DIN of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at the last AGM held on September 30, 2022	directorships in other Public	Name of other Listed entities where person is Director - Category of Directorship	Committe Position*	
						Member	Chairman
Mr. Atul Ambavat (DIN: 00195875)	Independent	5	No	-	-	-	-
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar (DIN: 00005164)	Independent	5	No	3	-	5	1
Mr. S. Ranganathan [@] (DIN: 00125493)	Non-Executive, Non- Independent	2	Yes		Not Applica	able	

\$ Only Directorships of public limited companies incorporated in India have been considered and excludes private limited companies, section 8 companies and foreign companies.

*Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, in other public limited companies, have been considered for the Committee position.

@ Mr. S. Ranganathan ceased to be Non-executive Director w.e.f. January 9, 2023.

Ms. Ananya Suneja and Ms. Priyadeep Chopra were appointed as Executive Director and Nonexecutive Director, respectively w.e.f. May 24, 2023.

None of the Directors hold office in more than 10 public companies as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act). No Director holds Directorships in more than 7 listed companies. Further, none of the Non-executive Directors serve as Independent Director in more than 7 listed companies as required under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations'). None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 Committees and Chairperson of more than 5 Committees, across all public limited companies in which he/she is a Director. Independent Directors are Non-executive Directors as defined under the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

Ms. Vidya Shah is one of the promoter of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, the Holding Company of the Company.

Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board has confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Listing Regulations and that they are independent of the management. Further, the Independent Directors have, in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, confirmed that they have enrolled themselves in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified for appointed as Directors pursuant to Section 164 of the Act.

M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, have issued a certificate certifying that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI), the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and any such statutory authority.

Board skills/expertise/competence matrix

The Board have identified the following parameters with respect to the skill/expertise/ competence that are available with the Board in the context of the business and sector for it to function effectively:

Directors	Kno	ndustr owled perier	ge/		Technical Skills/ Experience					Behavioural Competencies	
	Financial and Capital Markets	Understanding of laws and regulations	International Experience	Accounting and Finance	Risk Management	Strategic Management	Legal and Compliance	Information Technology	Governance	Leadership and Mentoring Skills	Interpersonal Relations
Ms. Vidya Shah	*	*	*	*	-	*	-	*	*	*	*
Dr. Vinod Juneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	*	*	*
Mr. Atul Ambavat	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ms. Ananya Suneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ms. Priyadeep Chopra	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Committees of the Board:

A) Audit Committee

Meetings held:

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Committee met 5 times on May 27, 2022, August 3, 2022, November 8, 2022, January 30, 2023 and March 23, 2023.

The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meetings during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman	5
Mr. Atul Ambavat	5
Mr. S. Ranganathan®	2
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar ^{\$}	5

[®] Mr. S. Ranganathan resigned as a Director from the Board with effect from January 9, 2023 and accordingly, ceased to be a member.

All the members have financial management expertise. The constitution and terms of reference of the Committee are in compliance with the requirements of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter alia include:

- 1) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible
- 2) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company
- 3) Approval of payment to the statutory auditors for any other service rendered by the statutory auditors
- 4) Reviewing, with the Management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval with particular reference to:
 - a. matters required to be included in the Directors Responsibility statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub section 3 of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
 - b. changes if any, in the accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgement by management
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
 - e. compliance with the listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions
 - g. qualifications in the draft audit report.
- 5) Reviewing, with the Management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval
- 6) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems
- 7) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory auditors and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems
- 8) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon
- 9) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern
- 10) To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower/Vigil mechanism
- 11) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

The Auditors, Internal Auditors and the Chief Financial Officer are invited to attend the meetings of the Committee. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Meetings held:

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Committee met on May 27, 2022.

The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meetings during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman	-
Mr. Atul Ambavat	1
Mr. S. Ranganathan@	1

@ Mr. S. Ranganathan resigned as a Director from the Board with effect from January 9, 2023 and accordingly, ceased to be a member.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee *inter alia* include:

- 1) Identifying the persons who can become Directors
- 2) Formulating the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes etc. and independence of a Director
- Recommending to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the Directors & Key Managerial Personnel
- 4) Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management
- 5) Specify the manner for effective annual evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy which is annexed to the Board's Report.

Board Evaluation

During the year, in accordance with the Board Evaluation Policy and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI, an annual evaluation of its own performance and that of the Committees and Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations was carried out by the Board on various parameters which inter alia included composition, diversity, effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the Meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, contribution of the Committees etc.

A separate Meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by SEBI in this regard was discussed.
Familiarization Programme

The Independent Directors are familiarized with their roles, rights, responsibilities etc. in relation to the nature of the financial services sector and the business model of the Company. The details are available on the website of the Company at: www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com.

Remuneration to the Directors

The Company was paying sitting fees of \gtrless 20,000 per Meeting to the Independent Directors for attending the Meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on November 8, 2022, had revised the sitting fees to \gtrless 50,000 per Meeting to the Independent Directors for attending the Meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.

The details of the remuneration paid to the Directors during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 are as under:

 $(\mp in million)$

				(< in million)
	Remuneration (fixed & performance bonus)	Perquisites	Sitting Fees	Commission	Total
Ms. Vidya Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Dr. Vinod Juneja	-	-	0.37	-	0.37
Mr. Atul Ambavat	-	-	0.39	-	0.39
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	-	-	0.35	-	0.35
Mr. S. Ranganathan@	-	-	-	-	-

@ Mr. S. Ranganathan ceased to be Non-executive Director w.e.f. January 9, 2023.

None of the Directors hold any shares in the Company.

C) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Meetings held:

The composition of the Committee as on March 31, 2023 and attendance of the Members at the Committee Meeting held during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Atul Ambavat - Chairman	1
Ms. Vidya Shah	1
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar	-

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Committee met once on November 8, 2022.

Mr. Tarun Khurana is the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company.

Based on the reports received from the Registrar & Transfer Agents during the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not receive any requests/complaints during the year ended March 31, 2023. As on March 31, 2023, there were no outstanding requests/complaints.

D) Group Risk Management Committee

Meetings held:

As at March 31, 2023, the Risk Management Committee was comprising of the following Members: -

Name of the Members
Dr. Vinod Juneja - Independent Director
Mr. Atul Ambavat - Independent Director
Ms. Ananya Suneja - Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Tarun Khurana - Manager & Company Secretary ^{\$}

\$ Mr. Tarun Khurana was appointed as Member with effect from November 8, 2022.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Risk Committee inter alia include:

- 1) To devise process / framework for management of operational risk
- 2) Identifying concerns & risks
- 3) Evaluating risks as to consequences & likelihoods
- 4) Assessment of options for Risk Management
- 5) Prioritizing the Risk Management efforts
- 6) Development of Risk Management Plans
- 7) Authorization for the implementation of the Risk Management Plans
- 8) Tracking the Risk management efforts and manage accordingly
- 9) Follow on Budgeting-Variance Analysis
- 10) Design, develop and implement various measures for cyber security as may be required.

The Risk Committee has framed and implemented a Risk Management Framework and Strategy. The Company did not have any exposure in commodity price and hedging activities during the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

General Body Meetings

The date, time and venue of the last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of Special Resolutions passed
2021-2022	September 30, 2022	5.00 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098	Nil
2020-2021	September 2, 2021	4.30 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098	Nil
2019-2020	December 24, 2020	4.30 p.m.	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098	2

Means of Communication

The financial results, press releases and the presentation made to the Investors/Analysts are submitted to the Stock Exchanges and also uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. The financial results are also published in the newspapers.

I. General Shareholder Information

i.	AGM: Date, time and venue/ mode	Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 4.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098
ii.	Financial Year:	April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023
iii.	Book Closure dates:	Not Applicable
iv.	Dividend payment date:	Not Applicable

II. Listing of Securities on Stock Exchanges:

Non-convertible Debentures

The Company has issued Secured Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement. Some of the NCDs are listed on BSE. The Company has paid the listing fees to BSE for the financial year 2022-23.

Debenture Trustee:

The details of the Debenture Trustees for the NCDs issued by the Company are given below:

SBICAP Trustee Company Limited	Beacon Trusteeship Limited	Catalyst Trusteeship Limited
Mistry Bhavan, 4th Floor,	4 C&D, Siddhivinayak Chambers,	Windsor, 6th Floor,
122 Dinshaw Wachha Road,	Gandhi Nagar,	Office No. 604
Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020	Opp. MIG Cricket Club,	C.S.T. Road, Kalina,
Tel: +91 22 - 43025555	Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051	Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 098
Email: corporate@sbicaptrustee.com	Tel.: +91 22 26558759	Tel.: +91 22 4922 0555
Website: www.sbicaptrustee.com	Email: compliance@beacontrustee.co.in	Email: <u>dt.mumbai@ctltrustee.com</u>
	Website: www.beacontrustee.co.in	Website: <u>www.catalysttrustee.com</u>

III.Registrar & Transfer Agent:

a. Equity Shares

Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083 Tel: +91 81081 16767 Fax: +91 22 4918 6060 e-mail: <u>rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in</u> Website: <u>www.linkintime.co.in</u> b. Non-Convertible Debentures

Link Intime India Private Limited	KFin Technologies Limited
C 101, 247 Park,	Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32,
L.B.S Marg,	Financial District, Nanakramguda,
Vikhroli (West),	Serilingampally Mandal,
Mumbai - 400 083	Hyderabad - 500 032
Tel: +91 22 81081 16767	Tel: +91 40 6716 2222
Fax: +91 22 4918 6060	Fax: +91 40 6716 1563
Email: bonds.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in	Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com
Website: www.linkintime.co.in	Website: www.kfintech.com

IV. Share Transfer System:

Transfer of equity shares in electronic form are effected by the Depository/Company.

V. Distribution of shareholding and shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2023

The Company is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, which holds 7,56,67,388 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each representing 100% of the shareholding pattern.

VI. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

The Company has not issued GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any other instrument convertible into equity.

VII. Plant locations - Not Applicable

VIII. Credit ratings : The credit ratings obtained by the Company during the year 2022-23 are as under:-

Rating agency	Rating	Instruments	Date of revision (if any)	Revised Rating
Acuite	Acuite AA-	Non-convertible Debentures	August 5, 2022	Acuite AA- From Acuite AA
Brickwork Rating	BWR AA- BWR A1+	Non-convertible Debentures Short term borrowing	No Revision	No change
CARE	CARE A+ CARE PP-MLD A+	Non-convertibleDebenturesPrincipal ProtectedMarket LinkedDebentures		No change
CRISIL	CARE A1+ CRISIL AA- CRISIL PP-MLD AA-	Short term borrowing Non-convertible Debentures Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures		No change

	CRISIL A1+	Short term borrowing		
	CRISIL AA-	Bank Borrowing		
ICRA	ICRA A+	Non-convertible Debentures	No Revision	No change

Other Disclosures

- i. The Company did not enter into any materially significant related party transactions having a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Transactions with the related parties are disclosed in the financial statements.
- ii. The financial statements (both standalone and consolidated) have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.
- iii. The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of our code of conduct and confirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- iv. Code for Prohibition of Insider Trading of the Company, the Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries and the Policy on Related Party Transactions are available at: www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com
- v. The details of the subsidiary of the Company as required under the Listing Regulations are as under: -

Sr.	Name of the	Details of Incorporation		Details of Statutory Auditors	
No.	Subsidiary	Place	Date	Name	Date of
					appointment
1	Edelweiss Rural &	Mumbai	October 17,	M/s. S. R. Batliboi	July 26, 2018
	Corporate Services		2006	& Co. LLP	
	Limited				

- vi. There have been no instances where the Board has not accepted recommendations of any Committee of the Board, during the financial year.
- vii. M/s. Dhiraj & Dheeraj, Chartered Accountants, the statutory auditors of the Company, were paid a consolidated amount of Rs. 1.36 million by the Company for all the services provided by them.
- viii. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
 - a) Number of complaints filed during the Financial Year: Nil
 - b) Number of complaints disposed of during the Financial Year: Nil
 - c) Number of complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year: Nil.
- ix. The Company has complied with the mandatory conditions of Corporate Governance, as prescribed under the Listing Regulations.
- x. The disclosures on loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

xi. CEO/CFO Certificate

The CEO and CFO have certified to the Board, the requirements of the Listing Regulations, with regard to financial statements.

xii. Compliance Certificate

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, a certificate issued by M/s. Sahani & Kothari Associates, Company Secretaries, certifying the compliance by the Company with the provisions of the Corporate Governance forms part of this Report.

Address for correspondence:

For any assistance, request or instruction regarding transfer or transmission of securities, dematerialisation of securities, change of address, non-receipt of annual report, dividend warrant and any other query relating to the securities of the Company, the investors may write to:

The Company Secretary	Link Intime India Private Limited	KFin Technologies Limited
Edel Finance Company Limited	C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg,	Selenium Tower B,
Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road,	Vikhroli (West),	Plot 31-32, Financial District,
Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	Mumbai - 400 083.	Nanakramguda,
Tel: +91 22 4079 5199	Tel: +91 81081 16767	Serilingampally Mandal,
Email: cs@edelweissfin.com	Email:	Hyderabad -500 032
Website:	rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in	Tel: +91 40 6716 2222
www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com	Website: www.linkintime.co.in	Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com
		Website: www.kfintech.com

Declaration by the Directors under SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding adherence to the Code of Conduct

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby confirmed that for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct.

For and on behalf of the Board Edel Finance Company Limited

Mumbai, May 24, 2023

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer DIN: 07297081



COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

[Pursuant to Schedule V Para E of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)]

To, The Members, **Edel Finance Company Limited** Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098.

We have examined the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance of Edel Finance Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended on 31st March, 2023, as prescribed in the Regulations 17 to 27, 62(1A), and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance, as specified in the aforesaid provisions of the Listing Regulations. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management.

Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the Financial Statements of the Company. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For **M/s. SAHANI & KOTHARI ASSOCIATES** Company Secretaries "A Peer Reviewed Unit" ICSI Unique Code: P2016MH056500

> > Kirti Kothari Partner Mem. No. F12007 COP: 17287

UDIN: F012007E000368891

Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Edel Finance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as " the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries and associate (the Holding Company, its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate comprising of the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the consolidated Statement of Changesin Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as " the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (" the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2023, their consolidated loss including other comprehensive loss, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and associate in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment of financial instruments (expection consolidated financial statements)	cted credit losses) (as described in Note 5.4 and 55.D.1 of the
 Ind AS 109 requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial assets as at the reporting date using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Group's financial assets (loan portfolio). In the process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for: Staging of financial assets (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories); Assigning internal rating grades to customers for which external rating is not available; Calibrating external ratings-linked probability of default to align with past default rates; Estimation of management overlay for macro-economic factors bearing a correlation with the credit quality of the Group's loan portfolio. 	 Our audit procedures included but were not limited to: Read and assessed the Group's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and its compliance with Ind AS 109 Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past-due status. Tested samples of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3. We performed procedures to test the inputs used in the ECL computation, on a sample basis. Tested assumptions used by the management in determining the overlay for macro-economic factors. Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Group in spreadsheets. Assessed disclosures included in the consolidated financial statements in respect of expected credit losses.
Information technology (IT) systems and constrained to the reliability and security of IT systems play a key role in the business operations, financial accounting and reporting process of the Group. Since large volume of transactions are processed daily, the IT controls are required to ensure that applications process data as expected and that changes are made in an appropriate manner. Any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records.	 The audit procedures those reported in the auditors report of a subsidiary company, comprised the following: The aspects covered in the IT General Control audit were (i) User Access Management (ii) Program Change Management (iii) Other related ITGCs – to understand the design and test the operating effectiveness of such controls;
Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit	during the audit period and assessing changes that have impact on financial reporting;



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
matter.	• Tested the periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization.
	 Performed tests of controls (including other compensatory controls wherever applicable) on the IT application controls and IT dependent manual controls in the system.
	• Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls, where deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report, and the Annual report, which is expected to me made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Board Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those Charged with Governance.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financialstatements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fairpresentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within theGroup and its associate of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of statements of the direction, supervision and performance of the auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Other Matter

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of:
- 5 subsidiaries, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs 72986.43 million as at March 31, 2023 and total revenues of Rs.8226.27 million and net cash outflow of Rs 1781.85 million for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, which financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management.
- 1 associate company forming part of the Group, whose statements include Group's share of net loss of Rs. 106.31 million for the period from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statement, whose financial statement, other financial information have been audited by other auditor and whose report have been furnished to us by the Management.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associate company, and our report in terms of sub- sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associate company, is based solely on the report(s) of such other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph3(xxi) of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- (a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the confirmation received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointedunder Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associate, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associate, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries and associate, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Auditand Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the



consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:

- The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate in its consolidated financial statements – Refer Note 51.1 to the consolidated financial statements;
- ii) The Group have made provision under applicable law or accounting standards for material foreseeable losses if any, including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii) There have been no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate, incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2023;
- iv) a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 58(A) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and theother auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 58(B) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the respectiveHolding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate.

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: Shailendra Dadhich

Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: UDIN: 23425098BGWWWF1435 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 24th May, 2023

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj



Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
ASSETS		Dest page of	
Financial assets	e	al di di secono di	
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,289.22	3,080.78
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	8	2,458.95	3,157.32
(c) Derivative financial instruments	9	•	17.16
(d) Stock in trade (Securities held for trading)	10	2,138.72	2,229.73
(e) Trade receivables	11	391.88	220.75
(f) Loans	12	41,687.17	41,863.55
(g) Investments	13	27,835.48	25,828.42
(h) Other financial assets	14	1,429.57	756.29
Total financial assets		77,230.99	77,154.00
Non-financial assets		are plant a	
(a) Current tax assets (net)	15	2,232.13	2,020.39
(b). Deferred tax assets (net)	16	1,314.71	1,755.95
(c) Investment property	17	3,032.59	3,539.01
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	18	2,218.98	2,429.91
(e) Intangible assets under development	10	12.40	17.35
	19	146.82	146.82
(f) Goodwill on consolidation	18	66.32	140.82
(g) Other Intangible assets	20	the second s	433.38
(h) Other non- financial assets	20	478.15 9.502.10	10,356.85
Total non-financial assets	- Contraction -	9,002.10	10,550.65
TOTAL ASSETS '		86,733.09	87,510.85
		80,733.05	87,510.85
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities		1 (17 + 1) (1	
(a) Derivative financial instruments	9		29.17
(b) Trade payables	21		
i. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		8.47	7.30
ii. total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		393.41	323.47
(c) Debt securities	22	40,067.29	32,706.46
(d) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	23	28,750.44	38,418.79
(e) Subordinated liabilities	24	1,070.13	2,876.19
(f) Other financial liabilities	25	12,391.47	9,680.97
Total financial liabilities		82,681.21	84,042.35
		11. 1 ²	
Non-financial liabllities		-17	
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	26	33.44	25.23
(b) Provisions	27	58.42	52.25
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	43.59	71.81
(d) Other non-financial liabilities	28	135.52	116.96
Total non-financial liabilities		270.97	266.25
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	82,952.18	84,308.60
		and water and a second	Aller Aller and a second
EQUITY	10011-01-00-0		
(a) Equity share capital	29	7,566.75	5,566.75
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	30	1,650.00	1,650.00
(c) Other equity	31	(6,176.38)	(4,772.47
		3,040.37	2,444.28
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		740.54	757.97
Equity attributable to Non-Controlling Interests		3,780.91	3,202.25
TOTAL EQUITY		3,/00.91	5,202-25
		1.0.01	87,510.85

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 67

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W >

Shallendra Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098



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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Director DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

Mumbai May 24, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
Revenue from operations	20100-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-00	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Interest income	32	5,999.69	8,952.61
Dividend income	33	4.12	0,932.01
Fee income	34	917.11	1,278.62
Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	35	1,905.84	749.20
Other operating revenue	36	355.39	367.73
Total revenue from operations		9,182.15	11,348.16
		and the statement of the	
Other income	37	899.34	1,899.48
Total Income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,081.49	13,247.64
Expenses			
Finance costs	38	8,678.30	10,570.74
Impairment on financial instruments	39	(245.93)	526.82
Employee benefits expense	40	1,093.40	1,216.49
Depreciation and amortisation	18	366.14	401.11
Other expenses	41	1,576.10	1,564.76
Total expenses		11,468.01	14,279.92
Profit / (loss) before share in profit of associates and tax		(1,386.52)	(1,032.28)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates		(106.31)	(361.72)
Profit / (Loss) before tax	And the second s	(1,492.83)	{1,394.00}
Tax expenses:	42		
Current tax		90.11	93.92
Deferred tax		413.84	(172.43)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(1,996.78)	(1,315.49)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(1.26)	(28.69)
Income tax - OCI - that will not be reclassified		0.66	9.93
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		(0.60)	(18.76)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)		(1,997.38)	(1,334.25)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Non controlling interests		18.32	80.30
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:		and the second	
Owners of the parent		(0.72)	(18.77)
Non controlling interests		0.12	0.01
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:		1	
Owners of the parent		(2,015.82)	(1,414.56)
Non controlling interests		18.44	80.31
Earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 100 each)	44		
- Basic (₹)		(27.84)	(19.34)
- Diluted (考)	11.110	(27.84)	(19.34)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 67

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

'Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098



COM

Mumbai May 24, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Director

Tarun Khurana **Company Secretary**

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Mumbai May 24, 2023

DIN : 00274831

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

A. Equity Share Capital

	For the year ended	For the year ended		
Partículars	31-Mər-2023	31-Mar-2022		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$,566.75	5,566.75		
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors				
Restated balance at the beginning of the current year	5,566.75	5,566.75		
Changes in equity share capital during the year	2,000.00	•		
Balance at the end of the year	7,566.75	5,566.75		

8. Other Equity

Alter Equity					Reserves and Sur	Dius			and the second se	Other Comprehe	ensive Income		
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Special Reserve under section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Reserve under section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987	Retained Earnings	Deemed Capital Contribution - Equity	Impairment Reserve	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total attributable to owners of the parent	Non-Controlling Interest
and the second	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,319.08	S47.80	[9,253.62]	52.55	32.27	2,697.55	960.84	{426.25}	(3,282.26)	2,768.65
Balance as at April 1, 2021	(3,390.20	114044		2	023	(1,395.79)		÷	-	8	685	(1,395.79)	80.30
Loss for the year	5/		- <u>-</u>	-	3443	(18.77)					1 () () () () () () () () () ({18,77}	0.01
Other comprehensive loss				1.319.08	547.80	(10.658.18)	52.55	32.27	2.697.55	960.84	(426.25)	(4,696.82)	2,848.96
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	13,596.26	114.34	4,269.44	1,319.08	547.80	(10,000.10)	52.55	SLIL!					
Premium received on issue of equity shares	5+5			<u>73</u>					•		· · ·		
Transfer Under 29C NHB	S. 10			13	27.62	(27.62)) E	S	8	2 - D		- D	8
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI	1 1	1.24	× .	94.93	<u> </u>	(94,93)	8	. ÷	(1,239.24)				
Transfer to Debenture Redomption Reserve	1	E 8		5	S -	1,239.24			(1,239.24)	(45.40)		(<u>3</u>	
Transfer from Revaluation reserve	1.82	- 18-	· ·	4 *		45.40	~ ~	8		(43.40)		27.52	
Transfer to impairment reserve			8		5	27.52	8				426.25	(103.17)	(2,090.99
Effect of changes in group's interest	10 A		đ.			(529.42)	-	~					757.97
Balance as at March 31, 2022	{3,596.26	114,34	4,259.44	1,414.01	575.42	(10,007.99)	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	*C	(4,772.47) (2,015.10)	18.32
Profit for the year				14 · · · ·	÷	(2,015.10)	÷.		8	<u>į</u>		(0.72)	0.12
Other comprehensive loss		1 R.			÷	(0.72)			2				
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	(3,596.26	114.34	4,269.44	1,414.01	575.42	{12,023.81}	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	•	(6,788.29)	775.41
Transfer Under 29C NHB		÷:	+	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	32.13	(32.13)						•	
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI	-		9 - E	130.81	*	(130.81)	×	· 28			1	S .	() ()
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve					N 1	1,239.24	÷	8	(1,239.24)	(51.12)	5	<u> </u>	
Transfer from Revaluation reserve	23	× ×			2	\$1.12				(51.12)		27.52	
Reversal on account of Japses of ESOP/SAR			2			27.52	÷.	2	1		- S	584.39	(35.87
Effect of changes in group's interest	1	÷			8	584.39	<u></u>	a de la companya de la			21	304.33	(55.67
Deemed distribution during the year		8	31			8	- ÷	L C.		1			
Transfer to impairment reserve	. 1 . 2		2	2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·					16 176 201	740.54
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(3,596.26	114.34	4,269,44	1,544.82	607.55	(10,284.48)	52.55	32.27	219.07	864.32	·	(6,176.38)	/40.54

As per our report of even date attached







Consolidated Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
A Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,492.83)	(1,394.00)
Adjustments for:	(-,,	(1,07,000)
Depreciation and amortisation	366.14	401.11
Profit on sale of investments	838.00	(1,771.83)
Impairment on financial instruments (net)	(245.92)	526,82
Fair value of financial instruments (net)	1,905.84	(749.20)
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	3.38	(20.95)
Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)	-	(4.18)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes Adjustments for:	1,374.61	(3,012.23)
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(487.47)	(222.84)
Decrease / (increase) in stock-in-trade	91.01	695.06
Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	13.08	(1,164.17)
Decrease / (increase) in loans	738.64	29,984.26
Sale / (purchase) of Investments (net)	(4,750.90)	(5,223.44)
Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets	(44.77)	137.69
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	73.30	(237.69)
Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities	18.56	(322.34)
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liability	2,710.52	864.98
	(263.42)	21,499.28
Income taxes paid (net of refund)	(294.46)	(151.96)
Net cash generated from operating activities -A	(557.88)	21,347.32
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (Net)	303.87	127.73
Net cash generated from investing activities - B	303.87	127.73
C Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of Share capital	2,000.00	-
Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)	7,360.83	(23,745.56)
Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)	(9,668.35)	(3,605.09)
Proceeds / (repayment) from Subordinated Liabilities	(1,806.06)	(5,603.09)
Effect of change in group's interest	576.04	(2,194.16)
Net cash used in financing activities - C	(1,537.55)	(29,386.25)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,791.56)	(7,911.20)
Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	3,080.78	10,991.98
Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year		





Consolidated Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023 (continued)

Notes:

- 1 Cash receipts and payments for transaction with group companies in which the turnover is quick, the amounts are large, and the maturities are short are presented on net basis in accordance with Ind AS-7 Statement of Cash Flows.
- 2 Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the companies Act ,2013.
- 3 Refer note 50 for disclosure relating to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

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Shailendfa Dadhich Partner Membership No: 425098

Mumbai May 24, 2023



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anadya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Director

DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana

Company Scher ary

COMO Mumbai May 24, 2023

Edel Finance Company Limited Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Background

Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') a public limited company domiciled and incorporated under the provisions applicable in India under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company was incorporated on October 16, 1989 and is wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company was primarily engaged in the business of lending and investment and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND-SI). Company got converted to Core Investment Company ('CIC') as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI on 09th October 2018.

2. Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements relate to Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group') and associates. The Group is primarily engaged in (a) agency business, which includes advisory and other fee based services, (b) Capital business which includes lending business and investment activities and (c) Treasury business includes income from trading activities.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 24 May 2023.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for entities under liquidation/ dissolution and certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (i VOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through Profit or Loss and other financial assets held for trading, certain property plant and equipment which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Group presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 49.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

Derivative assets and liabilities with master netting arrangements (e.g., transactions under International Swaps and Derivative Association (ISDA) master agreement) are only presented net when they satisfy the eligibility of netting for all of the above criteria and not just in the event of default.

4. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as on 31 March 2023, comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 including any controlled structured entities. The Company consolidates a subsidiary when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements.





4. Basis of consolidation (Continued)

- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee, if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. However, no subsidiaries, associates and consolidated structure entities have followed different accounting policies than those followed by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e., year ended on 31 March.

Consolidation procedure:

- a. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- b. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill, refer note no 5.27.
- c. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. With respect to put options granted by the Group to the holders of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, where the Group does not have a present ownership interest in the shares subject to put, till the put remains unexercised, non-controlling continues to be recognised including allocation of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other changes in equity of the subsidiary. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

Given the level of judgement required regarding consolidation of structured entities, these considerations are described further in the significant accounting judgements in Note 6.1(b). Disclosures for investment in subsidiaries, and structured entities are provided in Note 56.





4. Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee, but it's not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in its associate is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the Statement of Changes in Equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

5. Significant accounting policies

5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income

5.1.1 Effective interest rate (EIR)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate a shorter period to the gross canying amount of financial instrument.

The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial asset. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments penalty interest and charges.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

5.1.2 Interest Income

The Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than creditimpaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Penal interest income on delayed EMI or pre EMI is recognised on receipt basis.

5.1.3 Dividend Income

The Group recognised dividend income when the Group's right to receive the payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

5.1.4 Fee and Commission Income

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The Group recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the Group will collect the consideration.





5. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income (Continued)

5.1.5 Other Income

Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract. Other ancillary charges are recognized upon realisation.

5.1.6 Brokerage Income

Brokerage income is recognised as per contracted rates at the execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date and is reflected net of related sub-brokerage expenses, Goods and Service Tax ("GST"), transaction charges and stock exchange expenses.

5.1.7 Business support services Income

Business support services including web based services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Group and the counterparty.

- 5.1.8 Profit / loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.
- 5.1.9 Commodities sales are accounted as per terms of agreement with the parties.
- 5.1.10 Warehouse income is recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered with customers.
- 5.1.11 Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on certainty of realisation.
- 5.1.12 Interests on delayed payments, warehousing charges and rental income are recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered.
- 5.1.13 Profit / (loss) from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ (loss) is ascertained and credited / debited to the Group's account in the books of the partnership firm.
- 5.1.14 Real estate advisory income is recognised basis the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement.

5.1.15 High seas sale

Sales during the course of import by transfer of documents of title i.e., high seas sale of commodities are booked upon transfer of documents of title to the goods in favour of buyer before the goods cross the customs frontiers of India.

5.1.16 Revenue from Investment management services

Revenue from Investment management services is recognised over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement with group companies. The investment manager, in addition to management fee, also receives a performance profit allocation in respect of all classes of units. The incentive fee is calculated at the end of every performance period on a unit-by-unit basis so that each class of unit is charged an incentive fee, which equates fairly with that unit's performance. At the end of each performance period, the incentive fee is calculated as a % of the appreciation in the NAV per class of unit (before accrual or deduction of the incentive fee) over the reference price per class of unit and after accounting for the hurdle rate.

5.1.17 The trusteeship fee is recognised as mutually agreed between the trustee and the settler.





5.2 Financial Instruments

5.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Group recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Group.

5.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

5.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

5.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

- If those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cash flow
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.





5.2 Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Group measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

5.3 Financial assets and liabilities

5.3.1 Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

5.3.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held for trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

5.3.3 Investment in equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost.

5.3.4 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

5.3.5 Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Commodity contracts that are entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the Group's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements are held at cost.





5.3.6 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement (continued)

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

5.3.7 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued, and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Group has issued certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

5.3.8 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; Or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed, and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; Or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash
 flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar
 instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

5.3.9 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

5.3.10 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line.





5.3.11 Derecognition of financial Instruments

5.3.11.1 Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either.

- The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumed a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to third party under pass through arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates.
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients.

The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

The Group also derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

5.3.11.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.

Simplified approach

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

General approach

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e., the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group recognises an impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss in the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e., financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Group cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.





Edel Finance Company Limited Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.5 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

5.6 Collateral repossessed

The Group's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in line with the Group's policy.

5.7 Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

5.8 Redeemable preference shares

Redeemable preference shares issued are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception and at amortised cost subsequently.

Where the transaction price for the preference shares issued differs from the fair value, the difference is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is a deemed capital contribution from the Group, in which case, the said difference is recognized in equity.

In accounting for these preference shares at amortised cost subsequent to initial recognition, interest expense based on the effective interest rate is recognized in profit or loss. This effective interest rate is based on the initial measurement of the preference shares (fair value) and the maturity amount. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is due to a transaction with a related party, in which case, the same is recognized as a deemed distribution or return of deemed capital contribution, as the case may be.

5.9 Compulsory Convertible Instruments

Compulsory Convertible Debentures/ Preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. At the inception of the Compulsory Convertible Instruments, the following two elements will be separated:

(a) a liability component arising from the interest payments; and(b) an equity component representing the delivery of fixed number of equity shares in future.

On issuance of the Compulsory Convertible Instrument, the fair value of the liability portion is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. The carrying amount of the equity component is not subsequently re-measured.

5.10 Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed.





5.11 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from
 active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access to at the measurement date. The Group
 considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of
 the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance
 sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments-Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments -Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the
 measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring
 basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing
 categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the
 end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted
 methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.





Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured at transaction price i.e., the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. Where the consideration promised is variable, the Group excludes the estimates of variable consideration that are constrained. The Group applies the five-step approach for the recognition of revenue:

- I. Identification of contract
- II. Identification of the separate performance obligation in the contract
- III. Determination of transaction price
- IV. Allocation of transaction price to separate performance obligation and
- V. Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.

5.12 Leases

Group as a lessee

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease

The Group has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Group recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term.

Group as a lessor

The Group's accounting policy under Ind AS 116 has not changed from the comparative period. As a lessor the Group classifies its lease as either operating or financing leases. A Lease is classified as finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset and classified as an operating lease if does not.





5.13 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

5.14 Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Group. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

5.15 Retirement and other employee benefit

5.15.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

5.15.2 Gratuity

The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an insurance company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

5.15.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

5.15.4 Deferred Bonus

The Group has adopted a Deferred Bonus Plan under its Deferred Variable Compensation Plan. A pool of identified senior employees of the Group is entitled for benefits under this plan. Such deferred compensation will be paid in a phased manner over a future period of time The measurement for the same has been based on actuarial assumptions and principles.





Edel Finance Company Limited Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.16 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are granted by the ultimate parent Group. These are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. These includes Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR"s) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent Group. These are classified as equity settled share based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs) / Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs)

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights in force. Based on such schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

5.17 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated Useful Life
Building (Other than Factory Building)	60 years
Plant and equipments	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years





5.17 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property and equipment in the statement of financial position – refer to the accounting policy 5.12. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

5.18 Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangible assets under development are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets.

5.19 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed, and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.





5.20 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

5.21 Income tax expenses:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

5.21.1 Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

5.21.2 Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.





5.21.2 Deferred tax (continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

5.21.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5.21.4 Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

MAT paid in a year is charged to the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss as current tax. The Group recognises unused MAT credit as a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it is probable that the Group will be able to utilise during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Group recognises deferred tax asset (MAT credit) as an asset, the said asset is created by way of credit to the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Group reviews the MAT asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is not probable that the Group will be able to utilise it during the specified period.

5.22 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5.23 Inventories

Inventories in the form of commodities are valued at weighted average cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

5.24 Stock in Transit

Stock in transit in the form of commodities are stated at cost.

5.25 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using written down value method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.

5.26 Receivables from Agency Business

The Group's business includes 'Agency Business' wherein acts as a procurement agent for its various principals, and renders other related end to end value additive services like procurement formalities including importing, receiving and storing of goods, insuring, maintenance of goods in proper condition, dispatch to designated parties, facilitating funding, etc. The Group procures goods and makes payment to the supplier on behalf of the principal. The payment made to supplier is shown as Trade receivables (current) and is secured by inventory held on behalf of principal marked as lien.




5.27 Business Combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used for business combinations by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired, and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values with certain limited exceptions. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Business combination under common control

Common control business combinations include transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group. Group has accounted all such transactions based on pooling of interest method, which is as below:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values or recognise any new assets or liabilities.
- The financial information in the reformatted consolidated financial information in respect of prior periods are restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination.

The identity of the reserves shall be preserved and shall appear in the financial information of the transferee in the same form in which they appeared in the financial information of the transferor. The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor shall be transferred to capital reserve.

6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 5, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

6.1. Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

a. Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.





6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

6.1. Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

a. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

b. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Group, structured entities comprise securitisation trusts in asset reconstruction business, mutual fund schemes and alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Group consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Group also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Group's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Group has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Group's returns i e the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.

c. Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Group uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, court site to the construction of the construction of the second construction of the construction of t





Edel Finance Company Limited Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

b. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

c. Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 5, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes in fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

d. Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses with respect to certain subsidiaries where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

e. Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

f. Asset liability management

Management has made an assessment of its ability to continue and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.





6. B. Standards issued but not yet effective:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from 01 April 2023.

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The company is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Cash in hand		0.01
Balances with banks	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- in current accounts	1,178.07	2,167.78
 - in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months * 	111.15	912.99
Total	1,289.22	3,080.78

* Fixed deposit amounting to ₹ Nil million (Previous year: ₹ 9.55 million) held under encumbrance.

8. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Fixed deposits at amortised cost (refer Note 1 below)	2,430.22	2,491.84
Other bank balances (refer Note 2 below)	28.73	665.48
Total	2,458.95	3,157.32

Note 1:

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 1,502.65 million (previous year ₹ 2,350.59 million) with bank for securing credit facilities, obtaining bank guarantees, securitisation/ assignment under partial credit guarantee scheme.

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 4.00 million (previous year ₹ 4.00 million) with exchange to meet margin requirement

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 65.84 million (previous year ₹ 73.65 million) with VAT, Sales Tax and Custom authorities.

• Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 13.09 million (previous year ₹ 14.31 million) with agriculture produce market committee for obtaining Mandi license

Note 2:

• Bank Balance aggregating to ₹28.73 million (Previous year: ₹665.48 million) have been held in Escrow account is charged against debt securities





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9. Derivative financial instruments

24 84 22	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Notional amount	Fair value of	
31-Mar-23	(units)	(₹)	(units)	liability (₹)	
(i) Currency derivatives					
Currency Futures	1,093,000.00	89.97			
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)	*	(89.97)			
(i) Index linked deviations					
(i) Index linked derivatives Index Futures					
Options purchased			-	-	
Options sold (written)		-	_	-	
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)				-	
Subtotal (i)				-	
(ii) Equity linked derivatives					
Stock Futures	-	-	-	-	
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		-	
Subtotal (II)		-		-	
Total		-		-	

31-Mar-22	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Notional amount	Fair value of
31-War-22	(units)	(₹)	(units)	liability (₹)
(i) Index linked derivatives				
Index Futures				
Options purchased	330,750.00	17.16	-	-
Options sold (written)		+	177,050	29.17
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		-
Subtotal (i)		17.16		29.17
(ii) Equity linked derivatives				
Stock Futures	-	-	-	-
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		-
Subtotal (ii)		-		-
Total		17.16		29.17

Note:

Notional amount in the above tables refer to number of underlying equity shares in case of stock futures and options, number of underlying index units in case of index-linked derivatives, number of underlying currency units in case of currency derivatives, number of underlying government securities / bonds in case of interest rate future, amount of notional currency in case of interest rate swaps.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9.A Offsetting

The tables below summarise the financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting and similar agreements, as well as financial collateral received to mitigate credit exposures for these financial assets, and whether offset is achieved in the balance sheet:

	Offsetting		in balance	Netting p		cognised in balance	Assets not	Total	Maximum	
		sheet			sheet		subject to netting	Assets	Exposure to Risk	
							arrangements		·	
Financial assets subject to					· · ·	, · · ·				
offsetting	Gross	Amount	Net asset	Financial	Collaterals	Assets after	Assets	Recognised	After	
	asset	offset	recognised	assets	paid	consideration of	recognised on	in the	consideration of	
	before		on the			netting potential	the balance	balance	netting	
	offset		balance				sheet	sheet	potential	
			sheet							
Derivative Assets	89.97	(89.97)	-	· •	-	-	-	-		
Margin placed with broker	· · · ·		-	-	-	-	•	-	-	
	Offsetting	recognised	in balance	Netting p	otential not re	cognised in balance	Liabilities not	Total	Maximum	
		sheet			sheet		subject to netting	Liabilities	Exposure to Risi	
				1.1	· · · ·	1997 - 1997 -	arrangements			
				1	1. A 1.					
Financial liabilities subject to	Gross	Amount	Net	Financial	Collaterals	Liabilities after	Liabilities	Recognised	After	
offsetting	Liabilities	offset	Liabilities	Assets	Paid	consideration of	recognised on	in the	consideration of	
	before	dilber	recognised	ASICIS	1 410	netting potential	the balance	balance	netting	
	offset		on the		·	indian B portention	sheet	sheet	potential	
			balance			te da para			parentia	
	a filipitati. A tanang		sheet							
Derivative Liabilities			-	-	-	-	-	-		
As at 31 March 2022:	Offsetting	recognised sheet	in balance	Netting p	otential not rea	cognised in balance	Assets not	Total	Maximum	
								Assets	Exposure to Risk	
					511.64		subject to netting arrangements	Assets	Exposure to Risk	
Financial assets subject to							arrangements			
•	Gross asset	Amount	Net asset	Financial	Collaterals	Assets after	arrangements Assets recognised	Recognised	After	
•	before	Amount offset	recognised	Financial assets		Assets after consideration of	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance	Recognised in the	After consideration of	
Financial assets subject to offsetting			recognised on the		Collaterals	Assets after	arrangements Assets recognised	Recognised in the balance	After consideration of netting	
•	before		recognised on the balance		Collaterals	Assets after consideration of	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance	Recognised in the	consideration of	
offsetting	before offset		recognised on the		Collaterals	Assets after consideration of	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance	Recognised in the balance	After consideration of netting	
offsetting Derivative Assets	before offset 17.16	offset	recognised on the balance	assets -	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance	Recognised in the balance	After consideration of netting potential	
offsetting Derivative Assets	before offset	offset	recognised on the balance sheet	assets	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of netting potential	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential	
•	before offset 17.16	offset - - recognised	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16	assets	Collaterals paid - -	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 Maximum	
offsetting Derivative Assets	before offset 17.16	offset - -	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 -	assets	Collaterals paid - -	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 - cognised in balance	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet Liabilities not subject to netting	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 Maximum	
offsetting Derivative Assets	before offset 17.16	offset - - recognised	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 -	assets	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 - cognised in balance	arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 Maximum	
offsetting Derivative Assets Margin placed with broker	before offset 17.16	offset - - recognised	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 -	assets	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 - cognised in balance	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet Liabilities not subject to netting	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
offsetting Derivative Assets Margin placed with broker	before offset 17.16 - Offsetting	offset - - recognised sheet	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 - in balance	assets - - Netting p Financial	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea sheet	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 - cognised in balance	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements Liabilities	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total Liabilities	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 	
offsetting Derivative Assets Margin placed with broker	before offset 17.16 - Offsetting Gross	offset - - recognised sheet Amount	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 - in balance Net Liabilities	assets - - Netting p	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea sheet Collaterals	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - - Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total Liabilities Recognised in the	After consideration or netting potential 17.16 	
offsetting Derivative Assets Margin placed with broker	before offset 17.16 - Offsetting Gross Liabilities	offset - - recognised sheet Amount	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 - in balance Net	assets - - Netting p Financial	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea sheet Collaterals	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 - cognised in balance Liabilities after	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements Liabilities recognised on	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total Liabilities Recognised in the	After consideration or netting potential 17.16 	
offsetting Derivative Assets Margin placed with broker	before offset 17.16 - Offsetting Gross Liabilities before	offset - - recognised sheet Amount	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 - in balance Net Liabilities recognised	assets - - Netting p Financial	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea sheet Collaterals	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements Liabilities recognised on	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total Liabilities Recognised in the balance	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 Maximum Exposure to Risk After consideration of	
offsetting Derivative Assets	before offset 17.16 - Offsetting Gross Liabilities before	offset - - recognised sheet Amount	recognised on the balance sheet 17.16 - in balance Net Liabilities recognised on the	assets - - Netting p Financial	Collaterals paid - - otential not rea sheet Collaterals	Assets after consideration of netting potential 17.16 	Arrangements Assets recognised on the balance sheet - Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements Liabilities recognised on	Recognised in the balance sheet 17.16 - Total Liabilities Recognised in the balance	After consideration of netting potential 17.16 	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10. Stock in trade (Securities held for trading) at FVTPL

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Debt Securities	2,021.08	2,229.73
Mutual Fund	117.64	-
Total	2,138.72	2,229.73
Investments in India	2,138.72	2,229.73
Investments outside India		-
Total	2,138.72	2,229.73

Note:

a. Debt securities amounting to ₹ 1,869.79 million (Previous year: ₹ 1,301.86 million) is charged against debt securities borrowing.

11. Trade receivables

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade receivables		
Receivables considered good - secured		-
Receivables considered good unsecured	392.44	223.14
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	6.52	3.80
Receivables - credit impaired	362.75	386.78
Gross Receivables	761.71	613.72
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables considered good Unsecured	(0.56)	(2.39)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	(6.52)	(3.80)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Credit impaired	(362.75)	(386.78)
Total receivables net of provision	391.88	220.75





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11. Trade receivables (Continued) 11.1 Trade receivables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good-Gross	392.44	-	-	-	· <u>-</u> ·	392.44	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross	~ ~		6.52	-	-	6.52	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-Gross	1.52	-	4.86	12.31	344.06	362.75	
Gross receivables (A)	393.96	-	11.38	12.31	344.06	761.71	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(0.56)	-	•	•	•	(0.56)	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL	-	-	(6.52)	-	-	(6.52)	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	(1.52)		(4.86)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(362.75)	
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(2.08)	-	(11.38)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(369.83)	
Total receivables net of provision = (A)+(B)	391.88	-		-	•	391.88	
As at March 31, 2022	Outstan	ding for following pe	riods from du	ue date of pay	ment		
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good-Gross	223.14	-	-	-	-	223.14	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross	-	-	3.76	0.04	-	3.80	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-Gross	-	5.03	12.31	25.02	344.42	386.78	
Gross receivables (A)	223.14	5.03	16.07	25.06	344.42	613.72	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(2.39)	÷	-	-		(2.39	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL		-	(3.76)	(0.04)	-	(3.80)	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	-	(5.03)	(12.31)	(25.02)	(344.42)	{386.78]	
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(2.39)	(5.03)	(16.07)	(25.06)	(344.42)	(392.97	
Total receivables net of prevision = (A) (B)	220.75			~ ~ ~		220.75	

There are no unbilled or not due trade receivables as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

11.2. Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach		
Impairment allowance - opening balance	392.97	438.85
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(23.14)	(45.88)
Impairment allowance - closing balance	369.83	392.97

Notes:

1) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person 2) No trade or other receivables are due from firms or private companies in which directors is partner, a director or a member.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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	1	31 March 2023		31 March 2022			
Particulars	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total	at amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total	
Term Loans	1. T. T.						
Corporate and Retail Credit	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33	
Total gross (A)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)		(8,043.59)	(3,320.78)	-	(3,320.78	
Total (Net) (A)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55	
Collateral :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · ·			
Secured by tangible assets	29,241.43	425.88	29,667.31	35,289.37	3,361.82	38,651.19	
Unsecured	17,844.24	2,219.21	20,063.45	6,533.14	-	6,533.14	
Total gross (B)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)		(8,043.59)	(3,320 78)	-	(3,320.78	
Total (Net) (B)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55	
Loans in India	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		······································				
Public sector	-	-		**		-	
Others	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33	
Total gross (C)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)		(8,043.59)	(3,320.78)	-	(3,320.78	
Total (Net) (C) (I)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55	
Loans outside India	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	-	-		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	. .	-	-	-	**	~	
Total (Net) (C) (II)	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Total (C) (I) and (C) (II)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55	



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

12. Loans (Continued)

12.1 Credit quality

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 55.D.1 and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 55.D.1

Loans at amortised cost

Particulars	· ·	As at March 31, 2023				As at March 31, 2022		
Fai deulais	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total
Performing								
High grade	35,471.90	•		35,471.90	33,243.65	-	-	33,243.65
Standard grade	-	3,420.74	-	3,420.74	-	5,440.81	-	5,440.81
Non-Performing								
Impaired	_	-	8,193.03	8,193.03	-	+	3,138.05	3,138.05
Total	35,471.90	3,420.74	8,193.03	47,085.67	33,243.65	5,440.81	3,138.05	41,822.51

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosure provides stage wise reconciliation of the Group's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporates and retail customers. The transfers of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The 'New assets originated /repayments received (net)' represent the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Group's lending portfolio.

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

	Non Credit Impaired				Credit Im	paired	Total	
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III		1 - 1	1
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL
Balance as at 31 March 2022	33,243.65	302.25	5,440.81	475.71	3,138.05	2,542.82	41,822.51	3,320.78
Transfers:								· . ·
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	(253.08)	54.48	(561.24)	(28.17)	(168.83)	(26.31)	(983.15)	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(820.78)	(5.05)	906.13	18.29	(85.35)	(13.24)	-	• :
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(319.33)	(1.60)	(388.07)	(30.11)	707.40	31.71	-	
Remeasurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage (net)	-	(50.39)	-	30.65	-	52.64	-	32.90
Net new and further lending/(repayments) (including write-off) and sale to ARC / AIF	3,622.43	0.00	(1,971.78)	(220.10)	4,625.56	4,921.97	6,276.21	4,701.87
Amounts written off	(0.99)	(0.08)	(5.11)	(3.07)	(23.80)	(8.81)	(29.90)	(11.96)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	35,471.90	299.61	3,420.74	243.20	8,193.03	7,500.78	47,085.67	8,043.59

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

		Non Credit I	mpaired		Credit Impaired		Total	
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III			
Particulars	Gross Carrying	Allowance	Gross	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance	Gross carrying	Allowance
	Amount	for ECL	carrying	for ECL	Amount	for ECL	Amount	for ECL
			Amount					
Balance as at 31 March 2021	64,344.99	92.21	4,432.10	320.87	3,788.23	2,562.37	72,565.32	2,975.45
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	1,435.00	91.64	(1,271.30)	(75.13)	(163.70)	(16.51)	-	*
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(1,003.36)	(7.46)	1,050.03	12.15	(46.67)	(4.69)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(515.83)	(3.46)	(981.44)	(59.68)	1,497.27	63.14	+	-
Net re-measurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage	-	(86.61)	-	50.16	-	63.36	-	26.91
Net new and further lending/(repayments) (including write-off)	(31,017.15)	215.93	2,211.42	227.34	(1,937.08)	(124.85)	(30,742.81)	318.42
and sale to ARC / AIF								~~~~
Balance as at 31 March 2022	33,243.65	302.25	5,440.81	475.71	3,138.05	2,542.82	41,822.51	3,320.78





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Amortised cost	Through OCI	FVTPL	At Cost	Total
31-Mar-23				(Associates	
				& Others)	
Equity instruments	•	•	4,103.26	6,045.51	10,148.77
Uebt Securities	-	-	2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Preference Shares	-	-	•	858.92	858.92
Security Receipt	-	•	2,155.73	-	2,155.73
Warrant	•	-		-	·
Units of AIF	-	•	3,667.28		3,667.28
Mutual Fund	-	•	127.34	-	127.34
Others	502.37	-	-	3.16	505.53
Investment in compulsory convertible instruments and					
put CCPS CCDS	1,000.10	•	-	6,600.00	7,600.10
					-
Total	1,502.47	•	12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	· • ·	·-
(ii) Investment in India	1,502.47	-	12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
Total	1,502.47	•	12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
Less: Allowance for impairment	-	-	(86.81)	-	(86.81)
Total	1,502.47	-	12,825.42	13,507.59	27,835.48
	Amortised cost	Through OCI	FVTPL	At Cost	Total
31-Mar-22				(Associates	
51 WIGI 22				& Others)	
Equity instruments	-	-	1.00	12,780.32	12,781.32
Debt Securities	2,126.26	-	4,372.14	-	6,498.40
Security Receipt	-	-	2,702.98	+	2,702.98
Warrant			111.93		111.93
Units of AIF	+	-	3,934.06	-	3,934.06
Mutual Fund		-	-	•	-
Others	•	-	-	4.14	4.14
Total	2,126.26	-	11,122.11	12,784.46	26,032.83
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	•	-	•
(ii) Investment in India	2,126.26		11,122.11	12,784.45	26,032.83
Total	2,126,26	-	11,122.11	12,784.46	26,032.83
Less: Allowance for impairment	(5.67)	-	(198.74)	-	(204.41)

13.1 Investments measured at amortised cost:

i) Credit quality of assets:

The table below shows the gross carrying amount of the Group's investments measured at amortised cost by credit risk, based on the Group's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification. The amount presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading system and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note S5.D.1

	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
Particulars	carrying	carrying	carrying	carrying
Particulars	amount	amount	amount	amoun
	(Stage I)	(Stage II)	(Stage III)	Tota
Performing	1,502.47	-	· •	1,502.47
High grade	•	-	-	-
Total	1,502.47	-		1,502.47

31-Mar-22				
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
Particulars	carrying	carrying	carrying	carrying
Faituculais	amount	amount	amount	amount
	(Stage I)	(Stage II)	(Stage III)	Total
Performing	2,126.26	-	*	2,126.26
High grade	•	-	-	•
Total	2,126.26	-	-	2,126.2

ii) Reconciliation of gross carrying amount for investments measured at amortised cost

					MUMBAI
	31-N	Aar-23	31-M		
	Gross	12 months	Gross	12 months	1
Particulars	Carrying	ECL	Carrying	ECL 🔰	
	Amount	allowance	Amount	allowance	
	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	NED ACCOV
Gross carrying amount - opening balance	2,126.26	(5.67)	2,126.26	(5.67)	
Assets acquired or recognised	1,502.47	-	-	-	_
Unwinding of discount (recognised in interest income)	-	-	•	-	
Changes to contractual cash flows due to modifications not resulting in derecognition	-	-	•	•	and the second se
Assets derecognised or matured	(2,126.26)	5.67	-	-	CE COA
Closing balance	1,502.47		2,126.26	(5.67)	112000

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	14.42	13.36
Deposits- others	72,34	41.36
Rental deposits	5.19	4.34
Margin placed with broker	1.23	7.97
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	1.335.72	688.64
Others	0.67	0.62
Total	1,429.57	756.29
5. Current tax assets (net)		
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Advance income taxes (Net of provision for tax)	2,232.13	2,020.39
Total	2,232.13	2,020.39
6. Deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Deferred tax assets	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for expected credit losses	696.39	869.33
Unused tax losses / credits	1,810.62	1,569.33
Employee benefits obligations	2.26	2.26
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(638.59)	(47.40)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(508.12)	(530.28)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(47.85)	(107.29)
iotal	1,314.71	1,755.95
Deferred tax liabilities	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for expected credit losses	(116.32)	(122.77)
Employee benefits obligations	(9.60)	(11.02)
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	35.62	78.00
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	124.20	16.66
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	7.36	9.92
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	2.33	101.02
Total	43.59	71.81





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

17. Investment property

Particulars	Investment Property				
raiticulars	Land	Real Estate	Total		
as at April 1, 2021	137.43	4,896.46	5,033.89		
Additions	-	510.99	510.99		
Disposals		(829.85)	(829.85)		
as at March 31, 2022	137.43	4,577.60	4,715.03		
Additions		44.06	44.06		
Disposals	-	(438.74)	(438.74)		
as at March 31, 2023	137.43	4,182.92	4,320.35		
Depreciation and amortisation:					
as at April 1, 2021	. –	1,045.91	1,045.91		
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year	-	(50.08)	(50.08)		
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	-	195.70	195.70		
Disposals	-	(15.51)	(15.51)		
as at March 31, 2022		1,176.02	1,176.02		
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year	-	-	-		
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	-	111.74	111.74		
Disposals	-	-			
as at March 31, 2023	-	1,287.76	1,287.76		
Net Book Value					
As at March 31, 2022	137.43	3,401.58	3,539.01		
As at March 31, 2023	137.43	2,895.16	3,032.59		

Fair value of investment properties

Property	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Land	137.43	137.43
Real estate property	8,421.48	9,151.16
Total	8,558.91	9,288.59





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions) 18. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

*** *	-				Property	Property, plant and equipment	ipment					l	intangible Assets		
Particulars	Building (Flat)*#	Land*	Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Equipment	Plant and Machinery- Solar power	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Dffice equipment	Computers	Total	Computer Software	Goadwill	Total	Total
se at Anril 1 2021	2 212 20	164.23	288.44	18.22	4.10	62.05	88.12	26.7	100.15	203.34	3.148.77	119.68	18.68	138.36	3.287.13
	117 47		51 G6	59 6				1 25	CT 0	8 97	183 98	10 90		10 90	194.88
Disposals			(11.31)	Ť	(3.60)	•	(10.81)	(5.98)	(31.58)	(54.88)	(120.28)	(0.94)	,	10.94)	(121.22)
as at March 31, 2022	2,329.67	164.23	329.09	18.73	0.50	62.05	78.24	3.29	69.29	157.38	3,212.47	129.64	18.68	148.32	3,360.79
Additions	,	•	33.34	2.12		,	1.37	\$	3.72	10.16	50.71	63.13	,	63.13	113.84
Disposals		•	(8.10)	(0.05)	•	ı	{0.83}	(1.41)	(23.25)	(86.65)	(120.29)	(01.6)		(01.0)	(129.39)
as at March 31, 2023	2,329.67	164.23	354,33	20.80	0.50	62.05	78.78	1.88	49.76	80.89	3,142.89	183.67	18.68	202.35	3,345.24
Depreclation :															
as at April 1, 2021	123.04		184.98	10.70	1.97	33.87	42.96	5.36	71.96	163.26	638,10	102.51	18.68	121.19	759.29
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	161.72		30,60	4.41	0.16	5,33	10.97	0.88	11.36	16.30	241.73	14.04	•	14.04	255.77
Disposals	•	•	(65:0)	(1.99)	(1.82)	•	(8.8)	(4.78)	(28.59)	(50-27)	(97.27)	(36'0)	•	(0.95)	(98.22)
as at March 31, 2022	284.76		214.65	13.12	0.31	39.20	45.04	1.46	54.73	129.29	782.56	115.60	18.68	134.28	916.84
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	181.19	•	30.97	3.39	0.03	4.14	7.91	1.30	7.18	10.64	246.75	7.65		7.65	254.40
Disposals	,	•	(0.38)	(0.05)	•	•	(0.54)	(0.97)	(22.59)	(80.87)	(105.40)	(5.90)	•	(2:30)	(111.30)
as at March 31, 2023	465.95	,	245.24	16.46	0.34	43.34	52.41	1.79	39.32	59.06	923.91	117.35	18.68	136.03	1,059.94
Net Book Value															
As at March 31, 2022	2,044.91	164.23	114,44	5.61	0.19	22.85	33.20	1.83	14.56	28.09	2,429.91	14.04	•	14.04	2,443.95
As at March 31, 2023	1,863.72	164.23	109.09	4.34	0.16	18.71	26.37	60.0	10.44	21.83	2,218.98	66.32	,	66.32	2,285.30

*Pledged against issuance of NCDs and Corporate Guarantee.

During FY 2021-22, the Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (ERCSL), subsidiary of the Company had paid additional Floor Space index (FSI') charges amounting to ₹ 351.50 million to Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ('MCGM') for floor's owned by Company in Edelweiss House. This amount was capitalized and depreciation amounting to ₹ 149.50 million had been charged in FY2021-22. Awaiting approval from MCGM, during the year ended March 31, 2023, ERCSL has recorded accelerated depreciation on the remaining book value of ₹ 227,00 million.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

19. Intangible Assets Under Development

a Intangible assets under development aging schedule As at 31 March 2023

	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Und	er Development	t for a period of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project in progress	12.40	-	r.	-	12.40
Total	12.40	-	-	-	12.40
As at 31 March 2022					
	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Und	er Development	for a period of	
Particulars	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Und 1-2 Years	er Development 2-3 years	for a period of More than 3 years	Total
Particulars Project in progress	a			More than 3	Total 17.35

b There are no Intangible Assets Under Development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

20. Other non-financial assets

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Input tax credit	329.84	274.46
Prepaid expenses	45.96	61.87
Vendor Advances	49.46	50,78
Advances to employees	4.19	4.36
Deposits	18.83	18.83
Othors	29.87	23.08
Total	478.15	433.38

21. Trade Payables

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (MSME)	8.47	7.30
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	393.41	323.47
Total	401.88	330.77

21.A Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade Payables includes ₹ 8.47 million (Previous Year ₹ 7.30 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Interest paid by the Group during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this Act is ₹ NIL million (Previous year: ₹ 0.05 million). The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

21.8 Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Total
Particulars			year			years	
(i) MSME	0.30	-	8.17	-	-	-	8.47
(ii) Others	22.53	•	365.28	2.60	0.74	2.26	393.41
Total	22.83	-	373.45	2.60	0.74	2.26	401.88

As at March 31, 2022	Out	standing for	following neric	ds from due o	date of nayme	nt	
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Tota
Facticulars			year			years	
(i) MSME	-	-	7.30	-	-	-	7.30
(ii) Others	16.61	•	303.64	0.81	1.76	0.65	323.47
Total	15.61		310.94	0.81	1.76	0.65	330.77

22. Debt securities

Debt securities		
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
At amortised cost		
Secured		
Non-convertible redeemable debentures	21,789.44	20,913.72
Unsecured		
Non-convertible redeemable debentures	11,378.02	6,773.74
Commercial Paper	6,899.83	5,019.00
Total (refer Note below)	40,067.29	32,706.46
Debt Securities in India	40,067.29	32,706.46
Debt Securities outside India	•	· · · ·
Total	40,067.29	32,706.46

Note:

For secured debt, the Group has provided collateral in the nature of Pari Passu charge of immovable property, receivable from financing business, securities held for trading, investments, property (excluding intangible assets) and other assets.

Debt Securities as at March 31, 2023

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
8.00 - 8.99%	1,070.00	815.12	<u>-</u>	1,885.12
9.00 - 9.99%	5,939.74	4,756.17	6,295.93	16,991.84
10.00 - 10.99%	•	5,144.18	7,838.17	12,982.35
Zero Coupon Debentures	-	-	•	-
Various (benchmark linked)	1,974.40	3,390.05	2,105.15	7,470.60
Accrued Interest and EIR	-		-	737.38
Total	8.984.14	14,105.52	16,240,25	40,067,29
Debt Securities as at March 31, 2022				
Debt Securities as at March 31, 2022				
Debt Securities as at March 31, 2022 Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Maturities Rate of Interest	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Maturities	<1 Years 6,319.00	1-3 Years	>3 Years 6,000.00	Total 12,319.00
Maturities Rate of Interest		1-3 Years		
Maturities Rate of Interest 8.00 - 8.99%	6,319.00		6,000.00	12,319.00
Maturities Rate of Interest 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% 10.00 - 10.99%	6,319.00 1,000.00		6,000.00 698.42	12,319.00 1,698.42 11,236.25
Maturities Rate of Interest 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99%	6,319.00 1,000.00	-	6,000.00 698.42 4,697.06	12,319.00 1,698.42
Maturities Rate of Interest 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Zero Coupon Debentures	6,319.00 1,000.00 6,539.19		6,000.00 698.42 4,697.06 59.84	12,319.00 1,698.42 11,236.25 59.84





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

72	Dorrowings	fathar than	debt securities)	

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
At amortised cost		
Secured		
Term Loans		
- From Banks	9,049.91	11,897.48
- National Housing Bank	917.05	1,324.40
Bank Overdraft	-	943.88
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business and fixed deposit]		
Bank overdraft is in nature of Committed Cash Credit Lines repayable on demand.		
Working Capital demand Ioan (WCDL)	-	1,200.00
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business]		
Unsecured		
Loan and advances from related parties		
(Interest rate 11.00% to 14.50%) (PY 11.00% to 13.00%)	18,783.48	23,053.03
	28,750.44	38,418.79
Borrowings in India	28,750.44	38,418.79
Borrowings outside India	-	-
Total	28,750.44	38,418.79

Following is the repayment terms of term loans:

Following is the repayment terms of term loans:				
Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	451.00	-	-	451.00
8.00 - 8.99%	554.10	547.25	187.50	1,288.85
9.00 - 9.99%	1,838.88	2,526.04	993.53	5,358.45
10.00 - 10.99%	2,081.78	-	-	2,081.78
Accrued Interest and FIR	. .	-	-	(130.17)
Total	4,925.76	3,073.29	1,181.03	9,049.91
Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2022				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	443.88	538.85	-	982.73
8.00 - 8.99%	4,059.87	4,675.12	-	8,734.99
10.00 - 10.99%	1,565.99	677.64	-	2,243.63
Accrued Interest and EIR	•	-	-	(63.87)
Total	6,069.74	5,891.61	~	11,897.48
Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB)				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
4.00 - 4,99%	159.04	157.32	-	316.36
5.00 - 5.99%		-		-
6.00 - 6.99%	5.80	3.85	+	9.65
7.00 - 7.99%	-	-	-	-
8.00 - 8.99%	132.78	255.35	202.91	591.04
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	-	-
Total	297.62	416.52	202.91	917.05
Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB)				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
4.00 - 4.99%	119.29	298.32	57.80	475.41
5.00 - 5.99%	-	-	_	•
6.00 - 6.99%	5.33	11.10	-	16.43
7.00 - 7.99%	61.98	185.94	291.30	539.22
8.00 - 8.99%	59.31	118.81	115.22	293.34
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-		-
Total	245.91	614.17	464.32	1,324.40
				<u>_</u>





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

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24. Subordinated Liabilities (at amortised cost)

Unsecured	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Non- convertible subordinated debt	643.03	641.68
Preference share capital	427.10	2,234.51
	· .	
Total	1,070.13	2,876.19
Subordinated liabilities in India	1,070.13	2,876.19
Subordinated liabilities outside India	-	-
Total	1,070.13	2,876.19

24.A Maturity profile and rate of interest of subordinated liabilities are set out below:

Terms and condition related to subordinated liabilities:

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Tota
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	•	-	-	-
9.00 - 9.99%	-	-	20.00	20.00
10.00 - 10.99%	-	481.91	-	481.91
11.00 - 11.99%	-	150.00	-	150.00
14.00 - 14.99%	-	-	386.68	386.68
Zero Coupon Debentures	•	•	20.42	20.42
Various (benchmark linked)	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	11.12
fotal	•	631.91	427.10	1,070.13

1 P		4 7 1/		
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	-	1,808.65	-	1,808.65
10.00 - 10.99%	- -		-	-
11.00 - 11.99%	-	500.00	150.00	650.00
14.00 - 14.99%	-	397.79	-	397.79
Accrued Interest and EIR	÷	-	-	19.75
Total	-	2,706.44	150.00	2,876.19





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

25. Other financial liabilities (at amortised cost unless otherwise specified)

Particulars		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Bank overdra	ť	-	44.18
Payable to em	ployees	58.62	93.52
Lease liabilitie	S	134.24	142.39
Payable on ac	count of securitisation	10,817.12	8,112.68
Financial liabi	ity associated to financial assets that are not	-	736.20
derecognised			
Other Liabiliti	25	1,381.49	552.00
Total		12,391.47	9,680.97
6. Current tax lia	abilities (net)		
Particulars		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for	axation (Net of advance tax)	33.44	25.23
Total		33.44	25.23
7. Provisions			
Particulars	y 10, minimum	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for	employee benefits		
Gratuity		35.77	36.57
Compens	ated leave absences	10.95	15.29
Others	······································	11.70	0.39
Total		58.42	52.25
8. Other non-fin	ancial liabilities		
Particulars	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Statutory liab	lities	67.27	52.57
	ed in advance	23.06	5.66
Others		45.19	58.73
Total		135.52	116.96



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31-M	lar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022	
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised :	· · ·			
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	228,500,000	22,850.00	228,500,000	22,850.00
Preference shares of ₹ 100 each	50,000,000	5,000.00	50,000,000	5,000.00
	278,500,000	27,850.00	278,500,000	27,850.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75
Total	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75
	· . ·			

29.A Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	55,667,388	5,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75
Additional equity shares issued during the year	20,000,000	2,000.00	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75

29.B Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 100/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

29.C Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
Holding company				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)*	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%
Total	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.D Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

	No. of shares	Change during	No. of shares at	%of total shares	% Change
P	at the	the year	the end of the		during the year
Promoter name	beginning of		year		
	the year				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	55,667,388	20,000,000	75,667,388	100.00%	
Total	55,667,388	20,000,000	75,667,388	100.00%	*
As at March 31, 2022		-			
	No of charge	Channa durian	No. of charge of	% of total charge	^Q Change during
	No. of shares	Change during		%of total shares	
Promoter name	at the	Change during the year	the end of the	%of total shares	% Change during the year
Promoter name		• •		%of total shares	
Promoter name Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	at the beginning of	• •	the end of the	%of total shares 100.00%	

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital (Continued)

29.E Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31-M	lar-2023	As at 31-M	ar-2022
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%
Total	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%

* including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.F There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

30. Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
Farticulais	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)				
(16,500,000 CCPS - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of ₹ 100/-)	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00
Total	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00

30.A Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00
Additional shares issued during the year	•	.	-	• -
Outstanding at the end of the year	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00

Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

The Company has issued and alloted 65,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 9, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 8, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

The Company has issued and alloted 1,00,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 20, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 19, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31. Other Equity

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Capital redemption reserve	114.34	114.34
Capital Reserve	(3,596.26)	(3,596.26)
Securities premium reserve	4,269.44	4,269.44
Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	1,544.82	1,414.01
Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	607.55	575.42
Retained earnings	(10,284.48)	(10,007.99)
Deemed capital contribution - Equity	52.55	52.55
Debenture Redemption Reserve	219.07	1,458.31
Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income	864.32	915.44
Impairment reserve	32.27	32.27
Total	(6,176.38)	(4,772.47)

31.1 Capital redemption reserve

The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.2 Capital Reserve

Capital reserve represents the gains of capital nature which is not freely available for distribution.

31.3 Securities premium reserve

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.4 Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) in The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared.

31.5 Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

In terms of Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 every housing finance institution which is a company is required to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account before any dividend is declared. Housing Finance Companies (HFCs), are permitted to withdraw from the said reserve fund, the excess amount credited (in excess of the statutory minimum of 20%) in the previous years for any business purposes subject to suitable disclosure in the balance sheet and in the case of HFCs which have transferred only the statutory minimum in the previous years to selectively permit them to withdraw from the reserve fund only for the purpose of provisioning for non-performing assets subject to the conditions that there is no debit balance in the profit and loss account and that the reason for such withdrawal are stated explicitly in the balance sheet.

31.6 Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

31.7 Deemed capital contribution - Equity

Deemed capital contribution relates to share options granted to eligible employees of the Company by the parent company under its employee share option plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Other Equity (Continued)

31.8 Debenture Redemption Reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. Company being NBFS has to maintain Debenture Redemption reserve upto 25% of the value of debentures issued through public issue. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

31.9 Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income

Group has decided to change to revaluation model from cost model of accounting for a class of asset. Similarly, group entities have also changed their existing model for Flats and building to align with the Group policy.

31.10 Equity instruments through other comprehensive income

The Group has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments within equity. The Group transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

31.11 Impairment reserve

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	erest Income		
	ticulars	2022-23	2021-
	financial assets measured at amortised cost		
	nterest on loans	5,101.04	6,820.
*******	nterest income from Investments	(4.26)	1,199.
Ir	nterest on fixed deposits with banks	119.43	171.
0	Dther interest Income	91.45	45.
on f	financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
	nterest on loans	221.32	519.
Ir	nterest income from Investments	470.71	196.
Tot	al	5,999.69	8,952.
D 1.1			
	idend Income		
	ticulars	2022-23	2021-
Divi	idend on Investment	4.12	
Tota		4.12	
	and commission income		
	ticulars	2022-23	2021
Adv	visory and other fees Income	917.11	1,278
Tota	al	917.11	1,278
100			1,210
	ow is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and it	s reconciliation to amounts repo	rted in statem
	profit and loss:		
	ticulars	2022-23	2021-
Serv	vice transferred at a point in time	205.66	594
Serv	vice transferred over time	711.45	684
Tot	al revenue from contract with customers	917.11	1,278
	t gain / (loss) on fair value changes ticulars	2022-23	2021-
	gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2022-25	2021
	trading portfolio		
<u> </u>	nvestment at FVTPL		
	On investments and securities held for trading	1,522.93	779
	On trading of securities (net)	27.97	(671
	On Sale of debt instruments	0.10	(10
	On security receipts	(4.65)	(2
D	Derivatives at FVTPL		
	On derivatives financial instrument	50.17	31
Oth		50.17	± 5
Jour	Other financial instruments	200.22	
Tet		309.33	622
100	al Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	1,905.84	749
Fair	r value changes		
	Realised	1,199.73	72
······	Unrealised	706.11	676
Tot		1,905.84	749
	ner operating income		
Par	ticulars	2022-23	2021
Wa	rehouse charges		54
	ntal income	355.39	313
Tot		355.39	367
	ner income	101 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2024
	ticulars	2022-23	2021
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	fit / (loss) on sale of investments	838.00	1,771
	erest on Income Tax Refund	15.51	. 62
	fit on sale of property, plant and equipment and tangible assets (net)		4
Mis	scellaneous income	45.83	60
То	tal	899.34	1,899
	1/2	AJ& DHE	
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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Finance costs (at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22	
Interest on borrowings other than debt securities	4,223.05	4,420.82	
Interest on debt securities	3,212.47	5,249.32	
Interest on subordinated liabilities	265.35	72.77	
Other Interest Expense	977.43	827.83	
Total	8,678.30	10,570.74	

39. Impairment on financial instruments

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
On loans	(999.07)	494.27
On investments	510.13	-
On trade receivables	243.01	32.55
Total	(245.93)	526.82

40. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Salaries and wages	950.83	1,104.78
Contribution to provident and other funds	53.75	54.13
Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and SAR (refer note below)	7.23	13.36
Staff welfare expenses	72.36	44.22
Gratuity Expenses (Refer Note No.48)	9.23	-
Total	1,093.40	1,216.49

Notes:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL") the holding Company has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

41. Other expenses

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Advertisement and business promotion	8.74	4.52
Auditors' remuneration (refer note 41.A)	16.45	21.06
Commission and brokerage	4.08	16.59
Communication expenses	27.07	23.93
Computer expenses	236.60	218.84
Miscellaneous expenses	69.53	44.88
Contribution towards Corporate Social responsibility	5.72	7.60
Directors' sitting fees	3.86	2.26
Dematerialisation charges	2.30	15.00
Electricity charges	41.14	9.92
Insurance	2.44	9.57
Legal and professional fees	679.29	691.16
License fees	•	11.14
Loan origination costs amortised	70.00	112.69
Loss / (Gain) on sale of property, plant and equipments (net)	8.48	-
Office expenses	95.33	90.06
Rates and taxes	216.17	85.55
Rent	5.57	80.26
Repairs and maintenance	14.17	10.39
Stamp duty	20.97	13.98
Security transaction tax	5.07	3.95
Transportation and Freight Expenses	42.70	36.41
Warehousing charges	0.42	55.00
Total	1,576.10	1,564.76

41.A Auditors' remuneration:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Audit fees	13.57	9.91
Tax Audit	милинин мили мили мили мили мили и и и и и и и	0.04
Limited Review	1.65	7.00
Certification	1.02	3.99
Reimbursement of expenses	0.21	0.12
Total	16.45	21.06





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

42 Income tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Current tax	84.58	105.79
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	5.53	(11.87)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	413.84	(3.66)
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses and unused tax credits (including write-downs) (net)	• :	(168.77)
Total tax expense	503.95	(78.51)
Total current tax	90.11	93.92
Total deferred tax	413.84	(172.43)

42.1 Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended, as follows:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,386.52)	(1,032.28)
Tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	(348.96)	(259.80)
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	5.53	(11.87)
Write down / reversal of write down of deferred tax assets on unused tax credits and unused tax losses (net)	215.46	(74.47)
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current-period losses	805.71	497.64
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised		(168.77)
Different tax rates of subsidiaries	(171.49)	(80.22)
Others	(2.30)	18.98
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	503.95	(78.51)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

43. Components of deferred tax 43.1. The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

31 March 2023	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Provision for expected credit losses	992.10	(264.17)	•	-	-	(264.17)	727.93
Unused tax losses / credits	1,569.33	241.27	•	-	-	241.27	1,810.60
Employee benefits obligations	13.28	(2.08)	0.66	-	-	(1.42)	11.86
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(125.40)	(456.39)	<u>.</u>	-	0.16	(456.23)	(581.63)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(546.94)	4.26	-	-	-	4.26	(542.68)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(117.21)	68.91	•	-	-	68.91	(48.30)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(vili)	(101.02)	(5.64)	-	•	-	(5.64)	(106.66)
Total	1,684.14	(413.84)	0.66	•	0.16	(413.02)	1,271.12
	Opening	Recognised in	Recognised in other	Recognised	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred
31 March 2022	deferred tax	profit or loss	comprehensive	directly in equity			tax
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	asset/(liability)		income (OCI)				asset/(liability)
Provision for expected credit losses	1023.75	(31.65)	-	-	•	(31.65)	992.10
Unused tax losses / credits	1400.56	168.77	-	-	-	1 6 8.77	1,569.33
Employee benefits obligations	40.64	(37.21)	9.93	•	(0.08)	(27.36)	13.28
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(92.98)	(32.41)	-	-	(0.01)	(32.42)	(125.40)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(609.50)	62.62	-	-	(0.06)	· 62.56	(546.94)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(161.84)	44.63	-	-	•	44.63	(117.21)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	(98 70)	(2 32)	-	•	-	(7 32)	(101 02)
Total	1501.93	172.43	9.93	-	(0.15)	182.21	1,684.14





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

43. Components of deferred tax (Continued)

43.2. Details of temporary differences where deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the balance sheet

Financlal Year to which the	 Automatical activity 	e temporary erences			Unused ta	x losses			
loss relates to ⁻	Amount	Expiry year -	Unabsorbed	Depreciation	Unabsorbed Loi lo:			as/ Short term al loss	Total
	Alexandre alexandre elexandre alexandre a	financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2015-16	-		0.12	No Expiry	-	-	222.29	2023-24	222.41
2016-17	-	-	0.82	No Expiry	-	-	72.25	2024-25	73.07
2017-18	-	-	0.71	No Expiry	-	-	74.50	2025-26	75.21
2018-19	-	-	0.73	No Expiry	-	-	27.06	2026-27	27.79
2019-20	1,693.36	Not Applicable	2.80	No Expiry	-	-	1,380.17	2027-28	1,382.97
2020-21	9,937.35	Not Applicable	1.73	No Expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,471.38	2028-29	3,409.29
2021-22	140.55	Not Applicable	153.90	No Expiry	-	-	1,789.86	2029-30	1,943.76
2022-23	856.00	Not Applicable	2.27	No Expiry	-	· •	2,636.34	2030-31	2,638.61
Total	12,627.26		163.08		936.18		8,673.85		9,773.11

As at March 31, 2022

Financial Year to which the		e temporary rences	Unused tax losses						
loss relates to	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Unabsorbed	ed Depreciation Unabsorbed Long Term capital loss			s/ Short term al loss	Total	
		-	Amount	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2015-16	-	-	0.87	No Expiry	-	· -	222.31	2023-24	223.18
2016-17	-	-	0.82	No Expiry	-	-	66.02	2024-25	66.84
2017-18	-	-	0.71	No Expiry	-	-	49.29	2025-26	50.00
2018-19	-	-	0.73	No Expiry	=	-	25.77	2026-27	26.50
2019-20	1,693.36	Not Applicable	2.80	No Expiry	-	-	1,382.26	2027-28	1,385.06
2020-21	9,937.35	Not Applicable	1.76	No Expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,468.99	2028-29	3,406.93
2021-22	140.55	Not Applicable	0.20	No Expiry	-	-	2,152.96	2029-30	2,153.16
Total	11,771.26		7.89		936.18	~~~~~	6,367.60		7,311.67

44. Earnings per Share (EPS)

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 – "Earnings Per Share" prescribed by Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit /(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Weighted average number of shares		
- Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	55,667,388	55,667,388
- Number of equity shares issued during the year	20,000,000	-
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	75,667,388	55,667,388
Total number of CCPS outstanding at the end of the year	16,500,000	16,500,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	72,386,566	72,167,388
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	72,386,566	72,167,388
Adjusted net profit for diluted EPS	(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Basic earnings per share (₹)	(27.84)	(19.34)
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	(27.84)	(19.34)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

45. Segment information

Primary Segment (Business segment)

The Group's business is organised and management reviews the performance based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Capital intensive business includes Lending, investing and investment property
Financing business	Wholesale and retail financing
Treasury management	Interest income and trading in securities

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment

The following table gives information in terms of provisions of Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (Ind AS 108)

Segment information	Particulars	Year End	ed
segment mormation	Paraculars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
I Segment Revenue*			
	Capital based business	9,860.42	6,715.65
	Financing business		5,482,66
	Treasury management	99.21	662.77
	Unailocated	15.55	24.84
	Total Income	9,975.18	12,885.92
II Segment Results (Profit/(I	oss) before tax)		
	Capital based business	(1,127.61)	(1,856.94
	Financing business	-	542.24
	Treasury management	(379.07)	(104.15
	Unallocated	13.85	24.85
	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(1,492.83)	(1,394.00
III Segment Assets			
	Capital based business	83,171.18	39,909.50
	Financing business	-	40,840.17
_	Treasury management	678.17	3,890.4
	Unallocated	2,883.74	2,870.70
	Total assets	86,733.09	87,510.89
IV Segment Liabilities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Capital based business	82,725.62	49,043.30
	Financing business	-	31,792.22
	Treasury management	156.96	3,473.08
	Unallocated	69.60	-
	Total liabilities	82,952.18	84,308.6

*Segment revenue includes share in profit/(loss) in associates.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

46. Transfer of financial assets

The following tables provide a summary of financial assets that have been transferred in such a way that part or all of the transferred financial assets do not qualify for derecognition, together with the associated liabilities

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Securitisations		
Carrying amount of transferred assets (held as Collateral)	11,144.33	7,862.64
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	10,832.69	7,804.87
Fair value of assets	11,406.76	8,481.31
Fair value of associated liabilities	10,832.69	7,804.87
Net position at fair value	574.07	676.44





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities

1 Details of non wholly subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests.

	Place of incorporation and principal	Proportion of ownership interests held		Profit/ (loss) allocated to r interests	ion- controlling
Name of subsidiary	place of business	by non- controlling interests - Mar 2023		31-Mar-23 31-Mar-2	
Allium Finance Private Limited	índia	26.24%	29.03%	10.29	73.41
Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)(NHFL)	Indía	5.00%	5.00%	8.15	6.91

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

Allium Finance Private Limited	As at	As at
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial assets	1,305.26	1,255.86
Non-financial assets	6.08	17.72
Financial liabilities	0.36	0.53
Non-financial liabilities	2.63	1.42
Equity attributable to owners of the company	965.03	902.48
Non-controlling interest	343.31	369.15
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	58.35	343.57
Total income	58.37	343.57
Total expenses	(4.47)	3.13
Profit / (loss) before tax	62.84	340.44
Tax expense	26.14	87,60
Profit / (loss) for the year	36.70	252.84
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	36.70	252.86
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	26.41	179.45
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	10.29	73,41
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(18.38)	912.96
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	20.52	(913.33)
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	-	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	2.14	(0.37)
Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	As at	As at
Limited)(NHFL)	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial assets	37,319.47	39,213.42
Non-financial assets	542.91	353.17
Financial liabilities	29,763.68	31,626.27
Non-financial liabilities	154.02	164.00
Equity attributable to owners of the company	7,547.45	7,387.50
Non-controlling interest	397.23	388.82





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year endeo
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	4,414.62	5,120.16
Total income	4,446.85	5,139.10
Total expenses	4,238.78	4,937.28
Profit / (loss) before tax	208.07	201.82
Tax expense	47.44	63.75
Profit / (loss) for the year	160.63	138.07
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	162.99	138.16
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	154.84	131.25
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	8.15	6.91
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(533.63)	2,772.62
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(49.18)	(17.47
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(1,343.37)	(9,281.40
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(1,926.18)	(6,526.25
Details of associate		
ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	As at	As a
cop contes chines to meny con concept	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
Financial assets	52,118.86	41,300.39
Non-financial assets	4,161.61	3,932.43
Financial liabilities	45,667.70	38,218.47
Non-financial liabilities	291.97	190.22
Total equity	10,320.80	6,824.12
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ende
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
Revenue from operations	12,705.30	12,073.93
Total income	12,736.92	12,143.74
Total expenses	13,174.95	12,944.84
Profit / (loss) before tax	(438.03)	(801.10
Other exceptional items	-	•
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	(438.03)	(801.11
Tax expense	(285.31)	311.42
Profit / (loss) for the year	(152.72)	(1,112,52
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(151.46)	(1,112.60
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	(106.31)	(361.72
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income	-	
	(621.29)	9,449.53
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities		
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(7 SEA 57)	2 206 84
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(2,654.57) 4,695.01	2,206.8





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

48. Retirement benefit plan

a) Defined contribution plan - Provident funds and National Pension Scheme

Amount of ₹ 48.04 million (Previous year: ₹ 46.75 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" in the statement of profit and loss

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

The following tables summaries the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and unfunded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

i. Movement in defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for defined benefit liability and its components:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Opening Balance	74.16	88.39
Current service cost	12.26	10.96
Interest cost	4.27	4.07
	90.69	103.42
Other comprehensive Income		
Experience	1.42	2.46
Financial assumptions	(4.72)	(0.70)
Demographic assumptions	(1.14)	1.65
	(4.44)	3.41
Others		
Transfer In/ (Out)	(1.79)	(7.05)
Benefits paid	(12.83)	(25.62)
Closing Balance	71.63	74.16
ii) Components of defined benefit plan cost: Particulars Recognised in Statement of profit or loss	2022-23	2021-22
Current service cost	12.26	10.96
Interest cost	12.20	(0.30)
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	0.35	(0.30)
Net Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year		
Total	12.61	10.66
iii) Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Fair Value of Plan Assets at start of the year	108.56	100.82
Contributions by Employer	12.83	25.62
Benefits Paid	(12.83)	(25.62)
Interest Income on Plan Assets	6.39	5.03
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit	(2.67)	2.71
liability/(asset)		
Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of the year	112.28	108.56
Actual Return on Plan Assets	3.72	7.74





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

48. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

iv) Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Present Value of DBO	71.63	74.16
Fair Value of Plan Assets	112.29	108.56
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(40.66)	(34.40)
Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	40.66	34.40
Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	47.34	41.84
Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	27.27	7.44
Of which, Short term Liability	10.35	5.82
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/Loss	1.42	2.46

v) Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Investment Funds with Insurance Company	96.66%	96.56%
Of which, Unit Linked	93.11%	93 17%
Of which, Traditional/ Non-Unit Linked	3.55%	3.45%
Cash and cash equivalents	3.34%	3.44%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

vi) Movement in Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(34.22)	(5.29)
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	1.14	(3.41)
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	4.72	2.46
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(1.42)	(2.46)
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2.67)	2.71
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(3.03)	(28.23)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(35.48)	(34.22)

Actuarial assumptions:

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:	2022-23	2021-22
Discount Rate	5.90%	5.90%
Salary Growth Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Withdrawal/Attrition Rate (based on categories)	16.00%	16.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
	(Ultimate)	(Ultimate)

Sensitivity analysis:

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Salary Growth Rate (+/- 1%)	2.62	(2.54)	3.82	(3.51)
Discount Rate (+/- 1%)	(2.51)	2.65	(3.52)	3.90

c) Compensated absences :

The Company provides for accumulated compensated absences as at the balance sheet date using projected unit credit method based on actuarial valuation.




Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

49. Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the Group uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR.

	Asa	at March 31, 2023	3	As at March 31, 2022		
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS				· · · ·		
Financial Assets	a station					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,289.22		1,289.22	3,080.78	-	3,080.78
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	2,031.09	427.86	2,458.95	3,136.71	20.61	3,157.32
Derivative financial instruments	1	-	-	17.16	-	17.16
Securities held for trading	2,138.72	.	2,138.72	1,616.89	612.84	2,229.73
Trade receivables	391.88		391.88	220.75	-	220.75
Loans	16,191.08	25,496.09	41,687.17	5,586.56	36,276.99	41,863.55
Investments	6,934.07	20,901.41	27,835.48	4,547 32	71,781 10	75,828.42
Other financial assets	424.36	1,005.21	1,429.57	438.64	317.65	756.29
Total financial assets (A)	29,400.42	47,830.57	77,230.99	18,644.81	58,509.19	77,154.00
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	9.71	2,222.42	2,232.13	320.52	1,699.87	2,020.35
Deferred tax assets (net)	: ·	1,314.71	1,314.71	0.20	1,755.75	1,755.95
Investment Property		3,032.59	3,032.59		3,539.01	3,539.01
Property, Plant and Equipment	- 1997	2,218.98	2,218.98	0.05	2,429.86	2,429.91
Intangible assets under development		12.40	12.40	-	17.35	17.35
Goodwill	1 .	146.82	146.82	-	146.82	146.82
Other Intangible assets	· · •	66.32	66.32	-	14.04	14.04
Other non- financial assets	352.71	125.44	478.15	431.70	1.68	433.38
Total non-financial assets (B)	362.42	9,139.68	9,502.10	752.47	9,604.38	10,356.85
TOTAL ASSETS (C = A+B)	29,762.84	56,970.25	86,733.09	19,397.28	68,113.57	87,510.85
		-				
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities	1.1.1					
Derivative financial instruments		-	-	29.17	-	29.17
Trade payables	401.88	-	401.88	330.77	-	330.77
Debt securities	9,967.50	30,099.79	40,067.29	18,315.94	14,390.52	32,706.46
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	5,131.20	23,619.24	28,750.44	7,852.80	30,565.99	38,418.79
Subordinated Liabilities	420.13	650.00	1,070.13	19.75	2,856.44	2,876.19
Other financial liabilities	3,290.13	9,101.34	12,391.47	2,516.11	7,164.86	9,680.97
Total financial liabilities (D)	19,210.84	63,470.37	82,681.21	29,064.54	54,977.81	84,042.35
Non-financial liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (net)	15.29	18.15	33.44	7.08	18.15	25.23
Provisions	51.54	6.88	58.42	45.66	6.59	52.25
Deferred tax liabilities (net)		43.59	43.59	-	71.81	71.81
Other non-financial liabilities	133.75	1.77	135.52	115.14	1.82	116.96
Total non-financial liabilities (E)	200.58	70.39	270.97	167.87	98.37	266.25
TOTAL LIABILITIES (F = D+E)	19,411.42	63,540.76	82,952.18	29,232.41	55,076.18	84,308.60
NET TOTAL ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) (C-F)	10 251 42	(C EZD E1)	2 700 04	(0.025.42)	12 027 20	2 202 2-
MET TOTAL ASSETS / (LIADILITIES) (C-F)	10,351.42	(6,570.51)	3,780.91	(9,835.13)	13,037.39	3,202.25





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

50. Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2023
Borrowings*	74,001.44	(4,113.58)	-	-	69,887.86
Total liabilities from financing activities	74,001.44	(4,113.58)		-	69,887.86
Particulars	As at April 1, 2021	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings*	102,536.15	(27,192.09)	-	(1,342.62)	74,001.44
Total liabilities from financing activities	102,536.15	(27,192.09)	-	(1,342.62)	74,001.44

*Comprises of Debt securities, Subordinated Liabilities and other borrowings.

** Refers to interest expense for the year incurred by entities other than non-banking financial companies in the group.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51. Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements:

51.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

a. Contingent Liability

The Group has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The Group has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, Group is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote.

Note - The Group's pending litigations mainly comprise of claims against the Group pertaining to proceedings pending with Income Tax, Excise, Custom, Sales/VAT tax / GST and other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in the financial statements. The Group believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a materially adverse effect on the Group financial position and results of operations.

Details of contingent liability

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Taxation matters	372.03	533.40
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt	-	2.54
Litigation pending against company	177.90	177.90

b. Commitment

To meet the financial needs of customers, the Group enters into various irrevocable commitments, which primarily consist of undrawn commitment to lend.

Details of commitment

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of		
advances) and not provided for	1.95	146.52
Undrawn committed credit lines subject to meeting conditions	1,735.92	1,021.91
Uncalled commitments on investments in AIF/ Venture Fund	384.95	4,743.14
Guarantee to trustees of non convertible debenture holders	3,290.60	2,304.08
Corporate guarantee	2,204.35	281.58
Bank Guarantee	319.23	319.23

During the year ended 31 March 2023, certain assets amounting to $\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ Nil million (Previous year: $\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ 1,284.40 million) were sold to alternative assets funds by the fellow subsidiary NBFCs. The Group has, vide a put agreement dated 31 July 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to $\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ 1,284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

51 Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements: (Continued)

51.2 Leases

1) This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee. Group has not given any property on lease.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the	As at	As at
movements	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balance as at April 1	142.39	139.95
Addition / disposal during year	31.15	35.84
Interest on lease liabilities	12.58	13.19
Lease pre-closure (Net)	(14.45)	(9.71)
Payments during the year/Repayment of lease obligation	(37.43)	(36.88)
Balance as at March 31	134.24	142.39

2) Amounts recognised in profit or loss:

Dautiaulaua	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Depreciation/Amortization expense of right-of-use assets	30.97	30.60
Interest expense on lease liabilities	12.58	13.19
Reversal of lease pre-closure	(6.74)	(4.40)
Total	36.81	39.39





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 ~ "Related Party Disclosure":

List of related parties and relationship:

A Holding Company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

8

- Fellow subsidiaries with whom the transactions have taken place ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edelcap Securities Limited **EdelGive Foundation** Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited (upto 17 October 2021) ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited India Credit Investment Fund II Edelweiss Capital Services Limited Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited Lichen Metals Private Limited (upto 30 March 2021) Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP EC Global Limited (upto 01 September 2020) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Límited (upto 23 December 2020) Sekura India Management Limited
- C Associates with whom transactions have taken place Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) (w.e.f. 27 March 2021) - Associate of Holding Company ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)
- D Subsidiaries of Edelweiss Securities Limited with whom transactions have taken place Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited) Edelweiss Securities (IFSC) Limited

E ARC Trusts with whom transactions have taken place EARC Trust SC 378 EARC Trust SC 417

EARC Trust SC 418 EARC Trust SC 447 EARC Trust SC 451 EARC Trust SC 459 EARC Trust SC 374 EARC Trust SC 401

F Key Management Personnel (KMP)

S. Ranganathan - Non- executive director Vidya Shah (from May 28, 2021) - Non- executive director Sarju Simaria (from May 28, 2021 till February 25, 2022) - Non- executive director Sunil Pharterpekar - Independent Director Bharat Bakshi (till April 9, 2021) - Independent Director Vinod Juneja - Independent Director Atul Ambavat - Independent Director Ravindra Dhobale (from April 1, 2021 till May 31,2021) - Chief Financial Officer Sunil Nagrani (from June 1, 2021 till February 11, 2022) - Chief Financial Officer Anantya Suneja (from March 21, 2022) - Chief Financial Officer Sujit Kumar Pandey (till May 24, 2021)- Manager Ananthkrishanan S (till August 10, 2021) - Company Secretary Tarun Khurana (from November 25, 2021) - Company Secretary



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

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8 Redemption/Sale of investment in benchmark linked ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 3,810.32 - 9 Purchase of perpetual bond from ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 492.28 - 10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as 2.86 0.2 10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as 2.86 0.2 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Netstment Limited (formerly known as 7.03 3.2 12 Comporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat				
debentures 9 Purchase of perpetual bond from ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 492.28 10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) 2.86 0.2 10 Clearing charges paid to Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 0.00 - 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited (formerly known as Z.03 3.3 Edelweiss Securities Limited) 1.88 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Z.03 3.3 Edelweiss Securities Limited) 1.88 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Anagement Limited (formerly known as Z.03 3.3 Edelweiss Securities Limited) 0.00 3.2 Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.00 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 13 Corporate g		cuercap securities chined	970.00	
9 Purchase of perpetual bond from ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 492.28 - 10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as 2.86 0.2 10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as 0.00 - 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.00 13 Comportate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.33 0.3		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	3,810.32	-
10 Clearing charges paid to Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as 2.86 0.2 Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as 0.00 - Edelweiss Securities Limited (formerly known as 0.00 - 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.0 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.0 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edelweiss Funded 1.88 0.0 Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as 7.03 3.2 Edelweiss Securities Limited) 0.00 - Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 2.50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.33 0.3 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.35				
Edelweiss Custadial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edelweiss Securities Limited 12 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as 7.03 3.2 Edelweiss Securities Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as as Edelweiss Froking Limited) 0.02 0.03 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.01 0.02 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.90 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equitites Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) <	9 Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	492.28	-
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 0.00 - 11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel investments Limited 1.88 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 1.88 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 7.03 3.2 Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) 97.40 0.0 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.00 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.33 0.3	10 Clearing charges paid to		2.86	0.2
11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to Edel Investments Limited 1.88 0.0 Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Z.03 3.2 Edelweiss Securities Limited) 97.40 0.0 Nuvarna Wealth and investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) 97.40 0.0 Stedelweiss Financial Services Limited 2.50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -			0.00	-
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as 7.03 3.2 Edelweiss Scurities Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 2.50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 13 Corporate guarantee support fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.35 -		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as 7.08 3.2 Edelweiss Scurities Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known 97.40 0.0 as Edelweiss Financial Services Umited 2.50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3				
Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) 97.40 0.0 as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 2.50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 13 Corporate guarantee support fees Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.99 - 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -	11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to			
as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 2,50 - 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.09 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.90 1.1 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -		- · · ·	7.08	3.2
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 2.50 12 Corporate guarantee fee received from ECL Finance Limited 0.02 0.0 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 - 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 13 Corporate guarantee support fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.35 -		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	97.40	0.0
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.09 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -	· · ·		2.50	•
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.09 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.09 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -	12 Corporate guarantee fee received from	ECL Finance Limited	0.02	0.0
13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) 0.10 0.0 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.90 1.1 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.09	-
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.90 1.1 14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -				
14 Directors' sitting fees Atul Ambavat 0.39 0.3 Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -	13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to			
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.90	1.1
Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar 0.35 -	14 Directore' sitting fast	Atul Ambayat	0.30	~ -
	24 Directors sitting tees			0.3
		Vinod Juneja	0.35	- 1.0





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mər-22
15 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1)	·		0.5
	Sujit Kumar Pandey	*	0.4
	Sunil Nagrani Ravindra Dhobale	•	7.3
16 Donation paid to	EdelGive Foundation	5.72	10.5
17 Enterprise service charges paid to	ECL Finance Limited		20.1
18 ESOP and SAR cost reimbursement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3.55	4.4
19 Fair value/ Interest income on securities	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	4.7
20 Income distribution from Fund	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		283.7
	India Credit Investment Fund II	•	64.0
21 Interest / dividend on preference shares	ECL Finance Limited	01.01	74.9
21 meresty dividend on prevente shares	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	81.64 110.17	103.5
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	2.71	•
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
22 Interest expense on Debentures	Edel Investments Limited	0.44	166.0
·····	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	478.05	400.4
	Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	76.35	74.3
···-			13.0
23 Interest expense on loans taken from	ECL Finance Limited	28.13	-
	Edel Investments Limited	62.52	79.2
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	32.05 35.14	281.3
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,655.91	2,142.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	145.97	193.4
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	0.0
24 Interest income on loan given to	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	31.27	228.9
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ECL Finance Limited	52.50	265.0
	Edel Investments Limited		10.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	384.36 30.37	1,391.0
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	33.66	7.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	•	43.8
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	47.14	111.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	287.93	87.0
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	11.36	16.5
25 Interest expense on Non convertible Debentures	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	<u>17.58</u> 0.16	8.6
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	11.38	0.0 .0
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	5.01	2.5
	ZUNO General insurance Limited (formerly known as	0.82	-
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	137 78	
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	127.38	-
26 Interest income on debentures (CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	143.47	239.3
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	52.34	25.:
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.62	1.6
27 Interest expense on Securitisation	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	•	0.
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	-	0.7
28 Interest expense on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited	6.16	6.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	7.70	7.
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit	ECL Finance Limited	-	58.
30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	÷	3.5
trading	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	192.06	160.
			100.0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	•	0.3
31 Interest income on margin from			
31 Interest income on margin from		320.50	
31 Interest income on margin from 32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	269.59	838.
32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	269.59	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		269.59	9.3
32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	838.3 9.3 6.9





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

35 Investment in Security Receipts issued by at book Value	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		1,302.
35 Investment in Security Receipts issued by at book Value	EARC Trust SC 417	 	
		•	365.
	EARC Trust SC 418	*	273
······································	EARC Trust SC 447		566.
	EARC Trust SC 451 EARC Trust SC 459		294
	EARC TRUST SC 459	•	137.
36 Investment management support service from	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	8.20	1.
37 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	•	5,000
38 Investments in other	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	<u> </u>	S
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		10
	India Credit Investment Fund II	2,172.71	238
39 Investments purchased from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	+	68
40 Investments sold to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	<u> </u>	0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	495.28	1,451
41 Issue of Non- Convertible Debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,640.00	
	ECL Finance Limited	220.00	· · · ·
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	140.00	
42 Issue of equity shares to (including securities premium)	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,000.00	
43 Legal and professional fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited		C
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited		0
44 Loan purchased from	ECL Finance Limited	1,998.46	1,005
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	1,589
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		282
45 Loans given repaid by	ECI, Finance Limited	4,820.00	18,507
	Edel Investments Limited	-,010100	5,609
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	16,074.70	107,970
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428.58	784
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	330.00	. 1
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	2,200
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	225.88	2,100
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,750.00	8,240
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	6,882.76	3,489
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	1,000.00	900
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)	1,800.00	
AE topps alway considing (May of debit/analis)	ECL Finance Limited		3.000
46 Loans given repaid by (Max of debit/ credit)	ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		2,000
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	2,200
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		•
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	*	700
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	2,50
47 Loans given to	ECL Finance Limited	4,040.00	18,28
	Edel Investments Limited		5,609
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	15,442.67	104,233
	Edelcap Securities Limited	3,622.13	784
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	220.00	33
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	•	2,20
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	842.15	1,12
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,750.00	8,240
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	778.50	5,259
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	5,171.27	
	as ECap Equities Limited)	Jj 2 f 2.6 f	
48 Loans repaid to	ECL Finance Limited	1,590.00	
	Edel Investments Limited	2,551.40	14,76
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	6,185.86	16,52
	Edelcap Securities Limited	2,024.26	4.019
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,320.11	31,859
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	3,720.00	8,31
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	······································	
49 Loans sold to	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	1,929
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as		100
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	-	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
50 Loans taken from	ECL Finance Umited	1,590.00	•
	Edel Investments Limited	1.866.40	15,308.8
	ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	7,533.35	29,820.8
	Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,079.80	4,963.7
	Edelweiss Anancial Services Limited	26,010.60 250.00	44,946.9
53 Management and Advicence Seen existing		470 77	226.4
S1 Management and Advisory Fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	360.72	326.6
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	19.40	76.7
52 Management and Advisory fees received from	ECL Finance Limited	28.22	17.5
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2.97	4.3
53 Principal Repayment from fund	India Gradit Investment Grad II	220.61	
	India Credit Investment Fund II	779.63	•
54 Margin placed with broker	Edel investments Límited	·····	113.0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	•	80.6
55 Margin withdrawn from broker	Edel Investments Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	<u> </u>	113.0 86.0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)	-	00.0
E6 Marsin annaid to close in a farmer			
56 Margin repaid to clearing house	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	•	0
57 Marghis placed with	Edel Investments Limited	24.18	1.
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	1,721.28	1,452.
		······································	
58 Margins withdrawn	Edel Investments Limited	24.22	12.
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	1,726.87	1,449.
59 Other financial cost paid to	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	3.83	23.
-	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)	5.70	
60 Profit on trading of derivatives	Edel Investments Limited	42.03	-
61 Sole of equity shares	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	578.18	846.
62 Purchase of equity shares	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,031.50	2,668.
63 Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	ECL Finance Limited	0.12	0.
	Edel Investments Limited	0.14	-
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0.
	Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation	0.28	0.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		0.
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	•	1
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.15	0.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	0.00	0
64 Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	ECL Finance Limited		
of sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edel Investments Limited	0.00	1.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.54	0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	*	0
	EdelGive Foundation	-	0
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.01	0
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	•	0
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	•	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	0
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.
	Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited	-	0
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	•	1
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	0.00	0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	- 0.03	0. 0.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 ~ "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
65 Purchase of securities	ECL Finance Limited		2,297.
	Edel Investments Limited	-	314.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	157.00	3,961.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	- 53.35	0.
	ESL Securities Limited)	22.22	-
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	252.06	-
66 Sale of Securities	ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited	1,889.04	
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		3,890. 312.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	450.76	512.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	115.
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
67 Rating Support Fees Income	ECL Finance Limited		0.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	0.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	0.
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited		
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	-	0.
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	-	0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)	-	0.
68 Redemption - Debentures/bonds held in	ECL Finance Limited	-	1,200
	ECop Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,076.63	7,894
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	352.89	191
69 Redemption of debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	4,440.10	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	355 56	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	8.30	
70 Reimbursement paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	46.75	104
······································	Edelcap Securities Limited	21.55 3.01	0
	Edelweiss Afternative Asset Advisors Limited	13.92	11
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	18.00	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	+	0
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.85	9
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2.87	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	16.50	0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)	10.00	1
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as	0.08	
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)		
	Edel Investments Limited	1.67	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.25	
71 Reimbursement received from	ECL Finance Limited	1.30	2
	Edel Investments Limited	2.05	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.41	0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1.14	4
	EdelGive Foundation	0.05	0
······································	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	2.85	1
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	03.0	
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	2.67 0.05	1
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	0.00	2
	Edelweiss Capital Services Umited	-	0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	9.84	5
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.01	0
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.91	90
	Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited		0.
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	2,27	0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	4.81	12
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Umited	<u> </u>	4
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	0.01	0.
	ESL Securities Limited) Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
72 Rental income from	ECL Finance Limited	12.04	11.
	Edel Investments Limited	18.72	25.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	4.42	2.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	20.83	14.
	EdelGive Foundation	1.18	1.
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	71.79	45.
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	13.87	24,
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	64.31	44.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	1.03	0.
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	98.14	93.
-	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	28.68	26.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	12.57	12.
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	0.17	•
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)	0.01	-
73 Maturity of debt securities	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	375.45	
74 NCD loan sold to	ECL Finance Limited	1,301.50	-
75 Issuance of debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5,500.00	
76 Risk and reward sharing fee expenses	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	•	1.
77 Security deposit received from	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	•	84.
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	· · · · ·	7.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.04	
78 Security deposit repaid to	ECL Finance Limited	14.60	500.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	13.65	100
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited		75.
79 Security Receipts Sold to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	378.
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Trust	319.73	
80 Service Charges paid	ECL Finance Limited	1,08	1.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.81	1.
81 Service fee received from	ECL Finance Limited	0.39	0.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.07	0.
82 Share of loss	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	•
	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	•	0
83 Share of Profit	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	-	4.
	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.03	
,	Euerweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.03	
84 Shared premises cost paid to		·····	
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited		27.
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	·····	27.
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	27
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	27. 1. 0.
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECCap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	27. 1. 0.
84 Shared premises cost paid to 85 Shared premises cost received from	ECL Finance Limited ECCap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	27 1 0 8
	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	27 1 0 8
	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	27. 1 0. 8. 0.
	ECL Finance Limited ECLap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	-	27. 1 0. 8 0 0
	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	27. 1 0. 8. 0. 0.
	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	-	27. 1 0, 8. 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Limited ZUNO General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	-	27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7.
85 Shared premises cost received from	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	-	27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7.
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Limited ZUNO General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	-	27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 7.
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges paid to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		27. 1 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 7 7 0
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Broking Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.13	27. 1 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 7 7 0
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges pold to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Broking Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.13	27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 89.
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LIP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	7. 27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Rubit Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 7 0 0 89 89 89
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Ratail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27 1 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 7 7 89 89 0 0 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 224
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Redelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 0. 0. 7. 224
85 Shared premises cost received from 85 Trade exposure charges paid to 86 Trade exposure charges paid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles:	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Redelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89. 0. 7. 122. 7. 244. 20.
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges poid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles: 1 Accrued interest expenses on loan taken from	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89. 0. 7. 122. 7. 122. 7. 244. 200. 249. 249. 249.
85 Shared premises cost received from 86 Trade exposure charges poid to 87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm 88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from Balances with related partles: 1 Accrued interest expenses on loan taken from	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Umited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Roking Limited) Edelweiss Roking Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		27. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 289. 0. 7. 122. 7. 244. 20. 249. 32.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	4 Interest accrued but not due on Non convertible debentures held by	ECL Finance Limited	•	0.5
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.13	0.9
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	2.00	1.8
		ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	0.08	
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	0.00	
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1.56	
	······································	ceap equities charted frontienty coer cand charters	1.56	•
	5 Interest accrued on Securitisation	2UNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	-	0.1
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	-	0.7
	6 Interest accrued on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited	4.15	4.1
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5.19	5.
	7 Interest expenses accrued on Short term borrowings	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0.
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		1.
1	8 Interest income accrued on Loans	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known		5.
		as ECap Equities Limited)		2
		ECL Finance Limited	5.11	159.
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		
			8.56	130.1
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3.12	3.0
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	6.
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	11.43	7.
	9 Interest payable -Accrued -Group company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.50	•
	······································	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	157 71	41
	G Island Baught as Debactor			
1	0 Interest Payable on Debenture	Edel Investments Limited		0.
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	113.18	70.
		Edelcap Securities Limited	17.63	4.
1	1 Interest receivable - accrued on debentures and bonds of	ECL Finance Limited	217.41	-
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.18	15.
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.87	1.
12	2 Interest receivable-Accrued -Group Company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	13.76	9.4
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	50.06	2,
		Edelcap Securities Limited	9.73	•
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	7.56	-
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	6.86	•
		as ECap Equities Limited)		
				• ••••
1	3 Investment in Security Receipts issued by at book Value	EARC Trust SC 401	479.60	799.
		EARC Trust SC 418	209.92	240.
		EARC Trust SC 447	495.07	553,
		EARC Trust SC 451	226.79	282.
		51057 H 56 150		137.
		EARC Trust SC 459	111,24	
		EARC Trust SC 459	111,24	
14	4 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	2,474.04	2,120.
1	4 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)			
14	4 Investments in debentures(including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2,474.D4 9,686.84	11,892.
1	4 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57	11,892. 19.
1	4 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)	ECL, Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	2,474.D4 9,686.84	11,892. 19.
	4 Investments in debentures(Including CCD) 5 Investments in equity shares	ECL, Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40	11,892. 19. 58.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57	11,892. 19. 58. 733.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 - 264.00	11,892 19. 58. 733. 239 264.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239. 264.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	2,474,04 9,686,84 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 264,00	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239. 264.
		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 - 264.00	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239. 264.
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited	2,474,04 9,686,84 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 264,00	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239. 264. 2,304.
1		ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 264.00 4,031.50	11,892. 19. 58. 733. 239 264. 2,304. - 0.
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.69 264.00 4,031.59	11,892- 19: 58: 733: 239: 264: 2,304: - - 0.0
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,590.57 58.40 733.89 264.00 4,031.50	11,892- 19, 58, 733, 239, 264, 2,304, - 0, 0, 0, 199;
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ruvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892- 19. 58. 733. 239 264. 2,304. - 0. 0. 193. 314.
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,590.57 58.40 733.89 264.00 4,031.50	11,892. 19, 58. 733. 239. 264. 2,304.
1	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ruvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892- 19. 58. 733. 239 264. 2,304. - 0. 0. 193. 314.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892- 19. 58. 733. 239 264. 2,304. - 0. 0. 193. 314.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892- 19. 58. 733. 239 264. 2,304. - 0. 0. 193. 314.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) EEL Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Adult Investment Fund II	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892. 19. 733. 239. 254. 2,304. 0. 0. 199. 314. 1,507.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited	2.474.04 9.686.64 1.890.57 58.40 733.89 	11,892. 19. 733. 239. 264.1 2,304.4
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweist Inited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.69 	11,892. 19. 19. 733. 239. 2644 2,304.4
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Cerdit Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 - 264.00 - - 4,031.50 - - 2,611.79 3,371.27 - - 1,243.80 220.00	11,892. 19. 733. 739. 749.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Umited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Stearlites Limited Edelweiss Stearlites Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58.40 733.69 	11,892. 19. 733. 739. 749.
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECD Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,474.04 9,686.84 1,890.57 58.40 733.89 - 264.00 - - 4,031.50 - - 2,611.79 3,371.27 - - 1,243.80 220.00	11,892. 19, 58. 733. 239. 264. 2,304:
19	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Umited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Stearlites Limited Edelweiss Stearlites Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2,474,04 9,686,64 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 	11,892 19, 58, 733, 259, 264, 2,304, 2,304, 0, 0, 0, 199, 314, 1,507, 780, 1,875, 3300, 70,
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECD Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58,40 733.89 	11,892. 19, 58. 733. 239. 264. 2,304:
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECD Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58,40 733.89 	11,892. 19. 19. 733. 239. 264.4 2,304.4 0. 0. 0. 199.5 314.4 1,507.4 780.0 1,875.3 3300. 70.0 1,944.
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Umited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) EdL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Arale Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	2,474,04 9,686,64 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 	11,892. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 264. 2,304. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 193. 314. 1,507. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 780. 1,875. 330. 78
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund India Credit Investment Fund II ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Clabal Weakth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58,40 733.69 	11,892. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 239. 264. 2,304.
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Limited) ECap Equities Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Exernities Limited	2,474,04 9,686,64 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 	11,892. 19: 19: 733. 239. 264.4 2,304.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.507.4 780.0 1.875.1 3300. 70.0 1.944.
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvana Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Chriate Eumited) ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Edel Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,474.04 9,686.64 1,890.57 58,40 733.69 	11,892. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 264. 2,304. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 199. 314. 1.507. 780. 1,875. 330. 700. 1,944. - 685. 112. 124. 124. 124. 125. 12
1!	5 Investments in equity shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Limited) ECap Equities Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Exernities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Exernities Limited	2,474,04 9,686,64 1,890,57 58,40 733,89 	2,120 (11,892, 19,1 58,- 733,1 239 (2,304 (2,304 (2,304 (1,307 (1,314 (1,507 (780 (1,375 (330 (700 (





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

	of Transaction	Refated Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
20 Margin	placed with clearing house	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	•	0,1
21 Marein	receivable from	Edel Investments Limited	0.49	0,4
<u></u>		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		7.5
12 Man can	vertible debentures			
22 NUM CON	verable debentales	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	· · ·	555.9 18.6
23 Non con	vertible debentures held by (Face Value)	ECL Finance Limited	220.00	8.3
		Edel Investments Limited	-	300.8
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	5,788.83	4,064.3
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	152.27	7.
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	55.80 10.00	225.
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
24 Other Pa	iyable	ECL Finance Limited	0.01	-
		Edel Investments Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	0.75	0.0
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	0
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	•	0.
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited		~
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		<u> </u>
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.45	L .
		Edelweiss Securities (IFSC) Limited	•	0.
		Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	•	0.
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.87	0.
	· · · · ·	EdelGive Foundation	Q 74	-
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	17.11	-
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.87	
		Sekura India Management Limited	0.01	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	0.01	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	0.15	0.
25 Other R	eceivable	ECL Finance Limited	0.69	0.9
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	156.20	•
		Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation	0.58	
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	<u> </u>
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	*	0.
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	0.
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.40	
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	0.00	0.
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.41	0.
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	0.09	0.
		ESL Securities Limited}	0.13	
			0.12	
25 Partner	s current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	3.11	3.0
27 Partner	s capital account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	
28 Rental d	eposits payable to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	14.60	
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	50.00	50.
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	*	84.
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	-	7.
		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.11 17.72	•
29 Risk and	Rewards Guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,840.28	2,208.
30 Stock in	trade - debentures and bonds	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	123.76	3.
31 Subordi	nate debt issued to	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	56.00	56. 70.
			10.00	70.
32 Subordi	nated Preference Shares	ECL Finance Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	406.68	918





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
33	Trade Payables to	EC Global Limited	-	0.0
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	0.11	-
		as ECap Equities Limited)		
		ECL Finance Limited	80.64	102.4
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	4.99	2.0
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	9.56	-
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited	+	0.1
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	•	1.8
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.4
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.27	4.9
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	-	0.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.28	6.2
_		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	•	0.2
		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	0.21	-
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.51	+
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	•
34	Trade Receivables from	ECL Finance Limited	36.82	35.5
		Edel Investments Limited	2.30	1.1
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2.91	0,1
		Edelcap Securities Limited	16.33	6.
		EdelGive Foundation	1.62	D.:
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	25.11	6.0
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	3.45	2.8
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	18.10	6.7
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		1.1
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	8.2
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	21.20	30.0
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	4.44	8.5
		Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Limited	3.38	1.7
		Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		0.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.94	3.9
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	8.60	5.3
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	-	64.3
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	10.54	
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.05	7.1
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	0.05	
		as ECap Equities Limited)	0.00	•
		Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)	0.02	0.0

0.00 indicates amount less than ₹ 0.01 million Notes:

1 Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and provision made for banus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. Remuneration to KMP's shall be within the limit as prescribed by the Companies act.

53. Capital Management

The objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of its subsidiaries. The Group determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through loans and operating cash flows generated.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement

54.1. Valuation Principles :

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Level 1 - valuation technique using quoted market price: financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – valuation technique using observable inputs: Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 – valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

Refer note 5.11 for more details on fair value hierarchy

54.2. Valuation governance :

The Group's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place to ensure its quality and adequacy. All new product initiatives (including their valuation methodologies) are subject to approvals by various functions of the Group including the risk and finance functions.

Where fair values are determined by reference to externally quoted prices or observable pricing inputs to models, independent price determination or validation is used. For inactive markets, Group sources alternative market information, with greater weight given to information that is considered to be more relevant and reliable.

The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with the business and product line divisions. However Finance department is responsible for establishing procedures governing valuation and ensuring fair values are in compliance with accounting standards

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy. Exchange traded and OTC derivatives are at gross amount i.e. before offsetting margin money. The impact of offsetting is explained in note 9.A.

Particulars	31-Mar-23						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis							
Derivative financial instruments (assets)							
Exchange-traded derivatives		-	-	-			
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	-	_					
Stock-in-trade							
Debt Securities	134.67	418.43	1,461.86	2,014.96			
Nifty Linked Debentures		•	123.76	123.76			
Stock-in-trade	134.67	418.43	1,585.62	2,138.72			
Investments							
Debt securities		2,858.62	-	2,858.62			
Mutual fund units	127.34	*		127.34			
Security receipts	-	*	2,155.73	2,155.73			
Equity instruments	-	*	4,103.26	4,103.26			
Units of AIF	-	-	3,580.47	3,580.47			
Total investments measured at fair value	127.34	2,858.62	9,839.46	12,825.42			
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	_	-	2,645.09	2,645.09			
Property Plant and equipment	-	-	2,024.51	2,024.51			
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	262.01	3,277.05	16,094.68	19,633.74			





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars —	31-Mar-22						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis							
Derivative financial instruments (assets)							
Exchange-traded derivatives	17.16	-	-	17.16			
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	17.16	-	-	17.16			
Stock-in-trade							
Debt Securities	592.63	1,121.78	515.32	2,229.73			
Stock-in-trade	592.63	1,121.78	515.32	2,229.73			
Investments							
Debt securities	-	4,372.14	-	4,372.14			
Security receipts	-	-	2,702.98	2,702.98			
Equity instruments	-	-	1.00	1.00			
Units of AIF	-	-	3,847.25	3,847.25			
Total investments measured at fair value	-	4,372.14	6,551.23	10,923.37			
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	*	-	3,361.82	3,361.82			
Property Plant and equipment	-	-	2,205.58	2,205.58			
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	609.79	5,493.92	12,633.95	18,737.66			





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars		31-M	ar-23	
-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	-	-
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued		-	•	*
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring	•	· _	· •	
basis				
Particulars		31-M	ar-22	
-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):				
		-	-	29.17
Exchange-traded derivatives	29.17	_		
Exchange-traded derivatives Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring	29.17		+	29.17





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.4. Fair valuation techniques :

Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Group has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded Group has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

Security receipts

The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Group uses valuation techniques to measure their fair values. Since the security receipts are less liquid instruments therefore they are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers. Securities receipts with significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 3.

Equity instruments

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognised stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially measured at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Such unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

Units of Alternative Investment Funds and Mutual Fund.

Unity hold in Alternative Investment funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are classified at Level 3.

Open-ended funds that are redeemable at any time, and that report a daily net asset value (NAV) and for which sufficient subscriptions and redemptions occur at NAV are measured at NAV and classified as level 1.

Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss

Loans are segregated, as far as possible, into portfolios of similar characteristics. Fair values are based on observable market transactions, when available. When they are unavailable, fair values are estimated using valuation models incorporating range of input assumptions. Group has determine fair value with help of internal valuation team and independent valuer on case to case basis. Valuation is based on discounted cash flow, comparable transaction market price, market research and marked trend as considered appropriate.

Derivatives

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly interest rate swaps, exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

Exchange traded derivatives

Exchange traded derivatives includes index/stock options, index/stock futures, Group uses exchange traded prices to value these derivative and classify these instrument as level 1.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.5. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The information given below is with respect to financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is different than the carrying amount. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and other payables as on 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

			31 March	2023	ł	
Particulars	Total Carrying	Total fair value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
······································	Amount					
Financial assets:						
Loans	39,042.08	39,713.10		-	-	39,713.10
Financial liabilities						
Debt securities	40,067.29	38,964.27		-	16,957.31	22,006.96
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	19,681.47	19,509.08		-	744.66	18,764.42
Subordinated liabilities	1,070.13	1,078.20		-	1,078.20	
Total	60,818.89	59,551.55		-	18,780.17	40,771.38
Off-balance sheet items					·	· · · ·
Loan commitments	1,399.90	699.95		-	-	699.95
Total	1,399.90	699.95		-		699.95

		31 March 2022							
Particulars	Total Carrying Amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Financial assets:									
Loans	38,501.73	38,501.73	-	+	38,501.73				
Financial liabilities									
Debt securities	32,706.46	31,755.53	1,830.50	13,676.33	16,248.70				
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	38,418.79	38,415.15	15,836.11	14,482.09	8,096.95				
Subordinated liabilities	2,876.19	2,877.39	-	2,877.39	-				
Total	74,001.44	73,048.07	17,666.61	31,035.81	24,345.65				
Off-balance sheet items									
Loan commitments	871.91	435.96	-	-	435.96				
Total	871.91	435.96	-	-	435.96				

54.5 Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Group's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables and, as such, may differ from the techniques and assumptions explained in notes.

Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities

Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values financial assets measured at amortised cost are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk.

Issued Debt

The fair value of issued debt is estimated by a discounted cash flow model.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)
- 54.6 Except as disclosed in Note 54.7 below there have been no transfers between levels during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

54.7 The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

	Security	Units of AIF	Equity	Preference	Warrants	Loans at	Stock-in-trade	Tota
Particulars	receipts		instruments/	Shares		FVTPL		
			Warrants					
Investments - at April 1, 2022	2,702.98	3,847.25	1.00	-	-	3,361.82	515.32	10,428.37
Purchase	110.33	2,788.27	-	-	-	426.27	6,987.10	10,311.97
Sale / redemption	(652.93)	(2,739.13)	(0.90)	-	-	(1,564.60)	(5,933.06)	(10,890.62)
Transfer into level 3	· - ·	-	4,103.16	-	-	-	-	4,103.16
Transfer from level 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	-	•	-	221.32	0.27	221.59
Profit / Fair value change for the year	(4.65)	(315.92)	-		-	200.28	15.99	(104.30)
recognised in profit or loss								
Investments - at March 31, 2023	2,155.73	3,580.47	4,103.26	-	-	2,645.09	1,585.62	14,070.17
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances	(37.64)	(315.92)		-	- .	24.57	(230.75)	(559.74)
held at the end of the year								

	Security	Units of AIF	Equity	Preference	Warrants	Loans at	Stock-in-trade	Total
Particulars	receipts		instruments/	Shares		FVTPL		
			Warrants					
Investments at April 1, 2021	1,/87.47	2,299.55	112.9J	•	-	2,089.30	1,731.86	8,021.11
Purchase	1,636.93	2,076.29	-	•	-	1,590.71	4,256.58	9,560.51
Sale / redemption	(718.60)	(513.43)	(111.93)	-	-	(971.51)	(4,563.56)	(6,979.03)
Transfer into level 3	-	(15.16)	-	-	-	-	(809.27)	(824.43)
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	225.63	0.12	225.75
Profit / Fair value change for the year	(2.82)	-	-	•	-	427.69	(0 41)	424.46
recognised in profit or loss								
Investments - at March 31, 2022	2,702.98	3,847.25	1.00		-	3,361.82	515.32	10,428.37
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances	(13.22)	(15.16)	-	-	-	-	1.28	(27.10)
held at the end of the year								





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupces in millions)

54 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.8 Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instrument of changes to key unobservable inputs

	Valuation Techniques	s Significant Unobservable input	Range of estimates for unobservable input	unobservable input		unobservable input	Change in fair value because of decrease in unobservable input
Security receipts	Discounted Cash flow The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of the	l cash flows	4,226.80		154.04		(53.27)
	underlying investments of the Trust.	Risk-adjusted discount rate	12.00% To 22.60%	0.5% increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate	(11.55)	0.5% Decrease In Risk-adjusted discount rate	11.54
Stock-m-trade	Discounted projected cash Now	recoveries	6,967.38	526	148.37	5%	(348.37)
		Discount rates	11.50% to 12.50%	50 basis point	(9.35)	50 basis point	9.35
Loans classified as FVTPL	Comparable transaction value	Discounting rate	15% - 20%		A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets docs not have a significant impact in its value	14	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assots does not have a significant impact in its value
Nilty linked debentures	Fair value using Black scholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on the embedded derivative	Market index curve Risk - adjusted		5%	0.21	5%	(0.21)
		Risk - adjusted discounted rate 4.5% - 6%		1%	0.04	1%	(0.64)
nvestments in units of AIF	Not Assets Approach	Fair value of underlying investments	0	5%	193.36	5%	(183 36)
nvestments in unquoted quity shares categorised at evel 3	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	₹ 2238 per share	5%	205.16	535	(205.16)
is at March 31, 2022 Type of Hinancial Instruments	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range of estimates for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input	Change in fair value because of increase in unobservable input	Decrease in the unobservable input	because of decrease in
lype of Financial Instruments	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows	for unobservable		because of increase in unobservable input	unobservable input 5% Decrease in	because of decrease in unobservable input
(ype of Financial Instruments	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows	for unobservable input	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected	because of increase in unobservable input 149.01 (12.15)	unobservable input 5% Decrease in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted	because of decrease in unobservable input {149.01}
	Discounted Cash llow: The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust.	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows Risk-adjusted discount rate	for unobservable input 4,714 07	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% increase in Rist-	because of increase in unobservable input 149.01 (12.15)	unobservable input 5% Decrease un Expected future Cash Ilow 0.5% Decrease in	Change in fair value because of decrease in unobservable input (149-01) 12.25 (25-55)
ype of Hinancial Instruments	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic beenfits to be derived from the ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust. Discounted projected cash flow	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows Risk-adjusted discount rate Expected gross	for unobservable input 4,714 07 12.00% To 22.00%	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% increase in Risk adjusted discount rate	because of increase in unobservable input 149.01 (12.15)	unobservable input 5% Decrease in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted discount rate	because of decrease in unobservable input {149.01} 12.25
ype of Hinancial Instruments incurity receipts ikock-in-trade	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic beenfits to be derived from the ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust. Discounted projected cash flow	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows Risk adjusted discourt rate Expected gress recoveries	for unobservable input 4,714 07 12.00% To 22.00% 17,911.07	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% increase in Risk adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis point 25%	because of increase in unobservable input [149:01 (12:15) 25:55	unobservable input 5% Decrease un Expected future Cash Ilow 0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis peint 1%	because of decrease in unobservable input {149.01} 12.25 {25.55}
ype of Financial Instruments iccurity receipts itock-in-trade aans classified as FVTPL	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of the underings unvestments of the Trust. Discounted projected cash flow Comparable transaction value Fair value using Black scholas Model or Monde	Unobservable Implit Expected future cash flows Risk-adjusted discount rate Expected gross recoveries Discount rates Discount rates Market index curve	for unobservable input 4,714 07 12.00% To 22.00% 17,911.07 11.50% to 12.50%	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% increase in Risk adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis point 25%	because of increase in unobservable input (12.15) (12.55) (25.55) (25.65) (25.66) A one percentage point change in the discuting of used a significant unput in the used in first valuation of used 3 assets does not	unobservable input 5% Decrease un Expected future Cash Ilow 0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis peint 1%	because of decrease on unobservable input (149-01) 12.25 (25.55) 2.56 A one percentage point change in the discourting rate used in far valuation of tevel 3 assets does not
ype of Financial Instruments iccurity receipts itock-in-trade aans classified as FVTPL	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of the underings unvestments of the Trust. Discounted projected cash flow Comparable transaction value fair value using Black schole approach based on the embedded derivative	Unobservable Implit Expected future cash flows Risk-adjusted discount rate Expected gross recoveries Discount rates Discount rates Market index curve	for unobservable input 4,714 07 12.00% To 22.00% 17,911.07 11.50% to 12.50%	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash Row 0.5% increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis point 1%	bezuse of nnerzse un unobserzable input (12.15) (12.15) (25.55 (256) A one percentage point change in the dacsuinting rate used in far valuation of used 3 asset door not have a significant impact in its value	unobservable input 5% Decrease un Expected future Cash Ilox 0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis point 155	because of decrease on unobservable input (149-01) 12.25 (25.55) 2.56 A one percentage point change in the discourting rate used in far valuation of tevel 3 assets does not thave a significant impact in its value
Spe of Financial Instruments	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits ownership of the underlying investments of the Frant. Discounted projected cash flow Comparable transaction value Fair value using Black Sofields Model or Monie Cafo approach based on the embedded derivative Net Assets Approach	Unobservable input Expected future cash flows Risk adjusted discount rate Espected gress retorverlies Discount rates Discount rates Market index curve Risk - adjusted discounted rate	for unobservable input 4,714 07 12.00% To 22.00% 17,911.07 11.50% to 12.50%	unobservable input 5% increase in Expected future Cash flow 0.5% increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate 5% 50 basis point 15 15	because of increase in unobservable input (12:15) (25:55) (2:56) A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of used a sustitution of the second tabute does not have a significant impact in its value 0:21	unobservable input	because of decrease in unobservable input (149-01) 12.25 (25.55) 2.56 A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in far valuation of tevel 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value (0.21)





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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management

A. Introduction and risk profile

Risk is an inherent part of Group's business activities. When the Group extends a corporate or retail loan, buys or sells securities in market, or offers other products or services, the Group takes on some degree of risk. The Group's overall objective is to manage its businesses, and the associated risks, in a manner that balances serving the interests of its customers and investors and protects the safety and soundness of the Group.

The Group believes that effective risk management requires:

- 1) Acceptance of responsibility, including identification and escalation of risk issues, by all individuals within the Group;
- 2) Ownership of risk identification, assessment, data and management within each of the lines of business and Corporate; and
- 3) Firmwide structures for risk governance

The Group strives for continual improvement through efforts to enhance controls, ongoing employee training and development and other measures.

B. Risk Management Structure

We have a well-defined risk management policy framework for risk identification, assessment and control to effectively manage risks associated with the various business activities. The risk function is monitored primarily by the business risk group. The Group has also established a Global Risk Committee that is responsible for managing the risk arising out of various business activities at a central level.

Our risk management policy ensures that the margin requirements are conservative to be able to withstand market volatility and scenarios of sharply declining prices. As a result, we follow conservative lending norms. The Group centralises the risk monitoring systems to monitor our client's credit exposure which is in addition to the monitoring undertaken by the respective businesses.

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The Committee holds regular meetings and report to board on its activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

C. Risk mitigation and risk culture

The Group's business processes ensure complete independence of functions and a segregation of responsibilities. Credit appraisal & credit control processes, centralised operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies and approving loans at transaction level as well as our risk management processes and policies allow layers of multiple checks and verifications. Our key business processes are regularly monitored by the head of our business or operations. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimise delinquencies and maximise recoveries.

The Board Risk Committee is the overseeing body for Risk Management. The Committee meets at regular intervals to review the risk profile of the Company.

It is the Group's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture. Employees are expected to take ownership and be accountable for the risks the Group is exposed to. The Group's continuous training and development emphasises that employees are made aware of the Group's risk appetite and they are supported in their roles and responsibilities to monitor and keep their exposure to risk within the Group's risk appetite limits. Compliance breaches and internal audit findings are important elements of employees' annual ratings and remuneration reviews.

D. Types of Risks

The Group's risks are generally categorized in the following risk types:

Notes	Risks	Arising from	Measurement, monitoring and management of risk	
1	Credit risk Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer		Measured as the amount that could be lost if a customer or counterparty fails to make repayments; Monitored using various internal risk management measures and within limits approved by individuals within a framework of delegated authorities; and Managed through a robust risk control framework, which outlines clear and consistent policies, principles and guidance for risk managers.	
	Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that we do not have sufficient financial resources to meet our obligations as they fall due or that we can only do so at an excessive cost.	Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows. Arises when illiquid asset positions cannot be funded at the expected terms and when required.	Measured using a range of metrics, including Asset Liability mismatch, Debt Equity Ratio Regular monitoring of funding levels to ensure to meet the requirement for Business and maturity of our liabilities. Maintain diverse sources of funding and liquid assets to facilitate flexibility in meeting our liquidity requirements of the Company	MUMBAI
3	Market risk Market risk is the risk that movements in market factors, such as Interest rates, equity prices and Index prices, will reduce our income or the value of our portfolios	Exposure to market risk is separated into two portfolios: trading and non-trading.	Measured using sensitivities, detailed picture of potential gains and losses for a range of market movements and scenarios. Monitored using measures, including the sensitivity of net interest income.	A ACCOUNT
			Managed using risk limits approved by the risk management committee.	NCE COMP

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management

55.D.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's Trade receivables and Loans. The Group has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Group.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties/Groups (Single Borrowing Limit/Group Borrowing Limit) and for industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Group and market intelligence. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit quality review process aims to allow the Group to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

Derivative financial Instruments:

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values, as recorded on the balance sheet. With gross-settled derivatives, the Group is also exposed to a settlement risk, being the risk that the Group honours its obligation, but the counterparty fails to deliver the counter value.

Impairment Assessment:

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Group has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the loans are classified into various stages as follows:

nternal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing		
	0 dpd* to 30	
High grade	dpd*	Stage 1
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd*	Stage 2
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd*	Stage 3
* dod indicates days past due.	•	-

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Expected Credit Loss (ECL) computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

1) An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes

2) Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;

3) Time value of money

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This has been achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Group considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. When such events occur, the Group carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.1 Credit Risk (continued)

Probability of Default

Probability of default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the Group. While arriving at the PD, the Group also ensures that the factors that affects the macro economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. Group calculates the 12 month PD by taking into account the past historical trends of the Loans/portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is a significant increase in credit risk / credit impaired assets, lifetime PD has been applied.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding for each loan was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment separately.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Group, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Group provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor * Undrawn Credit Line

Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Group has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD

Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Group has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort- based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

Data sourcing

The Group is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Keeping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean reverting the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financialistic struments and using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationship between marco-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfold data over the past 5 years.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.2 Risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Financial services	Governm	ent	Manufacturing	Retail and wholesale	Oil & gas	Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets		• • •							
Cash and bank balances	3,748.17	· · ·	-	-	-	-	•	-	3,748.17
Derivative financial instruments			+	-	-	•	-	-	-
Stock in trade	2,138.72		-	-	-			-	2,138.72
Trade receivables	391.88		-	-	•	•	-	-	391.88
Loans	11,314.08		-	-	5,854.18	-	24,518.91	-	41,687.17
Investments	27,835.48		-	-	-		-	-	27,835.48
Other financial assets	1,237.41		-	-	192.07	0.09	-	-	1,429.57
Total	46,665.74		-	<u> </u>	6,046.25	0.09	24,518,91	• •	77.230.99
Other Commitments	384.95	· · ·	-	-	-		1,399.92	-	1,784.87

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Financial services	Government	Manufacturing	Retail and wholesale	Oil & gas	Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets								
Cash and bank balances	6,238.10	•	•	-	-	-	-	6,238.10
Derivative financial instruments	17.16	-	-	-	-	-	*	17.16
Securities held for trading	2,229.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,229.73
Trade receivables	139.54	~	-	-	-	81.21	-	220.75
Loans	6,129.67	-	-	34,527.50	-	1,206.38	*	41,863.55
Investments	19,437.56	-	-	-	-	6,390.86	-	25,828.42
Other financial assets	620.75	•	•	135.54	-	-	-	756.29
Total	34,812.51	-	-	34,663.04	-	7,678.45	-	77,154.00
Other Commitments	281.58	-	-	-	-	-		281.58

55 D.3 Overview of modified and forborne loans

From a risk management point of view, once an asset is forborne or modified, the Group's special department for distressed assets continues to monitor the exposure until it is completely and ultimately derecognised.

The table below includes Stage 2 and 3 assets that were modified and, therefore, treated as forborne during the period, with the related modification loss suffered by the Group.

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Amortised costs of financial assets modified during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,279.54
Net modification gain / (loss)	•	67.05





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.D.4 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset

	Maximum expos	sure to credit risk	_
e Receivables s: orate and Retail Credit instruments and other investments at amortised financial assets at amortised cost rative financial instruments ncial assets at FVTPL financial instruments at fair value through profit	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets			
Trade Receivables	391.88	220.75	Fixed deposits and other assets
Loans:			
Corporate and Retail Credit	39,042.06	38,501.73	Investment and other tangible assets
Debt instruments and other investments at amortised	4 500 43	2,120.59	Investments and Book debts
cost	1,502.47		
Total financial assets at amortised cost	40,936.41	40,843.07	
Derivative financial instruments		17.16	Margin money
Financial assets at FVTPL	15,470.51	14,285.19	Tangible assets
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	15,470.51	14,302.35	
Total Financial assets	56,406.92	55,145.42	
Other commitments	3,604.27	1,153.49	langible assets
Total	60,011.19	56,298.91	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55 Risk Management (continued):

55.D.5 Financial assets that are stage 3 and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below: As at March 31, 2023

	Maximum	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of
	exposure to credit		, C	collateral
Particulars	risk (carrying			
	amount before			
	ECL)			
Loans	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33
Total financial assets at amortised cost	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33
Loan commitments	3.11	0.54	2.57	4.00
Financial guarantee contracts	386.99	0.09	386.90	386.90
Total	8,583.13	7,501.41	1,081.72	1,207.23
As at March 31, 2022				
	Maximum	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of
	exposure to credit			collateral
Particulars	risk (carrying			
	amount before			
	ECL)			
Loans	3,138.05	2,542.82	595.23	595.23
Total financial assets at amortised cost	3,138.05	2,542.82	595.23	595.23
Loan commitments	3.94	1.68	2.26	6.53
Financial guarantee contracts *	281.58	0.09	281.49	-
Total	3,423.57	2,544.59	878.98	601.76





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (Continued)

55.E Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances.

Group has a Liquidity Contingency Policy in place to ensure various liquidity parameters are defined and tracked regularly. Liquidity Management Team is provided with update on expected liquidity shortfalls in Normal as well as Stress scenario.

To manage the stressed circumstances the Group has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Investments in Government Securities, Mutual Funds and Quoted Equity Shares. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 5-9% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds. Funding is raised through diversified sources including Banks, Private issue of Debt, Sub Debt etc to maintain a healthy mix.

	Upto 3	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
Non-derivative financial assets	Months		year	years	years	
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	2,250.10	27,27	1,042.96	85.87	341.97	3,748.17
Stock-in-trade	2,046.10	1.30	37.33	26.72	27.27	2,138.72
Trade receivables	391.88	-	-	-	-	391.88
Loans	8,939.00	2,041.02	6,942.95	15,167.47	8,596.73	41,687.17
Investment at fair value through profit or loss	118.78	115.56	308.59	7,065.28	5,217.21	12,825.42
Invostments at amortised cost	6,603.75			1,589.36	6,816.95	15,010.06
Other financial assets	403.85	19.00	5.02	247.00	754.70	1,429.57
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	20,753.46	2,204.15	8,336.85	24,181.70	21,754.83	77,230.99
Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
	Months		year	years	years	
1rade payables	401.88	-	-	-		401.88
Debt securities	6,169.99	387.00	3,765.68	19,659.50	10,085.12	40,067.29
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2,272.00	1,047.75	4,636.74	18,260.17	2,533.78	28,750.44
Subordinated Liabilities		391.50	56.25	622.38	-	1,070.13
Other financial liabilities	926.88	1,343.66	1,020.06	3,893.08	5,207.79	12,391.47
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial liabilities	9,770.75	3,169.91	9,478.73	42,435.13	17,826.69	82,681.21

As at March 31, 2022 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial assets, derivatives and financial commitments by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	4,864.87	35.78	977.72	355.67	4.06	6,238.10
Stock-in-trade	1,632.83	4.29	7.86	556.23	28.52	2,229.73
Trade receivables	57.42	106.69	56.64	-	-	220.75
Loans	2,793.11	2,025.18	9,257.90	20,414.54	7,372.82	41,863.55
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,410.15	110.43	22.08	4,402.28	1,978.43	10,923.37
Investments	*	-	-	11,391.10	3,513.95	14,905.05
Other financial assets	402.04	-	12.89	24.88	316,48	756.29
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	14,160.42	2,282.37	10,335.09	37,144.70	13,214.26	77,136.84
Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Liabílities				· · ·		
Trade payables	233.64	97.13	-	-	-	330.77
Debt securities	13,190.90	491.60	5,081.55	1,443.48	12,498.93	32,705.46
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	4,719.36	1,591.31	8,764.62	22,782.37	561.13	38,418.79
Subordinated Liabilities		7.05	2,290.75	112.50	465.89	2,876.19
Other financial liabilities	1,349.89	361.99	803.98	3,301.14	3,863.97	9,680.97
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial liabilities	19,493.79	2,549.08	16,940.90	27,639.49	17,389.92	84,013.18





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (Continued)

55.E Liquidity Risk (continued)

All derivatives which are entered into for trading purpose are shown in the earliest time band. With respect to other derivatives, the remaining contractual maturity information has been given based on undiscounted cash flows.

As at March 31, 2023

Derivatives	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose	•	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	•	-	-	-	•
As at March 31, 2022						
Derivatives	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose	(12.01)	-	-	-	-	(12.01
						(12.01

Contractual expiry of commitments

The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Group's commitments. As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undrawn loan and other commitments	989.95	56,06	105.33	584.20	0.38	1,735.92
······································	980.95	\$6.05	105.33	584.20	0.38	1,735,92
As at March 31, 2022	·····					
Particulars	Upto 3 Months		6 Months to 1 year	1 γear to 3 years	More than 3 years	Tota
Undrawn loan and other commitments	759.12	34.92	65.60	579.85	-	1,439.49
	759.12	34.92	65.60	579.85	_	1,439.49





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.F Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The principal risk to which non-trading portfolios are exposed is the risk of loss from fluctuations in the future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by having pre-approved limits for repricing bands.

ALCO is the monitoring body for compliance with these limits. ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. Balance Sheet Management Unit is in-charge for day to day management of interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods. The Group's policy is to monitor positions on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions are maintained within the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2023 and at March 31, 2022

Interest rate sensitivity

			202	2-23		
	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
INR Loans	0.25	54.68	-	0.25	(54.68)	-
INR Borrowing	0.25	(81.29)	-	0.25	81.29	-
			202	1-22		
	Increase in basis	Sensitivity of	Sensitivity of	Decrease in basis	Sensitivity of	Sensitivity of
	points	Profit	Equity	points	Profit	Equity
INR Loans	25	(19.04)	(8.11)	25	19.04	8.11
INR Borrowing	0.25	0.28	-	0.25	(0.28)	-

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non-trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
USD	25	4.50		25	(4.50)	-
			20	21-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitîvity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
USD	25			25		



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

55. Risk Management (continued)

55.F Market Risk (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivative financial instruments	5	-	-	5	-	-
Others	5	5.88	-	5	(5.88)	
			20	21-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	5	(0.60)	-	5	0.60	-
Others	5	65.09	-	5	(65.09)	-

Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	25		-	25	-	-
			20	21-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	25	_	-	25	_	-

Other price risk

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		20	22-23		
	Increase in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Others	5	224.18	-	5	(224.18)	•
			20	21-22		
	Increase in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Others	5	183.94	-	5	(183.94)	_





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

56. Composition of the Group

Sr.	Name of the Entity	Note	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at March 31,	······
	Subsidiaries:			2023	2022
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly		······································		
1	L known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)(NHFL)		India	95.00%	95.00%
2	2 Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
Ξ	EC Commodity Limited		India	-	0.00%
4	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services		India	100.00%	100.00%
5	o Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)		India	100.00%	100.00%
e	Allium Finance Private Limited	а	India	73.76%	70.97%
	Associate				
1	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		India	52.31%	52.31%
	Notes:			······································	

a. With effect from 12 October 2022, Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company has increased its stake in Allium Finance Private Limited, one of its subsidiary from 70.97% to 73.76% and same has be consolidated accordingly.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary or Associates

		Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities	Assets minus lities	Share in Profit or Loss	ofit or Loss	Share in Other Comprehensive Income	omprehensive	Share in Total Comprehensive Income	mprehensive te
Sr. No.	Name of the Entity	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive Income	Amount (₹ in Million)
Parent	at the second								
	Edel Finance Company Limited	402.95%	15,235.11	(32.75)%	654.02	(23.27)%	0.14	(32.75)%	654.16
Cide	Sub-fidization								
	Indian								
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing					PO P		1700010-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	Add Advances
1	Finance Limited)(NHFL)	210.13%	7,944.68	(8.04)%	160.63	(392,23)%	2.36	(8 16)%	16.7 qq
7	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	(111.06)%	(4,198.95)	58.76%	(1,173.21)	28.25%	(0.17)	58.75%	(1 173 38)
ŝ	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	114.41%	4,325.56	98.59%	(1,968.55)	453.72%	(2.73)	98.69%	(1 971 78)
4	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as	0.19%	7.04	0.23%	(4.64)	33.24%	(0.20)	0.24%	10111 1011
L	Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)		- - - - -						(4.84)
n	Allum Finance Private Limited	34.68%	1,311.34	(1.84)%	36.71	0.00%		(1.84)%	36.71
	Non-Controlling Interests	19.59%	740.54	(0.92)%	18.32	(19.66)%	0.12	(0.92)%	18.44
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	(558.50)%	(21,116.38)	-19.34%	386.25	19.94%	(0.12)	-19.33%	386.13
-	Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian								
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	(12.38)%	(468.03)	5.32%	(106.31)	0.00%		5.32%	(106.31)
	Total	100.00%	3,780.91	100.00%	(1,996.78)	100.00%	(0.60)	100.00%	(1, 9 97,38)



(1,997.38)



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 33 March 2023 (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

58. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

S8.4. During the year, the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(es), including foreign entit es (intermediares) with the understanding that the intermediary shall () directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner what soever by or on behalf of the company (U) mate Beneficiaries) or (i) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Utimate Beneficiaries) or

55.8 During the year, the Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or onlyty oil, including forcign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall other than as disclosed in note (1) below.
() directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities ident Fed in any manner whatspever by or on behalf of the Funding Party Ultimate Benefician espect
() directly or indirectly lend or invest in other belows or entities ident Fed in any manner whatspever by or on behalf of the Funding Party Ultimate Benefician espect
() directly or indirectly lend or invest in other belows or behalf of the Utimate Benefician espect

Note (1)
During the year, the Group has taken roans from its holding company and given roan to its subsidiar est/fc row subsidiary companies in the ordinary course of business, which are at Arm's length and the same a saproved by Board
Audit Committee of the Group The Group confirm that the below transactions are in accordance with relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act. 2013 and the same
relavations are not in vibration of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).
For March 31, 2023
Name of Lengteen Texture Date Rule millions Remarks

Name of Lander	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs, in millions	Remarks.
Ecop Ecuatios wonded (Formerly Snown as Edel Laeo Winited)(Ecu)	l Loan Taken	Various Dates	<u>116 10</u>	e£ F K	inveștment l A.F.Units	n 27-Mar 23	320 :0	11 ELL IN associate of ERCSL and IC F R Is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
			729.00	Etelweis Alternative Asset Ativisors simited (EAAA)		28-Mar 23	220.00	13 Ecop Equaties climited is associate of ERCSL and EARA is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
				Eddweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Umited (E.A.)	Loan Given	Vancus Oates		11 ELG is associate of ERESL and EUL is subsidiary of ERESL
ECL finance Limited (ECLF)	Loan Taken	Various dates	1.048.70 386.70	Ecop Ecoles United (Formerly Inowna) Edelsand United (Esc)	l Can Gryen	Vancus Dates	1 948 10 385 70	11EC: Imance is fellow subsiciary of BRCSL and ELL is an alsociate of BRCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid its bothowing from ECC- and ELS has repaid its bothowing to BRCSL.
Edel Finance Company Umiled (EFCL)	Lósn Taken	Vanous Dates			Loan Grven	Vancus Dates	450.00	1) EFEL is holding company of ERCSL and Edelcap is fubsiciary of ERCSL (2) Edelcap has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
			209-90	Edelwess Securities & investments Pursual(f1/fig)			200.00	IS ÉFCI is hotóing company of ERC is and ESP tim fellow subsidiary of GROSE, ESP t has repaid its borrowing from ERCS1
See investments unvied (EL)	Lcan Taken	Various Dates	750 00	incoama Wealth and investment umited (181)	uçan Given	Various Dates		11 EU, is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EOL is associate of EFSL 21 Borrowings from EU has been report by ERCSL EBL has report as borrowing to ERCSL
Edelap Securius Limited (Edelap)	loan taken	7 Apr-22	253 60	Sevama Wealth and investment Umsted(EBU)	.can Given	Various Dates	250.00	It Edeitap is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EBL is associate of EFSL 21 Borrowings from Edeicap has been repaid by ERCSL EBL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Edelweits Financial Services Limated (EFSL)	ucan Taken	28-Dec-22	957.09	C∓ µ	investment in A:Filmits	28-Dec-22		1) EFSUs vitamate holding company of ERCSU and (CFF is selfow subschary of ERCSU
	toan Taken	Various Optes	1,750.00	Escluros Retail Finance umited (ERFQ	ican Given	26-Jet-22		11 EFSL is utimate holding company of ERCSL and ERTL is follow subsidiary of ERCSL ERFs has repaid its botrowing from ERCSL
	Laza Taken	Várious Dates		Ecap Sources united (Formerly known as Edel cand cirryted)(Ecc)		Various Dates		11 EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ELL is associate of ERCSL ELL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Nada Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance simited) NHFLJ	ican Taken	Vanous Dates	4,430.00	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)	Loan Given	Vanous Dates	4.490.00	1) NHFL is subsiciary of ERCSL and Fill is associate of ERCSL ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from NBFL Fill has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Remarks
iddheoss financuil Services Limited (FFSL)	Loan faken	Vanous dates	8,250	EC: finance um/del(EC, finance)	Loan Given	Vanous cates		11 EFSL is ultimate hold Company of Ecdew Rural & Corporate Servi amsted (ERSC) and Finance is tobsicilary CFSL and is lef subsiciary of ERCSL 2) ECL finance has repair 2420 million back to ECSL and ERCSL has also rep the same back to EFSL
idelwais Financial Services Llimited (BFSL)	toan Given	9 Jun-22	1,130	60ap Equines Limited (formerly ESel Land Limited)	taan Given	9- tun-72		13 EFSL is ultimate hold Company of EFSCL : Edel Land is wholly own tubsidiary of EFSL : follow subsidiary of EFSL 21 Edel Land has reput 3.380 million back to 241 and ERCSL has also rep the same back to 2FSL

Note [2] Based on the regal opinion obtained by the Hotting Company, the transactions undertaken by the Company (CIC-NBFC) of barrowing/ending/investment to and from its hording/subsidiary/alf-late/group entity(es) (together referred to as the "Group") or barrowing from outside the Group for onward rending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Aud Land Audiors) Rules, 2014 (the "Rules"). Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company and dictored under the Rules





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency - Indian ruppers in millions) 59. Other Additional Regulatory Information

59.1. The deeds of immovable Properties not held in name of the Group The Group do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the Group

59.2. Leans and Advances The Group has generated vants or advances in the nature of leans, without specifying period of repayment of principal to companies. However, during the year the Group has executed supplementary agreement with such companies to stopulate the schedule for repayment of principal. Of these following we the details of the aggregate amount of leans or advances in the nature of leans granted to promoters or related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Type of Borrower	For March			March 31, 2022
	Amount of loan or	Percentage to	Amount of ioan or	Percentage to the total Loans and
	advance in the	the total Loans	advance in the sature	Advances in the nature of loans
	nature of loan	and Advances	of idan outstanding	1
Premotors	Nel	NA	. Nu	N/-
Directors	N.I	NA	NI	Ně
KMPs	NP	NA	N.I	N/A
Related Parties	tie:	NA	29.653.40	5.5% to 52%

59.3. Details of Benami Property held The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been init ated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

59.4. Security of current assets against borrowings The Group has borrowing from banks or Francial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly return and statement Field by the Group with such banks or Francial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Group werener absicuble.

59.5. Wife Defaulter The Group 4 not declared as wifed defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender

59.6. Relationship with Struck off Companies

For March 31, 2023		1	- <u></u>
Name of struck of Company	Nature of	Dalance	Relationship with the
Anahat Organisation Development Consultancy Pvt Ltd	Professional Fees	Nd	Vendor
Glossy Creation Private similar	Receivables	0.59	Client
Shams Cable Network	Office expense	tal.	Vendor
Kamal Enterprises	กษระสุริสกอบร	Na	Vendor
M R D ENTERPRISES	0		
For March 31, 2022	Repairs &	Nd	Vendor
For March 31, 2022	Repairs s	j sta	Vencor
	Nature of transactions with	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company
For March 31, 2022 Name of struck of Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the
For March 31, 2022 Name of Struck of Company Reutors India Private Limited	Nature of transactions with	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the
For March 31, 2022	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company

59.7. Undiscipted income The Group does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or Survey or any stitler relevant arevisions of the Excave Tax Act, 1961.

59.8. The Group is in compliance with number of layers of companies, as preseribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017

59.9. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the Financial year.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 60. The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which subsumes the Provident Fund and the Gratuity Act and rules there under. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has also released draft rules thereunder on November 13, 2020 and has invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Group will evaluate the rules, assess the Impact if any, and account for the same once the rules are notified and become effective.
- 61. Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement dated March 9, 2023 to the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement dated March 18, 2021 between Edelweiss Financial Service Ltd (Holding Company), Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited, PAGAC Esctasy Pte Ltd and Nuvama Wealth Management Limited [formerly Edelweiss Securities Limited], the amendment to the articles of association of Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and the appointment of independent trustee. Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and its subsidiary Companies ceased to be associate of the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2023. Accordingly, pursuant to Ind AS 28 – "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures', Company's retained interest in Nuvama Wealth Management Limited has been recorded at fairvalue as at March 31, 2023.
- 62. "Nuwama Clearing Services Limited ("NCSL") (Formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited), an erstwhile associate of the Edelweiss Financial Services Company Limited (EFSL) challenged an order, by an investigating agency, marking lien on its clearing account, before the 47th Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Numbal ("ACMM"). Since the Investigation against Anugrah Stock and Broking PvL. Ltd. ("trading member"), for which NCSL was a clearing member, is still under process, the said Court contended that it had no objection to setting aside the iien order, upon NCSL providing an undertaking to keep sufficient assets unencumbered. The above case which is pending for hearing before ACMM, has now been transferred to the City Civil & Sessions Court under Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (In Financial Establishments) Act, 1999 (MPID). During the quarter ended March 2023, hearing has happened with Securities Appellate Tribunal with respect to NSCL's application made to SAT for challenging NCL's perverse order against NCSL; and the said hearing has been concluded and for which no order or further directions ST most SAT have yet been received. The matter is sub-judice and has been listed for further hearing and there is no further update on this matter during the quarter.

On behalf of NCSL, the Group has provided the undertaking to keep sufficient unencumbered assets amounting to 72,870 million belonging to the Company and the said lien has been set aside.

The Company has been represented by NCSL that it has acted in accordance with the agreement entered with the trading member and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, there is no adjustment required in the financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2023.

- 63. During the previous year ended March 31, 2022, certain assets amounting to ₹ 1,284.40 million were sold to alternative assets funds by the fellowsubsidiary NBFCs. Edelwelss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ('ERCSL') a subsidiary, has, vide a put agreement dated July 31, 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to ₹ 1,284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement. Further, as the risks and rewards continues in the Group, these are accounted as financial assets in the consolidated financial statements and the consequent expected credit loss is recorded in the consolidated financial statements.
- 64. The Income Tax Authorities (" the Department") had conducted a search under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 on the premises of the Company during March 2023. The Company had provided the requisite details which were sought by the income tax authorities during the course of the search. Subsequently, the Company has received summons under section 131 (1A) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 seeking certain data/information, which the Company is in the process of responding. The Company confirms that neither the Department has raised any tax demand nor the Company has admitted any tax liability. Further, no proceeding or assessment orders have been issued post the search conducted by the Department. While uncertainty exists regarding the outcome of the proceedings by the Department, the Company is extending its full cooperation with the concerned income tax authorities and based on current internal assessment management is of the view that this will not have any Impact on the Company's financial statements for the year ended (March 31, 2023.
- 65. During the year ended March 31, 2023, Nido Home Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited), one subsidiary of the Company, had sold certain financial assets amounting to 7 129.8 millions (net of provisions and losses), to asset reconstructions company trust (*ARC Trust') and acquired security receipts (RD) amounting to 710.3 millions from these ARC Trusts. Ind AS 100 "Financial Instruments', prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Arct, 2013, requires substantially all risks and rewards to be transferred for the purpose of de-recognition of such financial assets from the Company's financial result. Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL), the ultimate holding company had undertaken substantially all risks and rewards in respect of such financial assets. As a result, these financial assets red de-recognition and respect of such financial assets. As a result, these financial assets are de-recognited in the Company's financial result.
- 66. Nido had initiated sale of certain credit impaired financial assets before March 31, 2023 and for which definitive contracts were executed post the balance sheet date. These financial assets sold after March 31, 2023, amounted to 7205.7 millions (net of provisions and losses) to asset reconstruction company trust (ARC Trust). As per Ind AS 109, Financial instruments, prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 significant judgement is involved in classification of assets. Accordingly, on account of subsequent sale to and recovery from ARC Trust of such credit impaired assets, management has recorded such financial assets are recoverable and not as credit impaired indicates. EFSL, the ultimate holding Company has, undertaken substantially all risks and rewards in respect of these financial assets aggregating to 7 174.8 millions. As at March 31, 2023, there are no impact on the financial statements of the Nido other than expected credit loss recorded in the statement of Profit and Loss for

As at March 31, 2023, there are no impact on the financial statements of the Nido other than expected credit loss recorded in the statement of Profit and Loss for the yearended March 31, 2023 amounting to ₹ 5.3 millions.

67. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached For Dhiral & Dheerai For and on behalf of the Board of Directors ICAL Firm Registration Number 102454W intered Accountants & D. RA 0 MUM ANDA a Suneja alloódra Dadhich Vidva Shah ive Director & CFO Director DIN : 00274831 07297081 Membership No: 425098 D ٠. B ACCOUN arun Khuran **Company Secretary** -----COME Mumbai May 24, 20 Mumbai May 24, 2023 *


DHIRAJ & DHEERAJ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Edel Finance Company Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

ACCOU

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our point. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the task of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our addit opinion on the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
(a) Impairment of investments in subsidia	ary and other group companies (as described in Note 9(a),
9(b) & 9(c) of the Standalone financial sta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The Company is a Core Investment	Our audit procedures included considering the
Company (CIC) registered with the	appropriateness of the processes laid down by the
Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and has	management for assessment of impairment in the value
investments in subsidiary amounting to	of investments in subsidiary and other group companies
Rs. 17791.51 million in form of equity	combined with procedures performed as follows:
shares of Rs. 8290.70 million,	• We considered management's assessment of
compulsorily convertible preference	impairment from the management experts
shares of Rs. 500.00 million and	wherever considered necessary and assessed
compulsorily convertible debentures of	whether any impairment indicators existed for
Rs. 9,000.81 million . The Company has	investment in individual subsidiary and other
also invested in form of equity shares of	group companies.
Rs.5029.39 million in other group	• We traced the net-worth of the individual
companies and Rs 2,000.18 million in	subsidiary and other group companies from their
compulsorily convertible debentures of	financial statements.
other Group companies.	• We assessed the disclosures relating to
These investments are valued at cost and	investments in subsidiary and other group
are required to be assessed for	companies included in the Standalone financial
impairment in accordance with Ind AS	Statements in accordance with the
36, when any indicators of impairment	Requirements of Ind AS.
are observed.	
In carrying out such impairment	
assessment, a significant judgement of	
the management is involved in estimating	
the investee company's "value in use",	
with in accordance with Ind AS 36.	
Estimation of the value in use requires the	
management to apply appropriate	
assumptions with respect to the growth	
rates for future cash flow projections of	
the investee company and	
discount rates for determining present	
value of such cash flows.	
We have identified impairment testing of	
Investments in subsidiary and other	
group companies as a key audit matter	
due to the high degree of management's	·
judgement involved in estimation of the	
recoverable amount of such investments,	· · ·
the inherent uncertainty relating to the	
assumptions supporting such estimates	
and the significance of the investments to	
the overall Standalone financial	
statements. Ve have determined that there are no other	



Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time ("RBI Guidelines"). This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, **DHE D** ividually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions are taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Standalone Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Ind AS financial statements – Refer Note36 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements;



The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company. iv. a)The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 42 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 42 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

& D

For **Dhiraj & Dheeraj** Firm Registration Number: 102454W Chartered Accountants

Barush × MUMBAI Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: 425098 Place: Mumbai Date:24th May ,2023 UDIN: 23425098BGWWUV4016

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

- i. (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars intangible assets
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of 3 years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the fixed assets has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the company.
 - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder
- ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable
- iii.(a) The Company is a Core Investment Company and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
 - (e) The Company is a Core Investment Company and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(e) of the order is not applicable.



According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

- The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- v. The company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73,74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, , Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount under dispute (Rs. in Millions	Amount paid (Rs. in Millions)	Period to which it relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
			_	AY	The Commissioner of
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	127.57		2017-18	Income Tax (Appeals)
				AY	The Commissioner of
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	484.04	-	2018-19	Income Tax (Appeals)
				AY	The Commissioner of
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	33.59	-	2020-21	Income Tax (Appeals)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				AY	The Commissioner of
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	47.64	-	2020-21	Income Tax (Appeals)

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender as at the balance sheet date.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority
 - (c) According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds have been raised on short term basis.

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- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary, joint venture and associate companies and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle- blower complaints have been received during the year by the company. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, there is internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business,

b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company being a CIC company has registered under section 45-iA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (b)The company has conducted non-banking financial Core Investment company (CIC) activities with a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 during the year.



According to the information and explanations given to us and based on books and records verified by us the Company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and the Company continues to fulfill the criteria of a CIC.

- (d)Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group does not have any other CICs other than the Company.
- xvii. The company has incurred cash losses of Rs.32.13 crores in the current financial year, there were no cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, hence this clause is not applicable;
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses (xx) (a) and (xx) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xxi The reporting under Clause (xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Financial Statements of the company. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

Firm Registration Number: 102454W Chartered Accountants



Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: 425098 Place: Mumbai Date:24th May ,2023 UDIN: 23425098BGWWUV4016



Annexure 2 to Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Edel Finance Company Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to these Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable accorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in according and eonly in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the MUMBA/Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For **Dhiraj & Dheeraj** Firm Registration Number: 102454W Chartered Accountants

Shailendra Dadhich Partner Membership Number: 425098 Place: Mumbai Date:24th May ,2023 UDIN: 23425098BGWWUV4016



Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31 , 2022
ASSETS		Mut en 51, 2025	marca 51, 2022
Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	20.63	10.93
(b) Loans	8	9,549.53	1,880.91
(c) Investments	9	31,802.86	27,594,14
(d) Other financial assets	10	2.21	27,5 54.14
Total financial assets		41,375.23	2,33
Non-financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	11	411.99	21.00
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	[2		311.92
(c) Property, Plant and Equipment	13	246.67	455.45
(d) Other non- financial assets	13	2.24	2.42
Total non-financial assets	14	<u> </u>	0.74
		003.70	770.53
TOTAL ASSETS		42,038.93	30,258.84
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Trade payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	_
 (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises ar small enterprises 	d 15	16.28	17.24
(b) Debt securities	16	[4,810,1]	6,691.33
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	17	11,775.09	10,771.37
(d) Subordinated liabilities	18	161.12	10,771.37
(e) Other financial liabilities	19	7.21	
Total financial liabilities		26,769.81	8.85 17,649.91
Non-financial liabilities			
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	20	10.16	
(b) Provisions	20	18.15	18.16
(c) Other non-financial liabilities	21	0.08	0.01
Total non-financial liabilities	22	15.78	9.81
		34.01	27,98
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	23	7,566.75	5,566,75
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	24	1,650.00	1,650.00
(c) Other equity	25	6,018.36	5,364.20
Total equity		15,235.11	12,580.95
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		42,038.93	30,258,84
			30,430.04

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Stailendra Dadhich Pauner Membership No: 425098



1 to 56

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja

Vidya Shah

DIN:00274831

Director

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN : 07297081

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary



Mumbai May 24, 2023

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Revenue from operations			······
Interest income	26	662.61	252.37
Fee income	27	0.09	~
Net gain on fair value changes	28	1,916.30	944.90
Total revenue from operations		2,579.00	1,197.27
Other income	29	526.92	689.33
Total Revenue		3,105.92	1,886.60
Expenses			
Finance costs	30	2,184.91	1,766.47
Impairment on financial instruments	31	30.80	5.33
Employee benefits expense	32	2.69	11.38
Depreciation and amortisation	13	0.14	2.07
Other expenses	33	24.58	43.82
Total expenses		2,243.12	1,829.07
Profit / (Loss) before tax		862.80	57.53
Tax expenses			
(1) Current tax			
a) Current Tax	34	-	-
b) Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	34	-	0.14
(2) Deferred tax expense / (credit) (net)	34	208.78	(164.43)
Total Tax		208.78	(164.29)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		654.02	221.82
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.14	(0.04)
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		0.14	(0.96)
Income tax - OCI - that will not be reclassified		-	0.24
Total	-	0.14	(0.72)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	-	654.16	221.10
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 100 each):			
(1) Basic (₹)	35	9.04	3.07
(2) Diluted (₹)	35	9.04	3.07

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements 1 to 56

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W





Ananya/Suneja

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vidya Shah

Vidya Shah Director DIN : 00274831

Executive Director & CFO

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

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DIN : 07297081



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions) A. Equity Share Capital

Outstanding as on	Marca 31, 2022	5.566.75	
Issued during the		,	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current	reporting period	1	
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period	¢rrørs	•	
Outstanding as on April 1, 2021	-	5,566.75	
Outstanding as on March 31, 2023		7,566.75	
Issued during the year		2,000.00	
Restated balance at the beginning of the current renorting nerical			
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors		•	
Outstanding as on April 1, 2022	25 272 2	C1.00000	
and the second se	issued, subscribed and paid up	(Equity shares of Rs. 100 each. fully paid-up)	
	by Share Restated balance at the Issued during the Outstanding as on Outstanding as on Changes in Equity Share Restated balance at the Issued during the during the reportion beginning of the current vest March 31, 2023 April 1, 2021 Capital due to prior period beginning of the current Issued during the monotrine method.	Outstanding as on Changes in Equity Share Restated balance at the Issued during the Outstanding as on Outstanding as on Outstanding as on Changes in Equity Share Restated balance at the April 1, 2022 Capital due to prior period beginning of the current reporting period beginning of the current searce at the Narch 31, 2023 April 1, 2021 Capital due to prior period beginning of the current reporting period beginning the current reportent reporting period beginning the current reporting per	Issued during the Narth 31, 2023 Outstanding as on Outstanding as on Outstanding as on Changes in Equity Share Restated balance at the year Restated balance at the current of

B. Other Equity

	Capital Reserves	Capital redemption reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve	Retained Earnings	Deemed Capital Contribution-Equity	lmpairment Reserve	Total Attributable to equity holders
								610000
Balance as at March 31, 2021 Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	(11.999.11)	16.18	4,485.38	1,238.59	35.99.28	2.25	32.27	5,143,10
Restated balance as at March 31, 2021	(11.999.11)	84.34	4,485.38	1,238,50	1 799 18			•
Profit for the year	,				001/140	2717	32.27	5,143.10
Other comprehensive loss	Ŧ		1 +		221.82	,	1	221.82
	(11.666.5)	24.34	4 485 78		(0.12)			(0.72)
			0012014	AC100711	3,520,48	2.25	32.27	5.364.20
Transfer to statutory reserve Deemod distribution during the corre	•		1	95,44	(44.36)	,		
Transfer to impairment reserve	• • •	•	1	•	1	,	ı	
Balance as at March 31, 2022	/2 000					,		•
Changes in accounting policy/arise naried arread	(Treese)	1010	4,485.38	1,282.95	3,476.12	2.25	32.27	02 595 5
Restated halance as at Mouch 11 1017	2000							
Profit for the more as at startill J1, 2042	(11,444,6)	84.34	4,485.38	1.282.95	3.476.12	2.25	32.27	UC PYE 2
other comprehensive loss					654.02			654.02
	11 000 1/				0,14			F1 O
	111.666-01	41.14	4,485,38	1.282.95	4,130.28	2.25	32.27	6.018.36
Transfer to statutory reserve								
Deemed distribution during the year	•		,	18.061	(130.81)		•	1
Transfer to impairment reserve		, ,	1		•	•	•	r
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(11.099.E)	64 24	CC 201 1				-	'
		1000	85.584,4	1 413 76	3.999.47	2.25	77 77	22 310 9

As per our report of even date attached. The accompanying notes 1 to 56 are an integral part of the financial statements

For Dhiraj & Dheraj Charared Accontants CAL Fim Registration Number: 102454W Shallendra Dadhich Panter Membership No: 4250W Membership No: 4250W





Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

A Cash flow from operating activities Profit / (Loss) before tax 862.80 57.53 Adjustments for: 0.14 2.07 Profit on sale of investments (443.85) (961.16) Impairment on financial instruments 30.38 5.33 Fair value of financial instruments (1.215.61) (60.98) Provision for gratuity and compensated absences 0.21 (1.98) Provision for gratuity and compensated absences 0.21 (1.98) Provision for gratuity and compensated absences 0.21 (1.98) Profit on sale of fixed assets (net) (0.08) (0.044) Operating cash flow before working capital changes . 53.66 Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets 0.12 45.72 Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets 0.260 (4.01) Increase / (decrease) in onto financial assets 0.260 (4.01) Increase / (decrease) in onto financial lassets 0.060 (23.657) Increase / (decrease) in onter financial lassets 0.11 0.47 Cash used in operating activities 0.11 0.47 Increase / (decrease) in onter financial lassets </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>For the year ended March 31, 2023</th> <th>For the year ended March 31, 2022</th>			For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Adjustments for:Inclusion0.142.07Perfort on sale of investments(448.85)(961.36)Impairment on financial instruments30.805.33Fair value of financial instruments(1.215.61)(601.98)Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other no financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other no financial assets(2.544.26)(5.590.59)Decrease / (increase) in other no financial assets(1.256.58)(2.36)Decrease / (increase) in other no financial assets(1.256.58)(2.43.67)Decrease / (decrease) in non financial issets(1.256.58)(2.43.67)Increase / (decrease) in on financial issets(1.256.58)(2.43.67)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities(1.256.78)(1.067.70)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities(1.226.778)(1.105.70)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities0.110.47C Cash flow from investing activities - A0.110.47C Cash flow from investing activities - B0.110.47Proceeds from isale of property. Plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds from isale of property. Plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds from isale of property. Plant and	Α	Cash flow from operating activities	March 01, 2023	March 31, 2022
Adjustments for:0.142.07Perfort on sale of investments(443.85)(961.36)Impairment on financial instruments30.805.33Fair value of financial instruments30.805.33Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of offixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.041)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770-59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:.53.66Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables.53.66Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other on financial assets(2.544.26)(5.900.59)Decrease / (increase) in other on financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in note non financial assets(2.266)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial isbilities(1.256.58)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities(1.26.78)(1.105.70)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities(1.26.78)(1.067.26)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities(1.26.78)(1.067.26)Increase / (decrease) in on financial isbilities0.110.47C Cash flow from investing activities - A(12.367.83)(1.087.26)B Cash flow from investing activities - B0.110.47Proceeds from isale of property. Plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds from isale of property. Plant and equipment and intangible assets0.11 <td></td> <td>Profit / (Loss) before tax</td> <td>862.80</td> <td>57.53</td>		Profit / (Loss) before tax	862.80	57.53
Profit on sale of investments(44.8.5)(46.1.36)Impairment on financial instruments30.805.3.3Fair value of financial instruments30.805.3.3Fair value of financial instruments0.2.1(1.98)Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.2.1(1.98)Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:0.214.572Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.124.572Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets(2.544.26)(5.990.59)Decrease / (increase) in inde payables(0.96)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in inde financial assets(2.266)4.01Increase / (decrease) in inde payables(0.96)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in inde financial iabilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities(1.25.5.8)(24.67)Increase / (decrease) in outer financial liabilities(1.25.778)(1.105.70)Increase / (decrease) in outer financial liabilities0.110.47C cash flow from investing activities - A(12.367.83)(1.087.26)Proceeds from insuence of Shore capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds / (repayment) from Derowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)9.31.633.577.90Vet cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70 <td></td> <td>Adjustments for:</td> <td></td> <td>01102</td>		Adjustments for:		01102
Profit on sale of investments(448.85)(961.36)Impairment on financial instruments30.805.33Fair value of financial instruments(1.215.61)(601.98)Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.041)Operating each flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:.53.66Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other on financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other on financial isabilities(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other financial isabilities(1.256.38)(243.65)Increase / (decrease) in other financial isabilities(1.226.73)(1.105.70)Increase / (decrease) in other financial isabilities(1.226.73)(1.087.26)B Cash flow from investing activities0.110.47Proceeds from sile of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90Proceeds / (repayment)		Depreciation and amortisation	0.14	2.07
Impairment on financial instruments30.805.33Fair value of financial instruments(1.215.61)(601.98)Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in the financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in loans(7.699.42)6.558.78Sale/ (purchase) of Investments(2.66)4.01Increase / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial assets(2.66)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial assets(1.256.58)(243.67)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.256.58)(243.67)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.267.78)(1.1087.70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities - A(12.367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities - B0.110.47Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90I below)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90I below)Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42		Profit on sale of investments		
Fair value of financial instruments(1.215.61)(601.98)Provision for gratuly and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1.500.43)Adjustments for:.53.66Decrease / (increase) in table and other receivables.53.66Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.544.26)(5.990.59)Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.06)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other financial assets(2.06)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities(1.226.58)(243.67)Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities(1.2267.78)(1.105.70)Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities(1.2267.78)(1.087.26)B Cash used in operating activities - A(1.10.47Net cash used in operating activities - B0.110.47Proceeds from sale of Share capital (including Securities Premium)2.000.00-Proceeds from insuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium)2.000.00		Impairment on financial instruments	· ,	()
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences0.21(1.98)Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1,500.43)Adjustments for:.53.66Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other noncial assets(2.544.26)(5.990.59)Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.644.26)(3.900.59)Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.644.26)(2.306)Decrease / (increase) in other non financial isabilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.226.58)(243.67)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.226.78)(1.105.70)Increase / (acrease) in other financial iabilities -A(10.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities -A(12.367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities -B0.110.47Proceeds from sale of of share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds from insuence of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds from insence of share capital (including securities Premium) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Proceeds from insence of share capital (including securities Premium) Proceeds f		Fair value of financial instruments		
Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)(0.08)(0.04)Operating cash flow before working capital changes(770.59)(1,500.43)Adjustments for:0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets(2,544.26)(5,990.59)Decrease / (increase) in other on financial assets(2,06)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial iabilities(2,26)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in on financial labilities(1,256.58)(243.65)Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities(1,256.58)(243.65)Increase / (decrease) in other financial labilities(1,256.58)(1,105.70)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1,256.58)(1,267.78)(11,05.70)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities0.110.47Proceeds from sale of property. plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceed		Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	,	
Operating cash flow before working capital changes Adjustments for:(770.59)(1,500.43)Decrease / (increase) in tude and other receivables-53.66Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets0.1245.72Decrease / (increase) in other nonfinancial assets(2,544.26)(5,990.59)Decrease / (increase) in other nonfinancial assets(2,06)4.01Increase / (increase) in other nonfinancial assets(2,06)4.01Increase / (increase) in other non financial assets(2,06)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities5.97(9,53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1,226.7.8)(1,405.70)Increase / (acrease) in other financial inabilities(12,267.78)(1,108.70)Increase / (acrease) in other financial intangible assets0.110.47Cash flow from investing activities0.110.47Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Proceeds from insusting activities - B0.110.47Proceeds from insusting activities - B0.110.47Proceeds from insuence of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds / (repayment) from Botr scurities (refer note 1 below)9.445.79(3.680.76)Proceeds from insuence of Share capital (including activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70(1,189.65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58				
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Decrease / (increase) in loansT. D. 1/2Decrease / (increase) in loans(7,699,42)(6,558,78Sale/ (purchase) of Investments(2,544,26)(5,990,59)Decrease / (increase) in rule payables(0,96)(23,65)Increase / (decrease) in non financial assets(0,96)(23,65)Increase / (decrease) in on financial liabilities(1,256,58)(243,67)Cash used in operating activities(12,267,78)(1,105,70)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(100.05)18,44Net cash used in operating activities - A(12,367,83)(1,087,26)BCash flow from investing activities - B0.110.47Net cash generated from investing activities - B0.110.47CCash flow from financing activities - B0.110.47Proceeds / (repayment) from Deb securities Premium)2,000,00-Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931,633,577,90I below)Net cash used in / generated from financing activities - C12,377,42(102,86)Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12,377,42(102,86)Net cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9,70(1,189,65)Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9,70(1,189,65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10,931,200,58		Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	-	53.66
Sale/ (purchase) of Investments(1,007,12)(0,001,12)Sale/ (purchase) of Investments(2,544,26)(5,900,59)Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2,06)4.01Increase / (decrease) in other non financial liabilities(0,96)(23,65)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities5,97(9,53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1,256,58)(243,67)Cash used in operating activities(12,267,78)(1,105,70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100,05)18,44Net cash used in operating activities(12,367,83)(1,087,26)BCash flow from investing activities0,110,47Vet cash generated from investing activities - B0,110,47CCash flow from financing activities (refer note 1 below)9,445,79(3,680,76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Debravings (other than debt securities) (refer note9,31,633,577,90I below)Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12,377,42(102.86)Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C9,70(1,189,65)Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9,70(1,189,65)Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)10,931,200,58		Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	0.12	45.72
Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.06)(4.01)Increase / (decrease) in trade payables(0.96)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.256.58)(243.67)Cash used in operating activities(12.267.78)(1.105.70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities(12.367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities0.110.47Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47CCash flow from financing activities2.000.00-Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium)2.000.00-Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)9.445.79(3.680.76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note931.633.577.90I below)Net cash used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70(1.189.65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58		Decrease / (increase) in loans	(7,699.42)	6,558.78
Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets(2.06)4.01Increase / (decrease) in trade payables(0.96)(23.65)Increase / (decrease) in on financial liabilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.256.58)(243.67)Cash used in operating activities(12.267.78)(1.105.70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities(12.367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities0.110.47Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Net cash generated from investing activities - B0.110.47Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)9.445.79(3.680.76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)9.16.33.577.90Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net cash cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58		Sale/ (purchase) of Investments	(2,544.26)	(5,990.59)
Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities(1,256,58)(243,67)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1,256,58)(243,67)Cash used in operating activities(12,267,78)(1,105,70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18,44Net cash used in operating activities - A(12,367,83)(1,087,26)BCash flow from investing activities0,110,47Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0,110,47CCash flow from financing activities - B0,110,47CCash flow from financing activities (refer note 1 below)9,445,79(3,680,76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)9,445,79(3,680,76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)9,31,633,577,90Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12,377,42(102,86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9,70(1,189,65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10,931,200,58		Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets	(2.06)	
Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities5.97(9.53)Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1.256.58)(243.67)Cash used in operating activities(12.267.78)(1,105.70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities - A(12.367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities0.110.47Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Net cash generated from investing activities - B0.110.47CCash flow from financing activities2.000.00-Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium)2.000.00-Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)931.633.577.90Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70(1,189.65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58		Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(0.96)	(23.65)
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities(1,256.58)(243.67)Cash used in operating activities(12,267.78)(1,105.70)Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities - A(12,367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities(12,367.83)(1.087.26)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets0.110.47Net cash generated from investing activities - B0.110.47CCash flow from financing activities2.000.00-Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities Premium)9.445.79(3.680.76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)9.445.79(3.680.76)Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70(1.189.65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58		Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities	5.97	
Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)(1100.05)18.44Net cash used in operating activities -A(12,367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities(12,367.83)(1.087.26)BCash flow from investing activities0.110.47Net cash generated from investing activities - B0.110.47CCash flow from financing activities90.11Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)9.045.79(3.680.76)Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)931.633.577.90Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C12.377.42(102.86)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)9.70(1.189.65)Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year10.931.200.58		Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	(1,256.58)	
Net cash used in operating activities - A (12,367.83) (1.087.26) B Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 0.11 0.47 Net cash generated from investing activities - B 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 2.000.00 - Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58		Cash used in operating activities	(12,267.78)	(1,105.70)
B Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 0.11 0.47 Net cash generated from investing activities - B 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities 0.11 0.47 Proceeds from investing activities 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities 0.11 0.47 Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9.445.79 (3.680.76) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 9.31.63 3.577.90 I below) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12.377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1.189.65) 1.200.58 Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1.200.58		Income taxes (paid) (net of refund)	(100.05)	18.44
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 0.11 0.47 Net cash generated from investing activities - B 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities - Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) 2.000.00 - Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9.445.79 (3.680.76) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 931.63 3.577.90 I below) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12.377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) 1.200.58		Net cash used in operating activities -A	(12,367.83)	(1,087.26)
Net cash generated from investing activities - B 0.11 0.47 C Cash flow from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 2.000.00 - Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9.445.79 (3.680.76) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 931.63 3.577.90 Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12.377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1.189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1.200.58	в	Cash flow from investing activities		
C Cash flow from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) 2,000.00 Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9,445.79 Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 9,445.79 Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58		Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	0.11	0.47
Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium) 2,000.00 Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9,445.79 (3,680.76) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 931.63 3,577.90 I below) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58		Net cash generated from investing activities - B	0.11	0.47
Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below) 9,445.79 (3,680.76) Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 931.63 3,577.90 Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58	С			
Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below) 931.63 3,577.90 Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58		Proceeds from issuance of Share capital (including Securities Premium)	2,000.00	-
1 below) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C 12,377.42 (102.86) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58			9,445.79	(3,680.76)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 9.70 (1,189.65) Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58			931.63	3,577.90
Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year 10.93 1,200.58		Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C	12,377.42	(102,86)
		Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	9.70	(1,189.65)
Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year 20.63 10.93		Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	10.93	1,200.58
		Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year	20.63	

Notes:

1 Cash receipts and payments for transaction with group companies in which the turnover is quick, the amounts are large, and the maturities are short are presented on net basis in accordance with Ind AS-7 Statement of Cash Flows.

2 Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the companies Act ,2013.

3 Refer note 39 for disclosure relating to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj		For and on behalf of the Bo	ard of Directors
Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Numb	per: 102454W	A.	fral
Shailendra Dadhich Fartner Membership No: 425098	MUMBAI	Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN : 07297081 Tarun Khurana Company Secretary	Vidya Shah Director DIN : 00274831
Mumbai May 24, 2023		Mumbai May 24, 2023	COMPANY CIMITE

EDE

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

1. Corporate information:

Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') a public limited company domiciled and incorporated under the provisions applicable in India under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company was incorporated on October 16, 1989 and is wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company was primarily engaged in the business of lending and investment and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND-SI). Company got converted to Core Investment Company ('CIC') as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI on 09th October, 2018.

2. Basis of preparation:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as, derivative financial instruments, and other financial instruments held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements:

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in "Note 40-Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities".

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and or its counterparties

Derivative assets and liabilities with master netting arrangements [e.g. ISDAs (International Swaps and Derivatives Association)] are only presented net when they satisfy the eligibility of netting for all of the above criteria and not just in the event of default.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Recognition of interest income and dividend income

4.1.1 Effective interest rate (EIR):



Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate a shorter period to the gross carrying amount of financial instrument.

The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial asset. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments penalty interest and charges.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

4.1.2 Interest income:

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Penal interest income on delayed EMI or pre EMI is recognised on receipt basis.

4.1.3 Dividend income:

The Company recognised dividend income when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.1.4 Fee and Commission Income:

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The Company recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration.

4.1.5 Other Income

Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract. Other ancillary charges are recognized upon realisation.

4.2 Financial instruments:

4.2.1 Date of recognition:

Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

4.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss:

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

4.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

- If those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cash flow
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Company measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

4.3 Financial assets and liabilities:

4.3.1 Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.



The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.3.2 Financial assets held for trading:

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

4.3.3 Investment in equity instruments:

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost. (subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies).

4.3.4 Financial liabilities:

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

4.3.5 Derivative financial instruments:

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate, market risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4.3.6 Debt securities and other borrowed funds:

The Company measures debt issued and other borrowed funds at Amortised cost at each reporting date. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Company issues certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

4.3.7 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

• The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; Or





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; Or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

4.3.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. The Company didn't reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities in current period and previous period.

4.5 Derecognition of financial Instruments:

4.5.1 Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Company also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Company has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either

- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumed a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to third party under pass through arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

 The Company has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates.

• The Company cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients.

The Company has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Company is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

The Company also derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Company records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

4.5.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognised as new financial liability, is recognised statement of profit and loss.

4.6 Impairment of financial assets:

The Company records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.



ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Simplified approach

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

General approach

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

The Company provides for expected credit loss on group loans based on its estimates of credit assessment on such loans subject to minimum 0.40% on all group loans as per Company estimates and RBI IRACP prudential norms.

Company categories its financial assets as follows:

Stage 1 assets:

Stage 1 assets includes financial instruments that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date. For these assets, 12-month ECL (resulting from default events possible within 12 months from reporting date) are recognised.

Stage 2 assets:

Stage 2 Assets includes financial instruments that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition For these assets lifetime ECL (resulting from default events possible within 12 months from reporting date) are recognised.

Stage 3 assets:

Stage 3 for Assets considered credit-impaired the Company recognises the lifetime ECL for these loans. The method is similar to that for Stage 2 assets, with the PD set at 100%.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

The ongoing assessment of whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred for working capital facilities is similar to other lending products. The interest rate used to discount the ECLs for working capital facilities is based on the average effective interest rate that is expected to be charged over the expected period of exposure to the facilities.

Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The expected credit losses on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset.

The Company's product offering includes a working capital facilities with a right to Company to cancel and/or reduce the facilities with one day's notice. The Company does not limit its exposure to credit losses to the contractual notice period, but, instead calculates ECL over a period that reflects the Company's expectations of the customer behaviour, its likelihood of default and the Company's future risk mitigation procedures, which could include reducing or cancelling the facilities.

4.7 Collateral valuation:

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit /guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the Company's balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a quarterly basis. However, some collateral, for example, securities relating to margin requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market value are valued using models. Non-financial collateral, such as real estate, is valued based on data provided by third parties such as mortgage brokers, or based on housing price indices.

4.8 Write-offs:

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

4.9 Determination of fair value:

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either;

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Level 1 financial instruments:

Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.

Level 2 financial instruments:

Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 financial instruments:

Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

4.10 Operating leases:

Company as a lessee:

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 using the partial retrospective approach.

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease liability



At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease:

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight line basis over lease term.

4.11 Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

4.12 Foreign currency transaction:

The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Company. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

4.13 Retirement and other employee benefit:

4.13.1 Provident fund:

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

4.13.2 Gratuity:

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an Insurance Company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurement are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.13.3 Compensated absences:

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

4.13.4 Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs) / Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs):

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights in force. Based on such schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

4.14 Property, plant and equipment:

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period, in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated useful lives
Building (other than factory building)	60 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computers - servers and networks	6 years
Computers - end user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.15 Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

4.16 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the impairment is reversed subject to a maximum carrying value of the asset before impairment.

4.17 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

4.18 Income tax expenses:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

4.18.1 Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.18.2 Deferred tax:



Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

4.18.3 Current and deferred tax for the year:

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4.19 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions :

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates

are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

5.1 Business model assessment :

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how Company's of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

5.2 Significant increase in credit risk:

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty:

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

5.3 Fair value of financial instruments:

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

5.4 Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method:

The Company's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 4.1.1, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments and penalty interest and charges.

This estimation, by nature requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life cycle of the instrument, as well expected changes India's base rate and other fee income, expenses that are integral part of the instrument

5.5 Impairment of Financial assets:

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets except assets valued at fair value through Profit & Loss account (FVTPL) requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models

It has been Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

5.6 Impairment of Non-Financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

5.7 Provisions and contingent liabilities:

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of its business.

When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

5.8 Provisions for Income Taxes:

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes including judgment on whether tax positions are probable of being sustained in tax assessments. A tax assessment can involve complex issues, which can only be resolved over extended time periods.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

5.9 Asset liability management:

Management has made an assessment of its ability to continue and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.

6. Standards issued but not yet effective :

6.1 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from 01 April 2023.

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

(ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The Group is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
	- in current accounts	20.63	10.93
		20.63	10.93





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

. Loans (at amortise	d acat)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Term Loans;			
Corporate credit -	Related Party	9,587.88	1,888.46
Total gross		9,587.88	1,888.46
Less: Impairment lo (Refer note 8.A)	ss allowance	(38.35)	(7.55)
Total net		9,549.53	1,880.91
Collateral :			
Unsecured		9,587.88	1,888.46
Total gross		9,587.88	1,888.46
Less: Impairment los (Refer note 8.A)	ss allowance	(38.35)	(7.55)
Total net		9,549.53	1,880.91
Loans in India			
Public sector		-	-
Others		9,587.88	1,888.46
Total gross		9,587.88	1,888.46
Less: Impairment los (Refer note 8.A)	s allowance	(38.35)	(7.55)
Total net		9,549.53	1,880.91





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupces in millions)

8.A Credit quality of assets

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross without reducing impairment allowances. Details of the Company's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 45.D.1 and policies on ECL allowances are set out in Note 4.6.

a) Credit quality of assets

Performing High grade

		As at Ma	rch 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022			
St	tage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
9,	,587.88	-	-	9,587.88	1,888.46		-	1,888.46
9,	587.88	.	_	9,587.88	1,888.46	-	-	1,888.46

b) Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosure provides stage wise reconciliation of the Company's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporates customers. The transfers of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The 'New assets originated /repayments received (net)' represent the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Company's lending portfolio.

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended March 31, 2023

		Non Cre	dit Impaired		Credit Impaired		Total	
	Sta	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL
Opening Balance	1,888.46	7.55	-	-	-	-	1,888.46	7.55
New assets originated / (repayments) received (net)	7,699.42	30.80	-	-	-	-	7,699,42	30.80
Closing Balance	9,587.88	38.35	-	-	-	-	9,587,88	38,35

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended March 31, 2022

		Non Cre	dit Impaired		Credit Impaired		Total	
	Sta	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL
Opening Balance	8,447.25	1.52	-	-	-	-	8,447.25	1.52
New assets originated / (repayments) received (net)	(6,558.79)	6.03	-	-	-	-	(6,558,79)	6.03
Closing Balance	1,888.46	7.55	-	. .	-	-	1,888.46	7.55





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9. Investments

9.A Summary of Investments

As at March 31, 2023			At fair valu	e		At cost (subsidiaries/ fellow subsidiaries/	Total (7)= (1+5+6)
	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)		
Equity instruments	-		4,103.16	-	4,103.16	24,821.08	28.924.24
Debt Securities	· · ·	-	2,858,62		2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Preference Shares	-	-		-	-	20.00	20.00
TOTAL - Gross (A)	-	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,841.08	31,802.86
(i) Investments outside India		-		-			
(ii) Investment in India	-	-	6,961,78		6,961.78	24,841.08	31,802,86
Total (B)	-	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,841.08	31,802.86
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	-		•	_	
Total Net (A-C)	-	-	6,961.78	-	6,961.78	24,841.08	31,802.86

As at March 31, 2022			At fair valu	e		At cost	Total (7)= (1+5+6)
	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries/ fellow subsidiaries/ associates) (6)	
Equity instruments	-		-	-	-	23,222.00	23,222.00
Debt Securities	-	-	4,372.14	-	4,372.14	-	4,372.14
TOTAL - Gross (A)	-	-	4,372,14	-	4,372.14	23,222.00	27,594.14
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-		-	-
(ii) Investment in India	-	-	4,372.14	-	4,372.14	23,222.00	27,594.14
Total (B)	-	-	4,372.14		4,372.14	23,222.00	27,594.14
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Net (A-C)		-	4,372.14		4,372.14	23,222.00	27,594.14

Notes:

1) Please refer note 9.B & 9.C- Investment details for further details

2) Please refer note 44 - Fair value measurement for valuation methodology

9.B Investments in redeemable preference shares measured at amortised cost:

i) Credit quality of assets:

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Company's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 45.D.1 and policies on ECL allowances are set out in Note 4.6.

Particulars		Mare	h 31, 2023	March 31, 2022			31, 2022		
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I	Stage II	Stage II1	Total	
Performing	20.00	•	-	20.00	_	_	······································		
High grade	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
				I					
	20.00	-	-	20.00	-	-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

ii) Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount for investments in redeemable preference shares:

Particulars		Marc	ch 31, 2023		March 31, 2022				
	Stage 1	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage 1	Stage II	Stage III	Total	
Gross carrying amount - opening balance	-	-	_	_					
Assets acquired or recognised	20.00	-		20.00			-	-	
Unwinding of discount (recognised in interest income)	-	-	-	-			-	-	
Changes to contractual cash flows due to modifications not							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	
resulting in derecognition								[
Assets derecognised or matured	-	•	•	•	-		-	-	
Closing balance	20.00			20.00					

Please refer note 9.C- Investment details for further details




Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9, Investments (continued)

9.C Scrip wise details of Investments

	/	As at March 31, 2023	1	<u>As</u>	s at March 31, 2022	
	Face Value (Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Face Value (Rs.)	Quantity	Amount
Equity Instruments (Fully paid up)						
At Cost						
Subsidiary company						
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited						
Equity instruments and	10	4,65,35,367	5,356.17	10	4.65.35.367	6 164
Investments in Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares	10			10	13.59,955	5.356. 500.0
0.01% Un-Secured Compulsory Convertible Debenture*	1,000			1.000	90.00.000	9,000.0
Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	100		2.934.53	100	2.75.80.225	2.9.34.5
Fellow Subsidiaries			ĺ			
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	10	30.00.000	264.00	10	30.00.000	264.0
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		-	-	10	60.49,218	129.2
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited**	10	69,67,613	733,89	10	69.67.613	733.8
0.01% Un-Secured Compulsory Convertible Debenture- ECap	1,000	20,00,000	2,000.18	1,000	20.00,000	2,000.0
Equities Limited (Formerly Edel Land Limited)					20.00,000	2.000.0
ECL Finance Limited	10	55,00,00,000	4.031.50	-	-	
Associate companies (till 30.03.23)		**				
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (Formerly Edelweiss						
Securities Limited)	•	-	-	10	18.34.455	2.304.0
Others						
It fair value through profit and loss account					1	
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (Formerly Edelweiss	10	18,34,455	4,103.16			
Securities Limited)					-	-
Total (A)			28,924.24			23,222.0
Debt Securities						
4t fair value through profit and loss account 9.75% Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds						
	10,00,000	71	60.24	10.00.000	71	60.20
10.25% ECL. Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds	10,00,000	2,400	2,691.45	-	-	
Edel Land Limited- NLD	1,00,000	564	86.15	1.00.000	27.337	4.292.08
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited - NLD	1,00,000	107	20.78	1.00.000	107	19.80
Total (B)			2,858.62			4,372.14
thers - Non-Convertible Redcemable Preference Shares						
It Cost					Í	
ubsidiary company						
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	10.00	20,00,000.00	20.00	-	•	-
Total (C)			20.00	<u> </u>		
Total (A+B+C)						-
			31,802.86			27,594.1

(à: 65.00.000 Equity Shares are pledged with Beacon Trusteeship Limited as security against Non-Convertible debentures issue by Company.
 Pledged with Beacon Trusteeship Limited as security against issue of Non Convertible Debentures issued by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited
 Pledged with Catalyst Trusteeship Limited as security against issue of Nifty Linked Debentures issued by ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)

(a Earmarked in the matter of Nuvana Clearing Services Ltd. Refer note 44 - Fair value measurement for valuation methodologies for investments





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
10. Other financial assets			
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ dep	ositories	1.90	1.90
Deposits- others		0.18	0.18
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind	or for value to be received	0.13	0.25
		2.21	2.33
11. Current tax assets (net)			
Advance income taxes (Net of provision	on for tax)	411.99	311.92
		411.99	311.92
12. Deferred tax assets (net)			
Deferred tax assets / (Liabilities)			
Loans / Security Receipts			
Provision for expected credit loss		9.65	1.90
Unused tax loss			
Accumulated losses		662.30	421.03
Employee benefit obligations			
Disallowances under section 43B of	he Income Tax Act, 1961	(0.04)	(0.02)
Property, plant and equipment and int	ingibles		
Difference between book and tax dep		0.05	0.21
Investments and other financial instrum	nents		
Unrealised (gain) / loss on investmen		(458.35)	-
Others		33.06	32.33
		246.67	455.45





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

13. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

		Property	Property, plant and equipment	uipment		Intanoihle Accete	Accate	
Particulars	Building (Flat) ^S	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Total	Computer	Total	Total
Gross Block						SUIWARE		
as at March 31, 2021	2.90	1.06	1	PP 1	2 40			
Additions					04.0	0.94	6.94	12.34
Disposals		- (0.59)			t t	ł	ı	ı
as at March 31, 2022	00.0			(+ 7 · 1)	(58.1)	ŧ	ł	(1.83)
Additions	06.2	0.47	F	0.20	3.57	6.94	6.94	10.51
Disposals	ı	(0.47)		ł	(0.47)	Ţ	1	- -0.47
as at March 31, 2023	2.90		1	0.20	3.10	76.9	¥ 07	10.01
Depreciation / Amortisation:								+0.01
as at March 31, 2021	C7 0	270						
Damoining	74-0	co.n	T	1.15	2.22	5.20	5.20	7.42
Depreciation amortisation for the year Dismosals	0.12	0.17	ı	0.04	0.33	1.74	1.74	2.07
L'isposais	•	(0.40)	,	(00.1)	(1.40)	,	ş	1 40)
as at March 31, 2022	0.54	0.42	1	0.19	1.15	6.94	6 0A	000
Derraciotion/omonication								0.0
Depreciation annor usanon for the year Disposals	0.12	0.01		0.01	0.14	,	ı	0.14
		(0.43)		ı	(0.43)			-0.43
as at March 31, 2023	0.66	ŀ	•	0.00	0.96	107		
Net Block					00.0	0.94	0.94	7.80
	2.36	0.05	ı	0.01	2.42			ç
\$X	2.24	B	I		2.24			2.42 2.24
MUMBAS Provided as security against redeemable non-convertible dehentures (Refer note 16.4)	e non-convertible	dehentures ()	Refer note 16 4		COMPAN			
al Al			Wat more to W	VVN	LIM			
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR A					Ŋ			
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

14.	Other non-financial assets (Unsecured considered good, unless stated otherwise)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Prepaid expenses Vendor Advances Advances to employees Others	0.50 1.61 0.45 0.24	0.01 0.20 0.45 0.08
		2.80	0.74
15.	Trade Payables Payable to : Trade payables to non-related parties	13.96	10.77
	(includes sundry creditors, provision for expenses, customer payables and net payable for settlement to clearing house)		
	Trade payables to related parties	2.32	6.47
		16.28	17.24

15.A Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade Payables includes Rs.Nil (March 31, 2022 : Rs.0.07 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act. 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

15.B Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Ou	tstanding for fol	lowing periods from	due date of pa	yment		Total
2010025	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME (ii) Others	13.23	-	3.00	0.05	- 0.00	0.00	16.28
Total	13.23	-	3.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	16.28
As at March 31, 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total	
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME ii) Others	0.07 10.34	-	6.83	-	-	-	0.07 17,17

6. Debt securities At amortised cost (Refer note 16.A and 16.B)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<u>Secured</u>		
Non-convertible redeemable debentures		
Benchmark linked debentures	2,216.24	4,716.65
Non-Convertible Debentures	2,155.07	-
<u>Unsecured</u>		
Benchmark linked debentures	5.748.71	1,974,68
Commercial paper	4,690.09	
	14810.11	6,691.33
Debt Securities in India	14.810.11	6.691.33
Debt Sccurities outside India	-	-
	14,810.11	6,691.33





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

16 Debt securities (continued)

16.A Details of debt securities :

Benchmark linked debentures

Benchmark linked debentures are secured by way of a part passu charge over the immovable property, charge against receivable and investment and corporate guarantee from the holding company.

In case of benchmark linked debentures, the interest rate is linked to the performance of the underlying indices and is fluctuating in nature.

Certain benchmark linked debentures have a clause which may trigger redemption event on hitting a pre determined level benchmark index.

Redcemable Non-Convertible Debentures

Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures are secured by way of exclusive and/or pari passu charge on the assets of the company including loans and advances, receivables, investments, stock in trade, current & others assets and immovable property/fixed assets held by the Company.

16.B Maturity profile of debt securities are set out below:

Maturity Month	Secured Benchmark Amount outst		Unsecured Benchmarl Amount outst	
-	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
May-2022	-	232.50	-	
Jun-2022	~	2,348.60	•	-
Aug-2022	-	47.90	-	-
Sep-2022	-	10.00	•	
Dec-2022	-	2.50	-	
Dec-2023	7.50	7.50	-	-
Jan-2024	33.50	33.50	-	-
Feb-2024	4.70	4.70	-	-
Mar-2024	1,928.70	300.00	-	-
Apr-2025	21.40	-	-	-
Mar-2026	*	-	3,749.88	-
Jan-2027	-	~	40.00	40.00
Jun-2027	170.00	170.00	-	-
Jan-2028	-	-	1,896.15	1,874.00
	2,165.80	3,157.20	5,686.03	1,914.00
Associated accruals *	50.44	1,559.45	62.68	60.68
Total	2,216.24	4,716.65	5,748.71	1,974.68

* Interest accrued but not due is payable on maturity of debentures.

Aaturity	Secured Redeemable Debent	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Rate of interest	10.18% p.a.	NA
within I year	-	-
1 - 3 years	-	-
> 3 years	2,000.00	-
	2,000.00	
Associated accruals #	155.07	-
Total	2,155.07	
Maturity	Commercia	l Paper
waturity	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Rate of interest	8.70 - 9.90% p.a.	NA
within 1 year	4,800.00	-
	4,800.00	
Less: Unamortized discount	109.91	-
Fotal	4,690.09	-





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
17. Borrowings (other than debt securities) At amortised cost		
<u>Unsecured</u> Loan and advances from related parties	11,775.09	10,771.37
	11,775.09	10,771.37
Borrowings in India Borrowings from outside India	11,775.09 	10,771.37

17.A Details of Borrowings other than Debt Securities

Maturity	Loan and advances f Amount outs	rom related parties - tanding as at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Rate of interest	13.25%-14.25% p.a.	13.90%-15.09% p.a.
within 1 year	-	4.10
I - 3 years	11,619.53	10,683.80
	11,619.53	10,687.90
Associated accruals *	155.56	83.47
Total	11 555 00	10,771.37
* Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a		st payment date.
		st payment date. As at
* Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a Subordinated Liabilities At amortised cost	ccrued but not due is payable on next intere. As at	st payment date. As at
* Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a Subordinated Liabilities <i>At amortised cost</i> (<i>Refer note 18.A</i>) <u>Unsecured</u>	ccrued but not due is payable on next intere As at March 31, 2023	
* Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a Subordinated Liabilities <i>At amortised cost</i> (<i>Refer note 18.A</i>) <u>Unsecured</u> Subordinated debentures	ccrued but not due is payable on next intere As at March 31, 2023	st payment date. As at March 31, 2022 161.12
 * Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a Subordinated Liabilities At amortised cost (Refer note 18.A) <u>Unsecured</u> Subordinated debentures Privately placed redeemable non-convertible debenture Subordiated liabilities in India 	ccrued but not due is payable on next intere As at <u>March 31, 2023</u> s 161.12	st payment date. As at March 31, 2022
 * Associated accruals include interest accrued . Interest a Subordinated Liabilities At amortised cost (Refer note 18.A) <u>Unsecured</u> Subordinated debentures Privately placed redeemable non-convertible debenture 	ccrued but not due is payable on next intere. As at <u>March 31, 2023</u> s 161.12 <u>161.12</u>	st payment date. As a March 31, 2022 161.12 161.12

18.A Maturity profile and rate of interest of subordinated liabilities are set out below:

Maturity Month	Unsecured subord Interest Rate Amount outst	11.00% p.a.
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Jul-2025	150.00	150.00
	150.00	150.00
Add: interest accrued*	11.12	11.12
Total	161.12	161.12

* Interest accrued but not due is payable on next interest payment date.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
19.	Other financial liabilities		
	Other payables	.	1.64
	Unclaimed matured debentures	6.61	6.61
	Accrued salaries and benefits	0.60	0.60
		7.21	8.85
20.	Current tax liabilities (net)		
	Provision for taxation (Net of advance tax)	18.15	18.16
		18.15	18.16
21.	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity (Refer note 38)	0.07	-
	Compensated leave absences	0.01	0.01
		0.08	0.01
22.	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Statutory liabilities*	15.70	9.54
	Others	0.08	0.27
	* Tugli dag with filling town of the state of the	15.78	9.81

* Includes withholding taxes, profession tax and other statutory dues payables





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at Marcl	1 31, 2023	As at March	a 31, 2022
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
23.	Equity share capital				
	Authorised :				
	Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each	22,85,00,000	22,850.00	22,85,00,000	22,850.00
	Preference shares of Rs.100 each	5,00,00,000	5,000.00	5,00,00,000	5,000.00
		27,85,00,000	27,850.00	27,85,00,000	27,850.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
	Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each	7,56,67,388	7,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566.75
		7,56,67,388	7,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566.75
23.A	Reconciliation of number of shares				
		As at March	31, 2023	As at March	31, 2022
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	5,56,67,388	5,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566.75
	Additional equity shares issued during the year	2,00,00,000	2,000.00	-	-
	Outstanding at the end of the year	7,56,67,388	7,566.75	5,56,67,388	5,566.75

Notes:

During the financial year 2022-23 the Company has issued 20,00,00,00 fully paid-up equity shares of Rs.100 each aggregating to Rs. 2000 million to Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

23.B Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 100/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

23.C Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2023 As at March		h 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding	
Holding company					
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)*	7,56,67,388	100.00%	5,56,67,388	100.00%	
	7,56,67,388	100.00%	5,56,67,388	100.00%	

23.D Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

As at March 31, 2023

Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	%of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	5,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	7,56,67,388	100.00%	-
Total	5,56,67,388	2,00,00,000	7,56,67,388	100.00%	
As at March 31, 2022 Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the	%of total shares	% Change during the year
	of the year		year		
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	5,56,67,388	-	5,56,67,388	100.00%	-
Total	5,56,67,388	-	5,56,67,388	100.00%	**





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

23.E Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31		1	
No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
7,56,67,388	100.00%	5,56,67,388	100.00%
7,56,67,388	100.00%	5,56,67,388	100.00%
	7,56,67,388	7,56,67,388 100.00%	7,56,67,388 100.00% 5,56,67,388

23.F There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

24. Instruments entirely equity in nature

	As at March	31, 2023	As at Marcl	1 31, 2022
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) (16,500,000 CCPS - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of Rs. 100/-)	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00
	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00
24.A Reconciliation of number of shares	As at March	31, 2023	As at March	31, 2022
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Additional shares issued during the year	1,65,00,000	1,650 -	1,65,00,000	1,650
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,65,00,000	1,650.00	1,65,00,000	1,650.00

Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

The Company has issued and alloted 65,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 9, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 8, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

The Company has issued and alloted 1,00,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 20, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 19, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

25. Other Equity

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
a. Capital redemption reserve	84.34	84,34
b. Capital Reserve	(3,999.11)	(3,999.11)
c. Securities premium reserve	4,485.38	4,485.38
d. Statutory reserve	1,413.76	1,282.95
e. Retained earnings	3,999.47	3,476.12
f. Deemed capital contribution - Equity	2.25	2.25
g. Impairment reserve	32.27	32.27
	6,018.36	5,364.20

25.A Nature and purpose of Reserves

a. Capital redemption reserve

The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

b. Capital Reserve

Capital reserve is created on merger of Edelweiss Finvest Limited in Edel Finance Company Limited.

c. Securities premium reserve

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

d. Statutory reserve

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 by transferring a sum not less than twenty per cent of net profit as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before declaring dividend.

e. Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

f. Deemed capital contribution - Equity

Deemed capital contribution relates to share options granted to eligible employees of the Company by the parent company under its employee share option plan.

g. Impairment reserve

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
26.	Interest Income		
	on financial assets measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on loans	585,88	244,53
	Interest income on debt securities	1.10	0.90
	on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
	Interest income on debt securities	75.63	6.94
		662.61	252.37
27	Fee income		
27.			
	Processing and other fees	0.09	-
		0.09	
	Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers ar statement of profit and loss:	nd its reconciliation to a	nmounts reported in
	Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers ar statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers	nd its reconciliation to a 0.09 0.09	amounts reported in - - -
	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time	0.09	amounts reported in - - -
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	0.09	amounts reported in - - -
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers	0.09	umounts reported in - - - - 944.90
28.	 statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading	0.09	
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes	0.09 0.09 1,916.30	
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised	0.09 0.09 1,916.30	
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30	- - - 944.90 944.90
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30 700.69	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30 700.69 1,215.61	- - - 944.90 944.90 944.90 342.92 601.98
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised Unrealised	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30 700.69 1,215.61 1,916.30	944.90 944.90 944.90 342.92 601.98 944.90
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised Unrealised Other income	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30 700.69 1,215.61 1,916.30 448.85	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
28.	statement of profit and loss: Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time Total revenue from contract with customers Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss On investments and securities held for trading Fair value changes Realised Unrealised Other income Profit on sale of investments	0.09 0.09 1,916.30 1,916.30 700.69 1,215.61 1,916.30	944.90 944.90 944.90 342.92 601.98 944.90





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
30.	Finance costs		
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on borrowings other than debt securities	1,607.23	477.28
	Interest on debt securities	550.68	1,247.66
	Interest on subordinated liabilities	16.50	16.50
	Other finance cost and bank charges	10.50	25.03
		2,184.91	1,766.47
31.	Impairment on financial instruments		
	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost		
	Expected credit loss		
	Loans and financial instruments	30.80	6.04
	Trade receivables w/off recovery		(0.71)
		30.80	5.33
32.	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages (refer note 33.B)	2.38	10.51
	Contribution to provident and other funds	0.13	0.54
	Staff welfare expenses	0.15	0.34
		2.69	11.38





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
33.	Other expenses		
	Auditors' remuneration (refer note 33.A)	1.36	3.26
	Directors' sitting fees	1.41	0.68
	Legal and professional fees	6.33	5.07
	License fees	-	11.14
	Rates and taxes	0.32	-
	Rent (refer note 33.B)	-	0.64
	Repairs and maintenance (refer note 33.B)	0.12	0.06
	Computer software	-	0.03
	Corporate guarantee commission	6.82	6.93
	Clearing & custodian charges	1.74	0.34
	Rating support fees (refer note 33.B)	2.79	2.70
	Office expenses (refer note 33.B)	2.55	0.54
	Goods & Service tax expenses	5.97	11.11
	Stamp duty	0.46	0.48
	Stock exchange expenses	1.24	0.43
	Travelling and conveyance	-	0.34
	Miscellaneous expenses	(6.53)	0.07
		24.58	43.82
33.A	Auditors' remuneration:		
	As a Auditor		
	Audit fees	0.75	1.25
	Limited Review	0.45	1.40
	Certification	0.13	0.59
	Reimbursement of expenses	0.03	0.02
		1.36	3.26

33.B Cost sharing

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like Group mediclaim, insurance, rent, electricity charges etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries including the Company. This cost so expended is reimbursed by the Company on the basis of number of employees, time spent by employees of other companies, actual identifications etc. On the same lines, employees' costs expended (if any) by the Company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries is recovered by the Company. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in note 32 and 33 include reimbursements paid.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

34. Income Tax

Component of income tax expenses

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Current tax		-
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	-	0.14
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	208.78	4.34
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses	-	(168.77)
Total tax charge for the year (refer note 34.A)	208.78	(164.29)
Current tax Deferred tax (refer note 34.B)	208.78	0.14 (164.43)

34.A The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Profit/ (loss) before taxes	862.80	57.53
Statutory Income Tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Tax charge at statutory rate	217.15	14.48
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior year	-	0.14
Tax effect of :		
Difference between tax base due to Indexation Benefit available on Capital Assets	(8.26)	(9.97)
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised	-	(168.77)
Others	(0.11)	(0.17)
Current Tax Expenses Reported in Statement of Profit and Loss	208.78	(164.29)
Effective Income Tax Rate	24.20%	-285.57%





Limited
Company
Finance
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

34.B Movement of Deferred Tax assets

Financial Year 2022-23

			Movement for the period (2022-23)	period (2022-23)		
	As on March 31, 2022	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in other equity	Total movement	As on March 31, 2023
Deterred 1ax Assets / (Liabilities)						
Employee benefits obligations	(0.02)		,			(10.04)
Expected credit loss provision on Loans / SR's	1.90	775	1	I	(70.0)	(0.04)
Expected credit loss provision on Receivables			I	•	c1.1	C0.6
linited tay increas			•	•	•	E
	421.03	241.27	•	•	241.27	662.30
Property, plant and equipment $\&$ intangible assets	0.21	(0.16)		•	(0.16)	0.05
Fair valuation of financial assets	•	(458.35)	•		(458 35)	20:00 1920 321
Fair valuation of derivatives		~			(~~~ ~ ~)	(00.00)
Others			1		•	
	CC.7C	6/.0	ł	ŀ	0.73	33.06
Deferred Tax Asset (net)	27 32F	(97.900)				
		(01.00*)		Ť	(202./8)	246.67
Financial Year 2021-22						
			Movement for the period (2021-22)	period (2021-22)		
	As on March 31, 2021	Recognised in profit	Recognised in	Recognised in	-	As on March 31, 2022
		or loss	0CI	other equity	l otal movement	
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilties)						
Employee benefits obligations	0.26	(0.52)	0.24		196 07	
Expected credit loss provision on Loans / SR's	0.38	1.52		,	1 52	
Expected credit loss provision on Receivables	0.41			,	(0.41)	
Unused tax losses	252.26		•	,	168 77	421.03
Property, plant and equipment & intangible assets	(0.01)		•	,	0.22	100
Fair valuation of financial assets	6.77	(6.77)	•	•	(4.17)	
Others	30.71	1 67	1	•	(2.12)	55 CC
					1.41	00.40





455.45

164.67

0.24

164.43

290.78

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

35. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company with the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for assumed conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

	-	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Net profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	(A)	654.02	221.82
Weighted average number of shares - Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year - Number of equity shares issued during the year		5,56,67,388 2,00,00,000	5,56,67,388
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year		7,56,67,388	5,56,67,388
Total number of CCPS outstanding at the end of the year		1,65,00,000	1,65,00,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	(B)	7,23,86,566	7,21,67,388
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	(C)	7,23,86,566	7,21,67,388
Adjusted net profit / (loss) for diluted EPS	(D)	654.02	221.82
Basic earnings per share (in rupees)	(A / B)	9.04	3.07
Diluted earnings per share (in rupees)		9.04	3.07

36. Contingent Liability:

In the ordinary course of business, the Company faces claims and assertions by various parties. The Company assesses such claims and assertions and monitors the legal environment on an ongoing basis, with the assistance of external legal counsel, wherever necessary. The Company records a liability for any claims where a potential loss is probable and capable of being estimated and discloses such matters in its financial statements, if material. For potential losses that are considered possible, but not probable, the Company provides disclosure in the financial statements but does not record a liability in its accounts unless the loss becomes probable.

The Company believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Details of contingent liability

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Taxation matters of assessment year AY 2014-15 & AY 2015-16 in respect of which appeal is pending with tax authorities	114.88	114.88

The Company has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The company has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, company is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote"

Corporate guarantee given by the Company on behalf of its holding company to third party

OHRAJ & Deticulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & $	CE COMPANY	-	2,304.08
ATTINE ACCOUNT N	EINAL St. FINAL		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

37. Segment reporting

Primary Segment (Business segment)

The Company being CIC, has only capital business segment in the current year i.e March 31, 2023. Due to Edelweiss Finvest Limited being merged with itself, the company has identified and disclosed segment information in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 – Operating Segments. Information provided in segment is accurate and complete. The identified segments are i.e. Capital based business, Treasury business, Financing business & others.

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Income from investments and dividend income
Treasury business	Income from Treasury operations
Financing business	Wholesale and retail financing

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Defined benefit plan

a) Defined contribution plan - Provident funds

The Company recognised Rs.0.11 million (Previous year : Rs. 0.57 million) for provident fund and other contributions in the Statement of profit and loss.

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for gratuity, a non-contributory defined benefit arrangement providing lump-sum gratuity benefits expressed in terms of final monthly salary and year of service, covering all employees. The plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement or termination of employment in accordance with the rules laid down in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as at March 31, 2023. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at balance sheet date:

i) Movement in defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for defined benefit liability and its components:

	Defined ben	efit obligation
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	(0.01)	2.15
Current service cost	0.03	-
Interest cost	-	0.03
	0.02	2.18
Other comprehensive Income		H ,10
Remeasurement loss (gain):		
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:		
Experience	0.02	(0.42)
Financial assumptions	0.01	(0.12)
Demographic assumptions	-	-
	0.03	(0.42)
Others		
Transfer In/ (Out)	0.03	(1.56)
Benefits paid	-	(0.21)
Closing Balance	0.08	(0.01)
Components of defined benefit plan cost:	For the ye	ear ended
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Recognised in Statement of profit or loss		
Eurrent service cost	0.03	-
nterest cost	-	-
Vet Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	-	(0.04)
Total	0.03	(0.04)
Recognised in other comprehensive income		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
temeasurement of net defined benefit liability/(asset)	0.14	(0.96)
otal	0.14	(0.96)

iii) Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets

March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
2.80	2.60
_	0.21
- -	(0.21)
0.17	0.13
(0.07)	
1+11	0.07
Al 2.90	2.80
0.10	0.20
	March 31, 2023 2.80 - - 0.17 (0.07) BAI 50 2.90

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

iv) Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Present Value of DBO	0.08	(0.01)
Fair Value of Plan Assets	2.90	2.80
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(2.82)	(2.81)
Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	2,82	2.81
Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	2.65	2.71
Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(0.17)	(0.10)
Of which, Short term Liability	-	-
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/Loss	0.02	(0.42)

v) Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Equity instruments	0%	0%
Debt instruments	0%	0%
Real estate	0%	0%
Derivatives	0%	0%
Investment Funds with Insurance Company	99.5%	100%
Of which, Unit Linked	85.0%	85.7%
Of which, Traditional/ Non-Unit Linked	14.5%	14.1%
Asset-backed securities	0%	0%
Structured debt	0%	0%
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5%	0.1%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

vi) Movement in Other Comprehensive Income

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(0.96)	
Re-measurements on DBO	(0.70)	-
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	-	_
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	(0.01)	-
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(0.02)	0.42
Re-measurements on Plan Assets	(0.02)	0.42
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined	(0.07)	0.07
benefit liability/ (asset)	(0.07)	0.07
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling	0.24	(1.45)
excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	0.24	(1.45)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(0.82)	(0.96)
	(0.02)	(0.90)

vii) Movement in Surplus/ (Deficit)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Surplus/ (Deficit) at start of year	0.08	(0.76)
Net Transfer (In)/ Out		(.,
Movement during the year	(0.03)	1.55
Current Service Cost	J& D/40 (0.03)	-
		0.04
Re-measurements – (Losses)/ Gains	0.14	(0.96)
Contributions/ Benefits		0.21
Surplus/ (Deficit) at end of year	UMBAI 0.17	0.08
	ACE COMO	
	ACCOUNTRY STATE	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date: Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Discount Rate	7.10%	5.90%
Salary Growth Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Withdrawal/Attition Rate (based on categories)	16.00%	16.00%
Interest Rate on Net DBO (% p.a.)	5.90%	5.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
Expected weighted average remaining working lives of employees	3.5	4

Notes:

a) The discount rate are based on the benchmark yields available on Government Bonds at the valuation date with terms matching that of the b) The estimates of future salary increases takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

c) Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the statistics published by the Life Insurance Corporation of

Sensitivity analysis:

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2022		
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Salary Growth Rate (+/- 1%)	0.01	0.01	-	
Discount Rate (+/- 1%)	0.01	0.01	-	-
Withdrawl Rate (+/- 1%)	-	-	-	-

The above sensitivity analysis have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

c) Compensated absences :

The Company provides for accumulated compensated absences as at the balance sheet date using projected unit credit method based on actuarial valuation. The leave encashment on separation is paid on basic salary.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

39. Change in liabilities arising from financing acitivies

Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)*	As at March 31, 2023
Debt securities	6,691.33	9,445.79	-	(1,327.01)	14,810.11
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	10,771.37	931.63	-	72.09	11,775.09
Subordinated liabilities	161.12	-	-	-	161.12
	17,623.82	10,377.42	•	(1,254.92)	26,746.32
Particulars	As at April 1, 2021	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)*	As at March 31, 2022
Debt securities	10,665.81	(3,680.76)	-	(293.72)	6.691.33
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	7,136.05	3,577.90	-	57.42	10,771.37
Subordinated liabilities	161.12	-	~	-	[61.12
	17,962.98	(102.86)		(236.30)	17,623.82

* Includes the effect of interest accrued but not paid on borrowing, securities premium on issue of debt securities







Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

40. Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the company uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR.

	As	As at March 31, 2023		A9	As at March 31-2022	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	20.63		20.63	10.93	ı	10.03
Loans	7,312.43	2,237.10	9,549.53	1.482.51	398.40	1 880 91
Investments	86.15	31,716.71	31,802.86	4,199,40	01 204 74	7 504 14
Other financial assets	1.07	1.14	2.21	1.21	1.12	2.33
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	•	411.99	411.99	ŀ	311.92	311.92
Deterred tax assets (net)		246.67	246.67	ł	455.45	455.45
Property, Plant and Equipment		2.24	2.24	ı	2.42	2.42
Other Intangible assets	•	ı	•	,		1
Other non- financial assets	2.80	·	2.80	0.66	0.08	0.74
Total Assets	00 CC7 L					
	/,423.08	34,615.85	42,038.93	5,694.71	24,564.13	30,258.84
Financial Liabilities Trade pavables	06 91					
Deht securities	10.28		16.28	17.24	Ŧ	17.24
Rorrowings (other than dont convertion)	0,858.89	7,951.22	14,810.11	4,136.73	2,554.60	6,691.33
Subordingted Lightifice	155.56	11,619.53	11,775.09	87.57	10,683.80	10,771.37
		150.00	161.12	11.12	150.00	161.12
	17/	·	7.21	8.85		8.85
100						
liabilities (net)		18.15	18.15	ł	18.16	18.16
_		Ŧ	0.08		0.01	0.01
	<u> E 15.78</u>		15.78	9.81		9.81
Total Liabilities	7064.03	10 770 00	1 002 00			
	1,404.72	06.001,61	20,803.82	4,271.32	13,406.57	17,677.89
Net total assets/ (liabilities)	358.16	14,876.95	15,235.11	1,423.39	11,157.56	12,580.95



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

41. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions"

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	
Allium Finance Private Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	
ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Securities And Investments Limited ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	
Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edel Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelwe Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Sec Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Fi Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly Edelweiss Custodial	iss Securities Limited) trities Limited) nance & Investments Limited)
Tarun Khurana Ananya Suneja Vidya Shah Atul Ambavat Sunil Pharterpekar Vinod Juneja Ananthkrishanan S (till August 10, 2021) Ravindra Dhobale (till May 31,2021) Sujit Kumar Pandey (till May 24, 2021) Sunil Nagrani (from June 1, 2021 till February 11, 2022) S. Ranganathan (till January 9, 2023)	Manager & Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer Non- executive director Independent Director Independent Director Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer Manager Chief Financial Officer Non- executive director
	Allium Finance Private Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECap Securities And Investments Limited Edel Finance Limited Edelweiss Anternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investment (formerly known as Edelwe Nuvama Wealth Anagement Limited (formerly known as Edelwe Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelwe Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Fi Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly Edelweiss Custodial Tarun Khurana Ananthkrishanan S (till August 10, 2021) Ravindra Dhobale (till May 31, 2021) Sujit Kumar Pandey (till May 24, 2021) Sujit Kumar Pandey (till May 24, 2021)



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

41. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2022-23	2021-22
	Transactions with related parties:			
(1)	Capital account transactions			
1	Issue of equity shares to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,000.00	-
2	Purchase of equity shares from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,031.50	2.668.42
3	Sale of equity shares to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	578.18	846.89
4	Issue of Non- Convertible Debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,640.00 220.00 140.00	-
5	Investments in preference shares of	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	20.00	-
6	Investments in Compulsory Convertible Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	2.000.00
7	Investment in equity shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	2,501.20
(11)	Current account transactions			
1	Loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Allium Finance Private Limited	8,373.80 1,400.00 9,698.30 230.00	7,312.11
2	Loans repaid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11,006.40 1,400.00 6,364.08	9,679.51 - 2,110.00
3	Loans given to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edekap Securities Limited ECap Securities And Investments Limited	2,620.70 - 4,961.10 5,706.08 685.71 18.85 2,193.55 3,371.27	45.00 1,300.00 5,801.06 250.00 - -
4	Loans given repaid by	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelcap Securities Limited	949.20 - 5.793.95 - 4,560.00 638.78	50.51 1,300.00 12,594.10 - -
5	Redemption - Debentures by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	2,735.34
6	Buyback / redemption- benchmark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	3,554.02	4,318.73 19.12
	Incur of home lunced list of the	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	18.84	-
7	Issue of benchmark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edel Investments Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1,700.00 700.00 970.00 380.00	
8 I	Redemption/Sale of investment in benchmark linked deben	nure ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	3,810.32	-
9 F	Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	492.28 2,130.43	-
10 C	Other investment purchased from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	-	68.63





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

41. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2022-23	2021-22
(II)	Current account transactions (continued)			
11	Interest expense on loops taken from	Education Dunal & Compared Services Minister	161.66	
31	Interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	151.55	340.63
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1.67	-
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,445.50	136.65
		Allium Finance Private Limited	8.52	-
12	Other financial cost paid to	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	3.83	23.58
		Nuvama Asset Management Limited	5.70	-
13	Interest expense on subordinate debt	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	7,70	07. T
		ECL Finance Limited		7.70
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	6.16 2.64	6.16 2.64
			2	2.01
14	Interest expense on non- convertible debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	127.38	-
		ECL Finance Limited	17.09	-
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	10.87	-
15	Interest income on securities	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	6.88	6.94
		ECL Finance Limited	68.75	-
16	Fair value/ Interest income on securities	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		1 76
	Tun value, merest meone on securities	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	4.76 627.68
		Esterness Runi & Colporate Services Emineu	-	027.08
17	Interest income on loan given to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	232.85	194.76
		Edelweiss Broking Limited	-	27.35
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	25.03	1.11
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	-	-
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	217.24	21.32
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	36.74	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	12.36	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.64	-
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	7.63	•
18	Interest income on debentures (CCD)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.90	0.90
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.20	0.00
19	Legal and professional fees paid to	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited		0.02
	and the protocolonial root part to	Edelweiss Anternative Asset Advisors Ennited	0.05	0.02 0.04
		·····		0.01
20	Cost reimbursements paid to (net)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	2.54	0.74
21	Rating support fees paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	-
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	÷	0.08
22	Corporate guarantee support fee received from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.09	-
3	Corporate guarantee support fee paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.71	1.12
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	6.82	6.93
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	01.12	0.75
24	Reimbursement received from	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited		2.40
5	Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1)	Ravindra Dhobale		1,49
		Sujit Kumar Pandey	-	0.49
		Sunil Nagrani	-	7.36
		Ananthkrishanan S	-	0.50
26 1	Directors' sitting fees	Atul Ambavat Vinod Junaia	0.39	0.34
26 1	Directors' sitting fees	Atul Ambavat Vinod Juneja Sunil Pharterpekar	0.39 0.37 0.35	0.34 0.34





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

41. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued)

Sr.No.	. Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2022-23	2021-2
(111)	Secondary market transactions			
1	Cale of Browney, Black & Freedomout		0.00	
1	Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	0.00	0.01
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	-	0.02
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited*	-	0.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited*	-	0.00
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	-	0.22
		ECL Finance Limited*	-	0.00
(IV)	Balances with related parties			
1	Investments in equity shares	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	264.00	264.00
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		129.33
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	5,356,17	5,356.17
		ECL Finance Limited	4,031.50	-
		Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	2,934.53	2,934.53
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	733,89	733.89
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	-	2,304.08
2	Investments in compulsory convertible preferences shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	500.00	500.00
3	Investments in Preference shares	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	20.00	-
3	Investments in compulsory convertible debentures	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	9,000.00	9,000.00
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2,000.00	2,000.00
4	Debenture and bonds (Investments) of	ECap Equifies Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	86.15	4,292.09
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	58.40	58.40
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	20.78	19.80
		ECL Finance Limited	2,474.04	-
5	Subordinate debt issued to	Edel Land Limited	70.00	70.00
5		ECL Finance Limited	56,00	56.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	24.00	24.00
		-		
6	Interest acrued on subordinate debt	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5.19	5.19
		ECL Finance Limited	4.15	4.15
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1.78	1.78
7	Non- convertible debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,640.00	-
		ECL Finance Limited	220.00	-
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	140.00	-
8	Interact accruad on non-convertible depentions hold by	ECon Empirica Limited (formula, Edul Land Limited)	127.17	
0	Interest accrued on non- convertible debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	127.16	-
		ECL Finance Limited	17.06	-
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	10.85	-
9	Short term loaus taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	4.10
10	Long term loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	2,632.60
	• · · ·	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11,389.53	8,051.20
		Allium Finance Private Limited	230.00	
14	Chart town loops signs to			
]1	Short term loans given to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,671.50	-
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	643.80	1,476.65
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,546.08	150.00
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	685.71	-
		Edelcap Securities Limited	1,554.78	•
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited ECap Securities And Investments Limited	18.85	-
		coup coournes ring investigens rutilien	3,371.27	-
12	Long term loans given to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	250.00
	Long term loans given to Trade Payables to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	- 0.13	250.00 0.09
			- 0.13 0.00	
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.00	0.09





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in million)

Disclosure of Related Party Transactions pursuant to IND AS 24 "Related Party Transactions" (continued) 41.

Sr.No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2022-23	2021-22
	Balances with related parties (continued)			
14	Other Payable	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	-	0.38
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	-	0.08
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	0.08
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	-	1.09
		Edel Investments Limited	-	0.01
15	Other Receivable	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited		0.07
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	-	0.00
		ECL Finance Limited*	-	0.00
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.09	0.13
		Edel Investments Limited	0.03	-
16	Interest receivable-Accrued -Group Company	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	7.72	-
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	13.76	9.45
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	50.06	2.37
		Edelcap Securities Limited	9.73	-
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	7.56	-
		Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.21	-
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited	6.86	-
17	Interest payable -Accrued -Group company	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	41.82
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.50	•
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	152.73	41.65
		Allium Finance Private Limited	2.33	
18	Interest receivable - accrued on debentures and bonds of	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.84	1.86
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.81	-
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.18	0.00
		ECL Finance Limited	217.41	-
19	Corporate Guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	470.00	470.00
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	701.76	726.55

* 0.00 indicates the number is smaller than 0.01 million

Notes Т

Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and provision made for bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. Remuneration to KMP's shall be within the limit as prescribed by the Companies act.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

42. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

- 42.A During the year, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
 (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- 42.B During the year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ics), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:(i) directly or indirectly load or inverting of home any person of the understanding (whether indirectly are inverting of home any person).

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

Note:

1. Based on the legal opinion obtained by the Holding Company, the transactions undertaken by the Company (CIC-NBFC) of borrowing/lending/investment to and from its holding/subsidiary/affiliate/group entity(ies) (together referred to as the 'Group') or borrowing from outside the Group for onward lending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (the "Rules"). Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company is not disclosed under the Rules.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

43. Capital Management

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) sets and monitors capital adequacy requirements for the Company from time to time. The Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, stipulate that the Adjusted Net Worth of a CIC-ND-SI shall at no point in time be less than 30% its risk weighted assets on balance sheet and risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items as on date of the last audited balance as at the end of the financial year.

The Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, further stipulate that the outside liabilities of a CIC-ND-SI shall at no point of time exceed 2.5 times its Adjusted Net Worth as on date of the last audited balance as at the end of the financial year.

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base to maintain investor, creditor and shareholder confidence and to sustain the future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' returns is also recognised and the Company recognises the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a stronger capital position.

Although maximisation of the return on risk-adjusted capital is the principal basis used in determining how capital is allocated within the Company to particular operations or activities, it is not the sole basis used for decision making. Account is also taken of synergies with other operations and activities, the availability of management and other resources, and the fit of the activity with the Company's longer-term strategic objectives. The Company's policies in respect of capital management and allocation are reviewed regularly by the Board of Directors.

The Company has complied with minimum stipulated capital requirement which has been disclosed in note 46 in the financial statements.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

44. Fair Value measurement:

44.A Valuation Principles

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques:

Level 1 - valuation technique using quoted market price: financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – valuation technique using observable inputs: Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 - valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

Refer note 4.9 for more details on fair value hierarchy

44.B Valuation goverance framework

The Company's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place to ensure its quality and adequacy. All new product initiatives (including their valuation methodologies) are subject to approvals by various functions of the Company including the risk and finance functions.

Where fair values are determined by reference to externally quoted prices or observable pricing inputs to models, independent price determination or validation is used. For inactive markets, Company sources alternative market information, with greater weight given to information that is considered to be more relevant and reliable.

The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with the business and product line divisions. However Finance department is also responsible for establishing procedures governing valuation and ensuring fair values are in compliance with accounting standards.

44.C The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy

As at March 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Equity instruments	-	-	4,103,16	4,103.16
Other debt securities	-	2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Total investments measured at fair value		2,858.62	4,103.16	6,961.78
As at March 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Other debt securities	-	4,372.14	-	4,372.14
Total investments measured at fair value		4,372.14		4,372.14





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

44. Fair Value measurement: (Continued)

D. Valuation techniques:

Debt securities:

Fair value of debt securities is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. The Company has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded, the Company has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

Security receipts

The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Company uses valuation techniques to measure their fair values. Since the security receipts are less liquid instruments therefore they are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers. Securities receipts with significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 3.

Equity instruments, preference shares, warrants and units of mutual fund:

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on their published net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are also classified as Level 1. Unquoted equity instruments, preference shares and warrants are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. All unquoted instruments are classified at Level 3.

E. The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value

Financial year ended March 2023	Security receipts	Equity instruments	Preference Shares	Warrants	Total
- Investments - at April 1, 2022					·
Purchase	-	-	-	-	-
Sale / redemption	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer into level 3	-	4,103.16	-	-	4,103.16
Transfer from level 3	-	-	-	-	-
Profit / Fair value change for the year recognised in profit or loss	-	~	-	-	-
Investments - at March 31, 2023		4,103.16			4,103.16

There are no Level 3 Instruments oustanding as at March 31, 2022.

F. Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instrument of changes to key unobservable inputs

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on March 31, 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobserva ble input		the unobservab	fair value		fair value
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	4,103.16	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Enir unhua	Rs. 2238 per share	5%	205.16	5%	(205.16)





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

44. Fair Value measurement: (Continued)

G. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value:

The table below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the financial statements. This table does not include the fair values of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities.

As at March 31, 2023	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets					
Loans	9,549.53	-	-	9,549.53	9,549.53
Investments	24,821.08	-	24,821.08		24,821.08
Total Financial Assets	34,370.61		24,821.08	9,549.53	34,370.61
Financial Liabilities					
Debt securities	14,810,11	-	8,388.05	4,748.57	13,136.62
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	11,775.09	-	-	11,775.09	11,775.09
Subordinated Liabilities	161.12	-	169.30	-	169.30
Total Financial Liabilities	26,746.32	-	8,557.35	4,748.57	25,081.01
As at March 31, 2022	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets					
Loans	1,880.91		-	1,880.91	1,880.91
Investments	23,222.00	-	23,222.00	-	23,222.00
Total Financial Assets	25,102.91	-	23,222.00	1,880.91	25,102.91
Financial Liabilities					
Debt securities	6,691.33	-	5,578.89	-	5,578.89
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	10,771.37	~	-	10,771.37	10,771.37
Subordinated Liabilities	161.12	-	162.48	-	162.48
Fotal Financial Liabilities	17,623.82		5,741.37	-	16,512.74

H. Valuation Methodologies of Financial Instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Company's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables and, as such, may differ from the techniques and assumptions explained in notes.

Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities

Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values financial assets measured at amortised cost are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk.



where of issued debt is estimated by a discounted cash flow model.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management

A. Introduction and risk profile

Risk is an inherent part of Company's business activities. When the Company extends a corporate or retail loan, buys or sells securities in market, or offers other products or services, the Company takes on some degree of risk. The Company's overall objective is to manage its businesses, and the associated risks, in a manner that balances serving the interests of its customers and investors and protects the safety and soundness of the Company.

The Company believes that effective risk management requires:

1) Acceptance of responsibility, including identification and escalation of risk issues, by all individuals within the Company;

- 2) Ownership of risk identification, assessment, data and management within each of the lines of business and Corporate; and
- 3) Firmwide structures for risk governance

The Company strives for continual improvement through efforts to enhance controls, ongoing employee training and development and other measures.

B. Risk Management Structure

We have a well-defined risk management policy framework for risk identification, assessment and control to effectively manage risks associated with the various business activities. The risk function is monitored primarily by the business risk group. The Edelweiss Group has also established a Global Risk Committee that is responsible for managing the risk arising out of various business activities at a central level.

Our risk management policy ensures that the margin requirements are conservative to be able to withstand market volatility and scenarios of sharply declining prices. As a result, we follow conservative lending norms. The Edelweiss Group centralises the risk monitoring systems to monitor our client's credit exposure which is in addition to the monitoring undertaken by the respective businesses.

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Committee holds regular meetings and report to board on its activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

C. Risk mitigation and risk culture

The Company's business processes ensure complete independence of functions and a segregation of responsibilities. Credit appraisal & credit control processes, centralised operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies and approving loans at transaction level as well as our risk management processes and policies allow layers of multiple checks and verifications. Our key business processes are regularly monitored by the head of our business or operations. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimise delinquencies and maximise recoveries.

At all levels of the Company's operations, specifically tailored risk reports are prepared and distributed in order to ensure that all business divisions have access to extensive, necessary and up-to-date information.

It is the Company's policy that a monthly briefing is given to the Board of Directors and all other relevant members of the Company in the utilisation of market limits, proprietary investments and liquidity, plus any other risk developments.

It is the Company's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture. Employees are expected to take ownership and be accountable for the risks the Company is exposed to. The Company's continuous training and development emphasises that employees are made aware of the Company's risk appetite and they are supported in their roles and responsibilities to monitor and keep their exposure to risk within the Company's risk appetite limits. Compliance breaches and internal audit findings are important elements of employees' annual ratings and remuneration reviews.

D. Types of Risks

The Company's risks are generally categorized in the following risk types:

	Arising from	Measurement, monitoring and management of risk
k is the risk of financial loss if a or counterparty fails to meet an	Arises principally from financing, dealing in Corporate Bonds, Investments in Mutual Fund, Equity, but also from certain other products such as guarantees and derivatives	Measured as the amount that could be lost if a customer or counterparty fails to make repayments; Monitored using various internal risk management measures and within limits approved by individuals within a framework of delegated authorities; and Managed through a robust risk control framework, which outlines clear and consistent policies, principles and guidance for risk managers.
risk is the risk that we do not have financial to meet our obligations Il due or that we can only do so at an	the timing of cash flows. Arises when illiquid asset positions cannot be funded at the expected terms and when required.	Measured using a range of metrics, including Asset Liability mismatch, Debt Equity Ratio Regular monitoring of funding levels to ensure to meet the requirement for Business and maturity of our liabilities. Maintain diverse sources of funding and liquid assets to facilitate flexibility in meeting our liquidity requirements of the Company.
sk is the risk that ts in market factors,such t rates, equity prices and Index prices, e our income or the value of our	separated into two portfolios: trading and non-trading.	Measured using sensitivities, detailed picture of potential gains and losses for a range of market movements and scenarios. Monitored using measures, including the sensitivity of net interest income. Managed using risk limits approved by the risk management
	isk sk is the risk of financial loss if a or counterparty fails to meet an a under a contract. y risk risk is the risk that we do not have financial to meet our obligations il due or that we can only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ts in market factors, such trates, equity prices and Index prices, we our income or the value of our	 sk is the risk of financial loss if a or counterparty fails to meet an nunder a contract. y risk risk is the risk that we do not have financial to meet our obligations il due or that we can only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that state to meet an only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet an only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet an only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our obligations and mon-trading. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to meet our only do so at an cost. isk sk is the risk that ta to market factors, such ta to market factors, such ta to market factors, such ta to more or the value of our isk sh that ta to market factors, such ta to market factors, such ta to market factors, such ta to more or the value of our

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management

45.D.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's Trade receivables and Loans. The Company has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Company.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties/Groups (Single Borrowing Limit/Group Borrowing Limit) and for industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Company and market intelligence. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit quality review process aims to allow the Company to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

Derivative financial Instruments:

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values, as recorded on the balance sheet. With gross-settled derivatives, the Company is also exposed to a settlement risk, being the risk that the Company honours its obligation, but the counterparty fails to deliver the counter value.

Impairment Assesment:

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Company has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the loans are classified into various stages as follows:

Internal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing		
High grade	0 dpd and 1 to 30 dpd	Stage 1
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd	Stage 2
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd	Stage 3

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Expected Credit Loss (ECL) computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

1) An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes

2) Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;

3) Time value of money

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This has been achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Company considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.

Probability of Default

Probability of default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the Company. While arriving at the PD, the Company also ensures that the factors that affects the macro economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. Company calculates the 12 month PD by taking into account the past historical trends of the Loans/portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is a significant increase in credit risk / credit impaired assets. lifetime PD has been applied.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding for each loan was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management (continued)

45.D.1 Credit Risk (continued)

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Company, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Company provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor * Undrawn Credit Line

Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Company has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD

Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Company has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort- based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Company formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

Data sourcing

The Company is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Kceping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean reverting the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Company has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and using an analysis of historical data. has estimated relationship between marco-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assess have been developed based on analysing historical data over the past 5 years.

45.D.2 Risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management (continued) Credit Risk (continued)

45.D.2 Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Financial Services	State & Central Government	Agriculture	Industry	Real Estate	Service Sector	Retail Loans	Others	Total
Financial Assets						Sector	Loans		
Cash and cash equivalents	20.63	-	_	_	-				
Loans	9,549,53	-	-		-	-	-	-	20.63
Investments	16,945,88	-		_		-	-	-	9,549.53
Other financial assets	2.12	_	_	-	-	14,856.98	-	-	31,802.86
	- 2	-	-	-	-	0.09	-	-	2.21
Total Assats	26,518.16		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			14000.00	······································		
Total Assets Industry analysis - Risk concent		1. 2022		<u>_</u>	-	14,857.07	<u> </u>		41,375.23
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars		State & Central	Agriculture	Industry	Real Estate	Service	Retail		41,375.23 Total
Industry analysis - Risk concent	tration as at March 3 Financial	•	Agriculture	Industry			Retail Loans	 Others	
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars	tration as at March 3 Financial	State & Central	Agriculture		Real Estate	Service	Loans	Others	Total
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars Financial Assets	Iration as at March 3 Financial Services 10.93	State & Central Government		-	Real Estate	Service Sector -	Loans -	Others	Total 10.93
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Iration as at March 3 Financial Services 10.93 1.880.91	State & Central Government		-	Real Estate - -	Service Sector -	Loans - -		Total 10.93 1,880.91
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents Loans	Iration as at March 3 Financial Services 10.93 1.880.91 12.737.97	State & Central Government	- - -	- - -	Real Estate - - -	Service Sector - - 14,856.17	Loans -	-	Total 10.93 1,880.91 27,594.14
Industry analysis - Risk concent Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents Loans Investments	Iration as at March 3 Financial Services 10.93 1.880.91	State & Central Government		-	Real Estate - -	Service Sector -	Loans - -	-	Total 10.93 1,880.91

45.D.3 Collateral and other credit enhancements

No collateral is held against the exposure as at March 31, 2023

The tables below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset along with details on collaterals held against exposure.

Maximum exposure to credit risk

As at As at Principal type of collateral

Total Financial Assets	41,375.23	29,488.31	
Total Financial Assets			
Other financial assets	2.21	2.33	
Investments	31,802,86	27.594.14	
i) Corporate Credit	9,549.53	1,880.91	Loan is unsecured
Loans:			
Cash and cash equivalents	20.63	10.93	
Financial assets			




Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management (Continued)

45.E Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances.

Company has a Liquidity Contingency Policy in place to ensure various liquidity parameters are defined and tracked regularly. Liquidity Management Team is provided with update on expected liquidity shortfalls in Normal as well as Stress scenario.

To manage the stressed circumstances the Company has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Investments in Government Securities, Mutual Funds and Quoted Equity Shares. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 5-9% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds. Funding is raised through diversified sources including Banks, Private issue of Debt, Sub Debt etc to maintain a healthy mix.

As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of contractual maturities of financial assets and liabilities

	On Demand	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	l year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial Assets							
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	20.63	-	_				38.73
(b) Leans	-	4,549.42	114.74	2,648.27	2,237.10	-	20.63
(c) Investments	-	-	-	86.15	12,808.05	18,908.66	9,549.53
(d) Other financial assets	-	1.06	-	-	12,308.05	10,908.00	31,802.86 2.21
Total undiscounted financial assets	20.63	4,550.48	114.74	2,734.42	15,046.29	18,908.66	41,375.23
Financial Liabilities							
(a) Trade payables		16.28					
(b) Debt securities	_	4,212.89	-	2,646.00	-	-	16.28
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)		155.56	-	2,040.00	7,951.22		14,810.11
d) Subordinated Liabilities		155.56	11.12	-	10,619.53	1,000.00	11,775.09
e) Other financial liabilities	-	7.21	11.12	-	150.00	-	161.12
	-	1.21	-	-	-	-	7.21
Fotal undiscounted financial liabilities	-	4,391.94	11.12	2,646.00	18,720.75	1,000.00	26,769.81

As at March 31, 2022 - Analysis of contractual maturities of financial assets and liabilities

	On Demand	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial Assets							
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	10.93	-	-	_	_		10.9
(b) Loans	-	629.29	19.92	833.30	398,40	-	1.880.9
(c) Investments	-	4,072.32	110.43	16.65	9,586.19	13,808.55	27,594.1
d) Other financial assets	-	1.21	-	-	1.12	-	27,394.1
Total undiscounted financial assets	10.93	4,702.82	130.35	849.95	9,985.71	13,808.55	29,488.31
Financial Liabilities a) Trade payables	-	17.24	-	-	-	-	17.24
	-	17.24	-	-	-	-	17.24
b) Debt securities	·····		97.54	3.79	461.05	2;093.55	6,691.33
c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	87.57	-	-	10,683.80	-	10,771.37
d) Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	11.12	-	150.00	-	161.12
e) Other financial liabilities	-	8.85	-	-	-	-	8.85
otal undiscounted financial liabilities	-	4,149.06	108.66	3.79	11,294.85	2,093.55	17,649.91
Galact Gancial assets / (liabilities)	10.93	553.76	21.69	846.16	(1,309.14)	11,715.00	11,838.40





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management (Continued)

45.F Market Risk

Market risk is the risk which can affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments due to adverse movements in market prices of instrument due to interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads. The objective of the Company's market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters. The Company separates its exposure to market risks between trading and non-trading portfolios.

Total market risk exposure

Below table shows total market risk exposure of financial assets liabilities and financial liabilities with primary risk associated with class of respective financial assets.

	Primary market risk sensitivity	27,594.14 Price risk, interest rate risk
2022	Non traded risk	27,594.14
As at March 31, 2022	Non Carrying Traded Risk N traded risk Amount	ı
7	Carrying Amount	31,802.86 27,594.14
-	Non Carrying traded risk Amount	31,802.86
As at March 31, 2023	Traded Risk	1
Asa	Carrying Amount	31,802.86
	Particulars Financial Assets	Investments





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Risk Management

45.F Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The principal risk to which non-trading portfolios are exposed is the risk of loss from fluctuations in the future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by having preapproved limits for repricing bands.

ALCO is the monitoring body for compliance with these limits. ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. Balance Sheet Management Unit is in-charge for day to day management of interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods. The Company's policy is to monitor positions on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions are maintained within the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Company's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2023 and at March 31, 2022

Interest rate sensitivity

As at March 31, 2023	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Loans	25	23.97	-	25	(23.97)	-
Borrowings	25	(29.44)	-	25	29.44	-
As at March 31, 2022						
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Corporate debt securities	25	(10.93)	-	25	10.93	_





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

46. CORE INVESTMENT COMPANY ("CIC")

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a) Investments & loans to group companies as a proportion of Net Assets (%)	90.06%	99.98%
b) Investments in equity shares and compulsorily convertible instruments of group	60.06%	78.77%
companies as a proportion of Net Assets (%)		
c) Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) [Adjusted Net worth / Risk Weighted Assets]	33.25%	41.05%
d) Leverage Ratio (Times) [Outside liabilities / Adjusted Networth]	2.03	1.46

47. Exposure to real estate sector

	As at March 31, 2023	As a March 31, 202
a) Direct Exposures		
(i) Residential Mortgages - Lending fully secured by Mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented - of which housing loans eligible for inclusion in priority sector advances are rendered		-
(ii) Commercial Real Estate- Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estate (office buildings, retail space, multi purpose commercial premises, multi family residential buildings, multi tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non fund based (NFB) limit		-
(iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures -		
a. Residential		-
b. Commercial Real Estate		-
b) Indirect Exposures		
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).	2,934.53	2,934.53
Total exposure to Real Estate Sector	2,934.53	2,934.53

48. Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019)

Liabiliti	es Side:

Particulars	Amount Outsta	nding as at	Amount Overdue as at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1) Loans and advances availed by the CIC inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid				
a) Debentures: (other than those falling within the meaning of				
Public deposits)				
(i) Secured	4,371.31	4,716.65	-	-
(ii) Unsecured	5,748.71	1,974.68	-	-
b) Deferred Credits	-	-	-	-
c) Term Loans	-	-	-	-
d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	11,775.09	10,771.37	-	-
e) Commercial Paper	4,690.09	-	-	-
f) Other loans (Bank overdraft)	-	-	-	
g) Other loans (Subordinated liabilities)	161.12	161.12	-	





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

48. Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued)

Particulars	Amount Outsta	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 20
2) Break up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below)	-	
a) Secured	-	
b) Unsecured	9,549.53	1,880.9
3) Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assetscounting towards AFC activities		
i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:	-	-
(a) Financial Lease	-	-
(b) Operating Lease	-	-
ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors	-	
(a) Assets on hire	-	
(b) Repossessed assets	-	
iii) Other loans counting towards Asset Financing Company activities	-	
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	-	
(b) Loans other than (a) above	-	
4) Break up of Investments		
Current Investments:		
1. Quoted:		
(i) Shares:	-	
(a) Equity	_	
(b) Preference	-	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	_	
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	
(iv) Government Securities	-	
(v) Others	-	
2. Unquoted:		
(i) Shares:	-	
(a) Equity	-	
(b) Preference	-	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	
(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	
(iv) Government Securities	-	
v) Others	-	
Long term Investments:		
1. Quoted:		
i) Shares:	<u>.</u>	
(a) Equity	_	
(b) Preference	2,772.47	80.0
ii) Debentures and Bonds	2,112.47	ð0.0
iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	-
iv) Government Securities	-	-
v) Others	-	-
2. Unquoted:	- Printer	
i) Shares:		
(a) Equity (refer note 1)	28,924.24	23,222.0
(b) Preference	20.00	-
ii) Debentures and Bonds	86.15	4,292.0
iii) Units of Mutual Funds	-	-
iv) Government Securities	-	-
v) Others	-	•

Notes:

1. Unquoted equity include investment in equity, redeemable preference shares, compulsory convertible debentures and compulsory convertible preference shares





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

48. Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued)

5) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above :

Category	Атош	Amount net of provisions				
	Secured	Unsecured	Tota			
1. Related party						
a) Subsidiaries		1,672.50	1 (72 . 60			
b) Companies in the same group		7,877.03	1,672.50			
2. Other than related parties		7,877.05	7,877.03			
Total	······	9,549,53	9,549.53			

Category	Amou	nt net of provisions	
	Secured	Unsecured	Tota
1. Related party			
a) Subsidiaries			
b) Companies in the same group	-	1,880,91	-
2. Other than related parties	-	-	
Total	<u> </u>	1,880.91	1,880.91

6) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long-term)

	March	s at 31, 2023		s at 31, 2022
Category	Market Value / Breakup Value or Fair Value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	Market Value / Breakup Value or Fair Value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)
1. Related party				
a) Subsidiaries	14,856.98	14,856.98	17,790.70	17,790.70
b) Companies in the same group	12,842.72	12,842.72	9,803.44	9,803.44
2. Other than related parties	4,103.16	4,103.16		-
Total	31,802.86	31,802.86	27,594.14	27,594,14

6.1) Investment in other CICs- Total amount representing any direct or indirect capital contribution made by one CIC in another CIC is Nil

6.2) Investments and movement in provision

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As a March 31, 202
I. Value of Investments*		
) Gross Value of Investments		
a) In India	31,802.86	27,594.14
b) Outside India	-	27,094.14
i) Provisions for Depreciation		
a) In India		
b) Outside India		-
i) Net Value of Investments		
a) In India	31,802.86	0 7 - 0 () (
b) Outside India	-	27,594.14
Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
i) Opening balance		
ii) Add : Provisions made during the year	_	-
iii) Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
iv) Closing balance		-
t includes only investments (Refer Note 11C)		
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

48. Disclosure of details as required by RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39 i.e. Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated August 25, 2016 (Updated as on November 22, 2019) (continued)

7) Other information

Particulars	Amount Outs	tanding as at
	March 31, 2023	
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets		
(a) Related Parties		
(b) Other than Related Parties	-	-
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets		
(a) Related Parties		
(b) Other than Related Parties		-
(iii) Accords a main of the state of the state		
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt		-

49. Disclosure on liquidity risk

As required in terms of paragraph 3 of RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC. No. 102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies.

1. Funding concentration based on significant counterparty (borrowings)

As at March 31, 2023

Number of significant counterparties*	Amount	% of Total Deposits	% of Total
			Liabilities
9	18,731.73	NA	69.88%
Total	18,731.73	-	69.88%
			0/100/0

As at March 31, 2022

Number of significant counterparties*	Amount	% of Total Deposits	
6	12,471.90	NA	Liabilities 70.55%
Total	12,471.90		70.55%

* "Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's total liabilities.

2. Top 20 large deposits

The Company being a Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company registered with Reserve Bank of India got converted into Core Investment Company (CIC) as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI, does not accept public deposits.

3. Top 10 borrowings (amount in ₹ millions and % of total borrowings)

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Amount*	% of Total
		Borrowings**
Top 10 Investors	18,981.73	70.97%

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Amount*	% of Total
		Borrowings**
Top 10 Investors	13,033.40	73.95%
		the second se

* Represents principal amount

** Total borrowings represents debt securities + borrowings (other than debt securities) + subordinated liabilities

4. Funding concentration based on significant instrument / product

As at March 31, 2023		
Name of the instrument / product	Amount % of To	tal Liabilities
Debt securities	14,971.23	55.85%
Intra Group borrowings	11,775.09	43.93%

As at March 31, 2022

Name of the instrument / product	Amount % of T	otal Liabilities
Debt securities	6,852.45	38.76%
Intra Group borrowings	10,771.37	60.93%





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

49. Disclosure on liquidity risk (continued)

5. Stock Ratios

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Commercial papers as a % of total public funds	17.54%	0.00%
Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	17.50%	0.00%
Commercial papers as a % of total assets	11.16%	0.00%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total	0.00%	0.00%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total	0.00%	0.00%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total	0.00%	0.00%
Other short term liabilities *	-	
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total public funds**	0.00%	0.00%
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total liabilities***	0.00%	0.00%
Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total assets	0.00%	0.00%

* "Other short-term liabilities" refers to the borrowing in short term in nature.

** "Total public funds" refers to the aggregate of Debt securities, Borrowing (other than debt securities) and Subordinated liabilities.

*** "Total liabilities " refers to total external liabilities (i.e. excluding total equity).

6. Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

The Asset-Liability gap is being monitored from time to time to overcome the asset-liability mismatches, interest risk exposure, etc, if any. The Liquidity risk emanates from the possible mismatches due to differences in maturity and repayment profile of assets and liabilities. The Company ensures that the credit and investment exposure are only with the group companies and are within the statutory limits as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time. The Company will continue to get support from the Holding Company in the form of equity infusion and is necessary support to repay its dues on timely basis.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

50. Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India notification DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No. 109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020 pertaining to Asset Classification as per RBI Norms

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.

As at March 31, 2023

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Amount as per	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 B		required as per	Difference between Ind As 109 Provisions and IRACP norms E = B - D
Performing Assets Standard	Stage 1	9,587.88	38.35	9,549.53	38.35	-

As at March 31, 2022

· ·	classification as		-	Amount	required as per	Difference between Ind As 109 Provisions and IRACP norms
Performing Assets Standard	Stage 1	A 1,888.46	B 7.55	C = A - B 1,880.91	7.55	$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}$

51. Asset Liability Management -Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Liabiliti	ies	Assets	
	Market	Inter group		
	borrowings	borrowings	Advance	Investments
1 day to 30/31 days (One month)	-	155.56	162.24	-
Over One months to 2 months	2,043.16	-	2,091.60	-
Over 2 months up to 3 months	2,169.73	-	2,295.58	-
Over 3 months to 6 months	11.12	-	114.74	-
Over 6 months to 1 year	2,646.00	-	2,648.27	86.15
Over 1 year to 3 years	3,939.34	7,619.53	2,237.10	10,727.03
Over 3 years to 5 years	4,161.88	3,000.00	-	2,081.02
Over 5 years	~	1,000.00	-	18,908.66
Total	14,971.23	11,775.09	9,549.53	31,802.86

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Liabil	ities	Assets	
	Market	Inter group		
	borrowings	borrowings	Advance	Investments
1 day to 30/31 days (One month)	-	83.47	151.81	440.75
Over One months to 2 months	405.74	-	440.00	-
Over 2 months up to 3 months	3,629.66	4.10	40.00	3,631.57
Over 3 months to 6 months	108.66	~	20.00	110.43
Over 6 months to 1 year	3.79		836.65	16.65
Over 1 year to 3 years	398.36	10,683.80	400.00	9,566.39
Over 3 years to 5 years	212.69	-	-	19.80
Over 5 years	2,093.55	-	-	13,808.55
Total	6,852.45	10,771.37	1,888.46	27,594.14





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

52. Provisions and Contingencies:

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Profit and Loss Account:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
		Whiten 51, 2022	
Provisions for depreciation on investment	_	-	
Provision towards non-performing assets	-	-	
Provision made towards Income tax (shown below profit			
before tax)			
Current tax		-	
Deferred tax	208.78	(164.43)	
Current tax relating to earlier years		0.14	
Impact of change in the rate on opening deferred tax	-	- 1	
Other provision and contingencies:		E Contraction of the second	
Provision for standard assets	30.80	6.04	

53. Miscellaneous

I) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators: No registration has been obtained from other financial sector regulators.

II) Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators: No penalties have been imposed by RBI or other regulators during the year. (Previous Year: NIL)

III) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year:

Instrument category	CRISIL	ICRA	CARE	Brickworks	Acuite
i) Long Term Instruments					
Rating	AA-/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/Negative	AA-/Negative	AA-/Negative
Amount	13,670.00	6,120.00	2,000.00	2,720.00	2,000.00
ii) Short Term Instruments					
Rating	A1+	-	A1+	A1+	-
Amount	15,000.00	-	10,000.00	10,000.00	-
iii) Market link debentures - Long term					
	PP-MLD AA-	PP-MLD [ICRA]	PP-MLD		
Rating	/Negative	A+/Stable	A+/Negative		
Amount	15,424.20	1,537.60	1,458.20	-	-
iv) Market link debentures - Short term		÷			
Rating	PP-MLD A1+	_	-	-	_
Amount	5,000.00		_	_	

As at March 31, 2022

Instrument category	CRISIL	ICRA	CARE	Brickworks
i) Long Term Instruments				
Rating	AA-/Negative	A+/Negative	A+/Stable	AA-/stable
Amount	11,950.00	6,120.00	2,000.00	3,000.00
ii) Short Term Instruments				
Rating	A1+	-	-	-
Amount	15,000.00	-		-
iii) Market link debentures - Long term				
C C	PP-MLD AA-	PP-MLD [ICRA]	PP-MLD	
Rating	r/Negative	A+/Negative	A+/Stable	-
Amount	19,193.80	2,669.90	1,691.10	-
iv) Market link debentures - Short term				
Rating	PP-MLD A1+r	-	~	-
Amount	5,000.00	-	-	-





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Regulatory disclosure of Core Investment Company (CIC)

54. Other Additional Regulatory Information

54. 1 Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

The Company do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

54. 2 Loans and Advances

There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans which are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are: (a) repayable on demand or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

- 54. 3 Details of Benami Property held The Company do not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.
- 54. 4 Security of current assets against borrowings The Company has no borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

54. 5 Wilful Defaulter

- The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- 54. 6 Relationship with Struck off Companies The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- 54. 7 Registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 54.8 Undisclosed income

The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

- 54. 9 Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current financial year and any of the previous financial years.
- 54. 10 Compliance with number of layers of companies The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

- 55. The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which subsumes the Provident Fund and the Gratuity Act and rules there under. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has also released draft rules thereunder on November 13, 2020 and has invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Company will evaluate the rules, assess the impact if any, and account for the same once the rules are notified and become effective.
- 56. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants

Partner

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W 8 Shailendra Dadhich IUMBA. Membership No: 425098

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN: 07297081

Vidya Shah Director DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana

Company Secretary

Mumbai May 24, 2023



Mumbai May 24, 2023

Form AOC-I

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounst/) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade	Allium Finance Private Limited	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited
	1112	110	Limited)	1910	
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Exchange rate					
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	693.50	6,755.50	290.00	68.26	9,965.35
Reserves of the Subsidiary	7,251.18	(10,954.45)	(282.96)	1,240.08	(5,639.79)
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	37,862.20	6,759.15	34.62	1,311.34	27,019.56
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	29,917.52	10,958.11	27.58	3.00	22,694.00
Investments	2,804.02	-	-	1,071.46	19,190.01
Total Turnover	4,446.85	1,636.45	0.61	58.37	8,012.17
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	208.07	(1,167.13)	(4.62)	62.84	(1,753.08)
Provision for taxation	47.44	6.08	0.03	26.13	215.46
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	160.63	(1,173.21)	(4.64)	36.71	(1,968.54)
Proposed dividend	-	-	-	-	-
% of shareholding	95.00%	100%	100%	73.76%	100%

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN : 07297081 Vidya Shah Director DIN : 00274831 Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

May 24, 2023

Form AOC-I

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounst/) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

Part "B": Associates

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

		ECap Equities Limited
Sr No	Name of the Associate	(Formerly known as Edel
		Land Limited)
1	Latest Audited Balance sheet date	31-Mar-23
2	Share of Associate held by the Company on the	
	year end	
	Number of shares	31,758,000
	Amount of Investment in Associates (₹ in	
	millions)	8,600.0
	Extend of Holding %	52.31%
3		
	Reason why the associate is not consolidated	No Control
4	Networth attributable to Shareholding as per	5,399.16
	latest audited Balance Sheet (₹ in millions)	
5	Profit / (Loss) for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	(79.89)
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation (including	
	exceptional items)	(72.83)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN : 07297081 Vidya Shah Director DIN : 00274831

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

May 24, 2023



NOTICE OF THE 34TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 34TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AT 4.00 P.M. AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT EDELWEISS HOUSE, OFF. C.S.T. ROAD, KALINA, MUMBAI – 400 098 TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To consider and adopt:
 - a. the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon; and
 - b. the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- **2.** To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN 00274831), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offered herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. Alteration of the Articles of Association

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 5 and 14 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded for alteration of the Articles of Association of the Company by insertion of the following sub-clause (3) after the existing sub-clause (2) of Article 49:-

'(3) The Board shall appoint the person nominated by the Debenture Trustee(s) as per the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 as a Director on the Board of the Company. Such appointment shall be subject to the provisions of Debenture Trust Deed(s), the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI Regulations and all other applicable laws.'



FURTHER RESOLVED that the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as 'the Board' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee which the Board may have constituted or hereinafter constitute to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this Resolution) be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient in the interest of the Company and with power on behalf of the Company to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard without requiring the Board to secure any further consent or approval of the Members of the Company."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

> Tarun Khurana Company Secretary (Membership No. A12344)

Mumbai, September 28, 2023

Registered Office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098. CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909



NOTES:

1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. PROXIES, IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE MEETING.

A person can act as proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company. In case a proxy is proposed to be appointed by a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights, then such proxy shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

- 2. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting (AGM/Meeting) is annexed hereto.
- 3. Pursuant to the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, information in respect of the Director seeking reappointment at the AGM is given in the Annexure to the Notice.
- 4. The Meeting is convened at a shorter notice after obtaining the necessary consent of the Members as required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 6. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding and the Register of contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested will be available for inspection by the members at the AGM and at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the AGM.
- 7. Copies of the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 are being sent to the members by hand delivery. Members may also note that the Notice of 34th AGM and the Company's Annual Report for 2022-23 will be made available on the Company's website at <u>www.edelfinance.edelweissfin.com</u>. The physical copies of the documents required to be kept for inspection under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during business hours on every working day upto the date of AGM.
- 8. A Route Map along with Prominent Landmark for easy location to reach the venue of Annual General Meeting is annexed with the notice of Annual General Meeting.



ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE DATED SEPTEMBER 28, 2023

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

ITEM NO. 3:

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), has amended the SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (the NCS Regulations), requiring all the companies whose Non-convertible Debentures are listed on the stock exchanges to amend their Articles of Association such that the Debenture Trustees shall have the right to appoint a Nominee Director on its Board in the event of default (as defined in the NCS Regulations).

The Company has been raising the funds by issue of NCDs in accordance with the provisions of the NCS Regulations. The NCDs are listed at BSE Limited. Therefore, it would be necessary for the Company to alter the Articles in the manner provided in the Resolution at Item No. 3 of the Notice.

The Board of Directors recommends passing of the Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this item of business.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors EDEL FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

> Tarun Khurana Company Secretary (Membership No. A12344)

Mumbai, September 28, 2023

Registered Office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098. CIN: U65920MH1989PLC053909



Details of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2):

Particulars	Ms. Vidya Shah
Date of Birth	June 18, 1966
Age	57 years
Date of first Appointment	May 28, 2021
Experience in functional Area	Over three decades of experience in the financial services sector & strategic philanthropy
Qualifications	Post Graduate Diploma in Management from IIM, Ahmedabad.
Terms and Conditions of Appointment/Re-appointment	Appointed as a Non-executive Director, liable to retire by rotation.
Remuneration to be paid	None
Remuneration last drawn	None
No. of Board Meetings Attended during the year	5 (five)
Directorship in other Companies (Public Limited Companies)	 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Vardhman Special Steels Limited EdelGive Foundation
Name of listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	ECL Finance Limited (a High Value Debt Listed Entity as defined under the Listing Regulations)
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of other public limited companies (Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship/ Investors Grievance Committee only)	Member of Audit Committee - Vardhman Special Steels Limited
Relationship with other Directors inter-se and with Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	None
No. of shares held in the Company	None



PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

Edel Finance Company Limited

Corporate Identity No. (CIN): U65920MH1989PLC053909 Registered office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098

Folio No./ Depository A/c No.

I/We, being the member (s) of Shares of the above named company, hereby appoint:

1. Name	2. Name	3. Name
Address	Address	Address
E-mail Id	E-mail Id	E-mail Id
Signature	Signature	Signature
or failing him	or failing him	•••••

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 4.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Sr.	Resolution	For	Against
No.			
	ORDINARY BUSINESS:		
1.	To consider and adopt:-		
	a. the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon;		
	b. the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.		
2.	To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Vidya Shah (DIN: 00274831) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.		
	SPECIAL BUSINESS:		
3.	Alteration of the Articles of Association.		
Signe	d this 2023.	Affix Rever	nue Stamp

Signature of shareholder:_____

Signature of Proxy holder(s):_____

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.



Edel Finance Company Limited Corporate Identity No. (CIN): U65920MH1989PLC053909 Registered office: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098

ATTENDANCE SLIP

34th Annual General Meeting - Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 4.00 p.m.

Folio No. /Client ID No./DP Id No.	
No. of shares	

I/we certify that I/we am/are a Registered Member/Authorised Representative of Registered Member under Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 /Proxy for Registered Member of Edel Finance Company Limited.

I/we hereby record my/our presence at the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 4.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Edelweiss House, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098 and at any adjournment thereof.

*Member's/ Authorised Representative's/ Proxy's full name in block letters

Member's/Authorised Representative/ Proxy's Signature

Note: Please fill in this attendance slip and hand it over at the venue of the meeting.

* Please strike off whichever is not applicable



Route Map of the 34th Annual General Meeting of Edel Finance Company Limited

AGM Venue: Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098

Landmark - University of Mumbai, Kalina

